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The Bombay Chronicle

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THE LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

'MAC' RETIRES: DECLINES HONOURS

Mr. G. D. Birla left for England to participate in Indo-British Trade Parleys.

STEEL WORKERS GO ON STRIKE

Three Major Companies In United States Affected

NEW YORK, May 27.

A strike, affecting 80,000 workers and nearly a third of the country's steel-making operations, has been called in 34 plants of three major independent steel companies in five States, namely the Republic Steel Co., Inland Steel Company, and Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. Twenty-three thousand are already striking. Picket lines have been formed in many plants, but the Republic Steel Company, Chicago, are defying the strike order and declare that they have enough men inside the factory to continue production.

A strong force of police broke the picket line and arrested 20 strikers.—Reuter.

ERSKINE TO VISIT GANESHKHIND

Lady Marjorie To Sail For England In June

It is understood that His Excellency Lord Erskine accompanied by Lady Marjorie Erskine will leave for Ganeshkind, Poona, on June 10. After staying for a couple of days at the Ganeshkind Government House, as the guest of Lord Brabourne, His Excellency will return to Ootacamund on 14 reaching here on June 16, while Lady Marjorie Erskine will leave for England from Bombay by S. S. Rawalpindi on June 12.

Lady Erskine will sail for India from Marseilles on September 16 reaching Bombay on September 26.—A. P.

POCHKHANAWALLA LAID UP

Doctors Advise Operation For Abscess

BOMBAY, May 27..

Sir Sorabji Pochkhanawalla, Managing Director, the Central Bank of India Limited, is laid up since Monday last with a developing abscess on the back. Sir Sorabji is also having slight temperature every day, and confined to bed.

Dr. Rustam A. F. Cooper and Dr. Jal Patel who are attending on him opine that he may have to be operated upon thereby necessitating the prolongation of his confinement to bed for about a fortnight more.—United Press

LATE NEWS

"MAC" REFUSES EARLDOM.

LONDON, May 27.

According to newspapers, the honour declined by Mr. Ramsay MacDonald was an earldom.—Reuter.

Italian Invasion Of Spain

BASQUE GOVERNMENT'S CHARGE-SHEET

Sensational Documents Handed Over To League

GENEVA, MAY 27.

The existence in Spanish territory of complete units of the Italian Army, whose personnel, equipment and command are all Italian, is alleged in Spanish Government documents presented to the League.

ITALIAN OCCUPATION

It is claimed that the documents show that Italian military units have acted in sectors assigned to them as a veritable army of occupation, while the Italian Government has established its own service in Spanish territory for its military units.

INVASION OF SPAIN

It is added that all this is tantamount to an invasion of Spain by Italy and has seriously jeopardised the security of Western Europe and the general cause of peace.

The documents number a hundred and consist of over 300 pages.

No reference is made to Germany.—Reuter.

Hailstorm And Cyclone Claim Heavy Toll

ALMORA, May 27.

Twenty persons were killed and about 50 were injured, seven rather seriously, at Jageshwar, about 17 miles from here as a result of a severe hails-storm.

It is understood that a large number of people had collected at Jageshwar on the occasion of an annual fair, when a severe hails-storm raged. Some of the panic-stricken people took shelter inside a big shed. Suddenly a huge tree fell over it, killing 20 persons and injuring about 50.—United Press.

CYCLONE HAVOC IN BENGAL

Deaths From Lightning Shock

CALCUTTA, May 27.

Reports have been received of five deaths from lightning shock in the wake of severe cyclonic storm which swept over East Bengal Districts early this week.

A message from Gopalgunj says that an old man of sixty of Unashia village was sitting along with another man on the verandah of his hut, when lightning struck the hut and the old man was instantaneously burnt to death, while the other man who although received no injury died shortly after from the shock. Two other deaths occurred in the neighbouring village.

A Brahmanbaria report says that a Muslim of Choonta village was found dead on the road on Sunday last when a severe cyclone was sweeping over the village followed by lightning. Several heads of cattle also perished in the village Sarail Thana. Heavy damage to houses and trees has been caused over the entire subdivision by this cyclonic storm.—United Press.

Karachi, May 27.—Sir Ghulam Hussain is unable to attend the meeting of Finance Ministers which will be he held in Bombay.

Lady Linlithgow Reaches London

Lady Linlithgow and Lady Joan Hope and Lady Anne Hope arrived by s. s. "Victoria at 3-20 p.m. and were met on behalf of Lord Zetland by Col. Neale.

Sir Purshottamdas and Lady Th akurdas also sailed for Europe on Thursday.

Macdonald Precedes Baldwin

King Receives Him In Audience For Last Time As Minister

LONDON, May 27.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald drove to Buckingham Palace to tender his resignation to the King. It was the retirement of a great national figure, but the crowds watching the changing of the guard failed to recognise Mr. MacDonald looking rather sad as he passed through the palace gates in a closed car.

Mr. MacDonald was received in audience in the King's private apartments for the last time as a Cabinet Minister.—Reuter.

"MAC" DECLINES HEREDITARY HONOUR

LONDON May 27.

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald's visit to the King was in the nature of a farewell audience and he did not hand over the Seal of Office as Lord President of the Council.

It is understood Mr. Macdonald in view of his services to the State, was pressed to accept a high hereditary honour, but he asked permission to be allowed to decline and the King reluctantly agreed.—Reuter.

BALDWIN'S PARTING GIFT TO M.P's.

LONDON, May 27.

In the House of Commons Mr. Baldwin received loud cheers from all parts of the House when he rose to announce that the Government had decided to propose that the salaries of members be increased from £400 to £600 a year. —Reuter.

AFGHAN DAY IN LONDON

LONDON, May 27.

To celebrate the nineteenth anniversary of the Independence of Afghanistan the Afghan Minister in London gave a reception at the legation. A large company was present including Sir Abdul and Lady Qadir, the Prince and Princess of Berar, Sir Akbar and Lady Hydari, Sir Francis and Lady Humphrys, Sir Firoz Khan and Lady Noon the Nawab and Nawabzada of Palanpur.

"Habeas Corpus" Move For Kottapattam Prisoners

PETITION IN HIGH COURT

Legality Of Madras Ministry Challenged

MADRAS, May 27.

A petition questioning the validity of the formation of the Interim Ministry and the Government order declaring the Summer School of Politics and Economics, Kottapattam, as unlawful, was moved today before Mr. Justice King on behalf of Mr. S. Venka Subbaya for issue of a writ of "Habeas Corpus" against the Superintendent of Sub-Jails of Tenali and other places

"ULTRA VIRES" AND ILLEGAL

The petitioners contended that the Government notification declaring the Summer School of Politics and Economics as an unlawful assembly under the Criminal Law Amendment Act was 'ultra vires' and illegal.

They further contended that the school was not an association in respect of which an order under Sec. 16 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act could have been legally passed.

Proceeding they pointed out that none of the Ministers belonged to the Congress Party, which was the only Party commanding an absolute majority in the Legislative Assembly.

MINISTRY ILLEGAL

According to the Government of India Act, 1935, and the Instrument of Instructions issued thereunder, the formation of such an Interim Ministry was 'ultra vires' and illegal and there was in the eye of law no Council Ministers functioning in the province in accordance with the statutory provisions.

The Government notification in question was presumably issued on the advice of the said Council of Ministers and was accordingly illegal and invalid.

The petition concluded that the detention of the petitioners in custody should be declared illegal and that they should be released by issue of a writ.

His Lordship directed that the petition be heard on June 1.—United Press.

Sir Nowroji Saklatwala left for England on Thursday.

PIROW LETS IT OUT

Asiatic Bills Aim At Extermination Of Indians

BOTHAVILLE (Orange Freestate) May 27.

Mr. Pirow, Minister for Defence and Railways, dealing with the two commissions the Government are appointing to investigate the possession of land by Asiatics and mixed marriages said that it was a bigger and more difficult question than most people realised. The so-called Asiatic question was actually Indian question, which would confront South Africa with as great a problem in the future, as the native question had been in the past. It was a question that had to be tackled determinedly, but gradually and after thorough investigation.

The solution could not be precipitated, any more than a solution to the native question could be hurried through. It was greater and deeper than appeared superficially. A thorough investigation would be instituted before action was taken, and after investigation the Government would act radically and determinedly.—Reuter.

GANGS ABROAD FOR MISCHIEF

Frontier Situation Report From South Waziristan

SIMLA, May 27.

Heavy rain fell in the Sham and Razmak areas on May 25 and May 26. There was some sniping near Razmak on the night of 25-26th. Yesterday the train from Lakki to Marwat arrived at Manzai without incident. There is nothing to report from South Waziristan but gangs are abroad for mischief.

The following casualties resulted from the sniping on May 25:—WOUNDED: First Battalion South Wales Borderers: Private W. Bishop and Private C. Riley.—A P.

WANTED SIMPLER MONARCHY

Labour Opposes Civil List Bill

LONDON, May 27.

In the House of Commons, on the motion for the second reading of the Civil List Bill, Mr. Greenwood, on behalf of the Labour Party moved the rejection of the Bill, on the grounds that "this House cannot assent to a Civil List Bill, which merely accepts the continued traditional conceptions of State and ceremonial, instead of recognising that greater simplicity in the daily life of the court is essential in the modern democratic constitution of the British Commonwealth."

Mr. Greenwood said the Labour Party was not concerned with the question of republicanism or monarchy or the matter of economy, but was appealing for a simpler form of [illegible] country.—Reuter

Baldwin's Implicit Faith In Empire

Sir Zafrulla And Dominion Prime Ministers Pay Tribute To Retiring Premier

LONDON, May 27

At the eighth meeting of the principal delegates to the Imperial conference presided over by Mr. Baldwin at No. 10 Downing Street to-day, representatives of Southern Rhodesia and Burma were added to the Committee on war materials and foodstuffs established on May 24.

EMPIRE TRADE POLICY

The meeting proceeded with a general review of the progrese of Empire trade, Mr. Runciman opening the discussion with a very comprehensive statement, which covered a wide field both in time and space. He traced the progress of Empire trade since the Ottawa Agreement and gave an account of the various activities, and international Trade Policy of the United Kingdom Government.

The discussion was continued by the Canadian Finance Minister, Mr. Dunning, Mr. Lyons, the New Zealand representative Mr. Nash, and Mr. Havenga and Sir Zafrullah Khan.

The general question will now be left temporarily but the discussions are proceeding outside the Conference regarding the revision of the Ottawa Pact.

TRIBUTE TO MR. BALDWIN

At the conclusion of the meeting the Dominions Prime Ministers and Sir Zafrullah Khan expressed great regret that this was the last occasion on which Mr. Baldwin would preside over the Imperial Conference. References were made to the great part he played at the 1923 and 1926 Conference. Sir Zafrullah Khan conveyed the good wishes of all the delegations for the future. Mr. Baldwin was asked in course to [illegible]

Mrs. Baldwin a special tribute and message of thanks for her great Contribution to the social side of the imperial conference.

HIS IMPLICIT FAITH.

Mr. Baldwin returned the thanks for the kindly sentiments and wishes and expressed implicit faith in the future of the Empire and confidence in the success of the present Conference.

The Prime Ministers of Dominions and Sir Zafrullah Khan also sympathetically referred to the approaching retirement of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald and the great services h rendered to the 1930 Conference.

The next meeting of the principal delegates will be held on May 30 when economic problems of Colonies and Mandates will be discussed. It is expected that Mr. Tden will continue [illegible] on foreign affairs on Tuesday.—Reuter.

MORRISON'S SCHEME FOR AGRICULTURE

LONDON, May 27.

Mr. W. S. Morrison outlined in the House of Commons the proposals which "by increasing the productivity of British agriculture will be able not only to meet the situation in the event of a war, but will be a substantial and towards raising the efficiency, lowering costs and establishing the industry on a sounder economic foundation in peace-time." It was estimated the whole scheme would cost about three and a half millions sterling annually. The Government hoped shortly to introduce proposals for milk and [illegible]

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No. (——) The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a young, honest, hard-working Hindu as an attendant to look after an old man. Apply Box No. 8421, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Smart and Decent Canvassers on liberal terms, pay and commission, to work in Bombay and outside Bombay. Apply with testimonials and recent photo to Box No. 8416, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted energetic Canvassers to sell Silk, Sarees, Shirtings and Suitings cloths and Hosiery for a firm of 22 years' standing. Pay Rs. 150 with extra bonus. Apply sharp to the Gupta Hosiery Mills, registered, Ludhiana. (8389)

Wanted two Lady Teachers and one Gujarati Teacher, Matriculates at least, experienced preferred. Apply Principal, Pioneer Public School, Dadar, naming salary. (8412)

Wanted for a Mill in the Punjab one Erector Fitter, able to overhaul spinning machinery from Blow Room to Ring Frames. Pay Rs. 150 and one Card Fitter able to dismantle, overhaul and re-erect cards. Pay Rs. 75. Free quarters, electricity and water. Only first class men need apply with testimonials to Box No. 5543, "Bombay Chronicle."

47. CASUAL WORK

Part-time Correspondence work in English, either regularly or piecemeal, for firms or individuals, undertaken by an experienced businessman on very reasonable terms. Write Box No. 8404, "Bombay Chronicle."

74. TO LET (UPCOUNTRY)

Poona Season: Bungalows To Let and for Sale. Apply: Jaffer Jussuff, East Street, Poona. Telephone 687. (8391)

157. DIPLOMA TEACHERS

Wanted for the Muslim Girls' College, Aligarh, from 15th October, 1937, Lady M.A.'s in English, History, Economics & Persian. First-Class M.A. candidates will be given preference with hopes of higher salaries. Probation one year. After confirmation extension for any further term. Salary to be settled by correspondence. Application with testimonials to be submitted to the undersigned. S. Abdullah, Hon. Secry. Muslim Girls' College, Aligarh. (5544)

211. HOMOEOPATHY

The Bombay Homoeopathic Medical College. (Estd. 1919.) Imparts sound instruction in the homoeopathic system of healing in particular and in the auxiliary branches of medical science in general. Full course consists of 4 years. New term begins on 10th June. Applications for admission from matriculates will be entertained. For full particulars apply to the Registrar, Chowna House, Sleater Road, Bombay, 7. (8330)

378. DISTRIBUTORS

Wanted reliable, financial firm, to work as distributors in Punjab, Sindh, Bombay and Calcutta presidencies including native States, for well-known Kupper German Beer on decent terms. For particulars, communicate direct to Sole Agents, B. N. Sehgal and Bros., 24, McLeod Road, Lahore. (8409)

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

For Sale. Newly-built one storied Bungalow, Santa Cruz East, close to Railway Station for Rs. 18,000. Apply Mrs. C. Rogers, 2nd Hasanabad Lane, Santa Cruz. (8400)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE CENTRAL PROVINCES RAILWAYS, CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND for the half year ended 31st March 1937 at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum less Income-tax has been made payable at the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Bombay, on and after the 10th June, 1937, to those shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register on the 22nd May 1937 to whom Dividend Warrants will be posted.

By Order of the Board.
KILLICK NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Home Street, Fort,
Bombay, 26th May, 1937.

(5541).

NOTICE.

H.H. THE MAHARANI CHIMNABAI SAHEB GAEKWAD SCHOLARSHIP TRUST FUND.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of the General Hindu Public that the Trustees of the above fund propose to give about 60 scholarships for the year 1937-38 to deserving Hindu Girls, who are studying in High Schools, Arts, Science and Medical Colleges of the Baroda State or in Bombay Presidency (excepting Sind and other Indian States).

The applicants will be required to submit certificates regarding studies, character, attendance, progress and financial condition of parents, etc.

Applications must be in prescribed form, which can be obtained from the Hon. Secretary and must be sent duly filled in by 10th July 1937 addressed to the Hon. Secretary.

Dr. B. C. LELE,
Hon. Secretary,
Trust Fund.

Date 25-5-1937.
Kothi Building, Baroda.

P.S.:—Girls studying in vernacular or anglo-vernacular standards should not apply as no scholarships are awarded to them. (5540)

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our clients have contracted to purchase from Mr. IBRAHIM NAVROJALLY and MARIAMBAI, wife of Hasanally Navrojally the undermentioned property. All persons having any claims against the said property by way of mortgage, sale, inheritance, gift, lease, lien, charge, use, trust or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of leasehold land, situate at Colaba Causeway on the Apollo Reclamation Estate of the Trustees for the Port of Bombay in the Island and Registration Sub. District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1078 square yards and one ninth of another square yards or thereabouts together with the messuages hereditaments and tenements standing thereon and known as "Salim Court" Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Cadastral Survey No. 13/385 (Colaba Division) and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 556(5A) Street No. 5e Colaba Causeway and bounded, on or towards the North by land belonging to the said Trustees and lease to Soonabai Jantally, on or towards the South by land belonging to the said Trustees leased to Hasanally Navrojally, on or towards the East by land belonging to the said Trustees partly leased to Eduljl Bhikhaji Nara and partly leased to Shirin Minocher Dadachanji and another

Dated this 27th day of May 1937.

MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH HIRALAL & CO.,
Purchasers Attorneys.
(5542)

Public Notices.

S.S. "VICTORIA MARU"

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 27th May, 1937, from Japan 'via' ports 'en route' and requested to present Bills of Lading for countersignature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

N. MATSURA.
Manager,
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

Auction Sales.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

BONAFIDE SALE on SUNDAY, the 30th May, 1937, at 10-30 in the morning at 1st Floor, "The Cliff", Carmichael Road, off Pedder Road, where the property of European and Parsi Gentlemen has been removed for the convenience of the sale, comprising valuable and artistic drawing, dining, bed room and household furniture, book cases with books on various subjects, oil paintings, Porcelain Figures, Old China English glassware, Crockery and similar other household articles.

Property on view. Catalogues may be obtained from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 436 BALES COTTON SANKHEDA BAHADARPUR FARM: (BROACH): KAPUDVANJ FARM: WESTERN KAMBODIA (KURNOOL): CENTRAL INDIA (MALPURA, ETC.)

Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by public auction on Wednesday, the 2nd June 1937, at 2-15 p.m. (S.T.) at the Cotton Depot, Sewree, near the Cotton Exchange room by order of the Insurance Office concerned the above mentioned cotton slightly damaged by fire and or water and salved from the fire that occurred on the 21st May, 1937, to cotton of Messrs. Kilachand Devchand & Co.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

MENESSE & CO.

THE EMPIRE

Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 10 P.M.

TO DAY

SPECIAL FILM TAKEN IN FULL COLOUR OF

CORONATION

WILL BE SHOWN IN EVERY SHOW

Along with M.-G.-M.'s Screen Triumph

NEXT SATURDAY:
BASIL RATHBONE
ANN HARDING
in
A THRILLER that DARES TO BE DIFFERENT!

"LOVE FROM A STRANGER"

YOU WILL HOLD YOUR BREATH! YOUR HAIR WILL STAND UP!!
.....AND.....BUT.....
DON'T MISS IT!
Plans Open.. :::::::: 'Phone 20286.

HARIJANS RESORT TO FAST

To Protest Against Withdrawal Of Grant

CHIDAMBARAM, May 26.

In order to demonstrate their protest against the recent decision of the District Board of South Arcot to stop the grant to the Harijan Hostel attached to the Nandanar Kalvi Kazhagam (School), the Adi-Dravidas (Harijans) in Chidambaram and Vriddachalam talukas have resolved to observe fast in the first week of June.—United Press

CONVICTED FOR DOPE SMUGGLING

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, May 27.

On a charge possessing 400 tolas of dope five members of the crew of a British vessel march convicted and sentenced by the City Magistrate to pay an aggregate fine of Rs. 405.

According to the prosecution the accused smuggled dope from Karachi harbour and concealed it in boxes. They were taking it to some other port to the west.

The accused pleaded guilty. The fine was paid and they were enlarged

Mahakosal Political Conference

JUBBULPORE, (By Mail)

Arrangements are afoot for holding an important session of the Mahakoshal Provincial Political Conference at Piparia on June 10, under the auspices of the Hoshangabad District Congress Committee. The names of Seth Govind Das, M.L.A., and Mr. Durga Shanker Mehta, M.L.A., are suggested for the presidentship of the Conference.

Lala Arjun Singh, M.L.A., and Mr. Shambhu Dayal Mishra have been elected as Chairman and Secretary of the Reception Committee respectively.—United Press.

TWO PRIVATES WOUNDED.

SIMLA, May 27.

During the sniping at the Ghariom camp on May 25 privates W. Bishop and C. Riley, first South Wales Borderers, were wounded.

Heavy rain fell in Sham and Razmak areas on the 25th and 26th.—A. P.

SUGAR FORECAST

SIMLA, (By Mail)

The second forecast on the production of sugar in modern factories in India during the season 1936-37 places, the total production at 1,072, 500 tons as against the previous estimates of 1,031,300 tons or an increase of 4 per cent. over the previous estimates.

It is, however, felt that this estimate of the production of sugar requires revision due to the operation of some factors.

The present forecast deals with 146 cane factories out of a total of 150 factories in India. The four factories excluded from the present forecast include one in Bengal which has never worked and one in the Punjab having a similiar capacity, which has not worked for the last two years. The third one is a 200 tons factory in the United Provinces which also did not work last year. The fourth is a small experimental factory for training students with a nominal and uncertain output.—United Press.

FIVE YEAR PLAN IN SOUTH INDIA

Resolution Before Harijan Sevak Sangh

TRIVANDRUM, (By Mail).

A resolution for a campaign for organising and focussing of public opinion in Cochin with a view to induce the Cochin Government to throw open temples in Cochin to Harijans will be moved at the forthcoming meeting of the Central Executive Committee of the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh at Delhi on 28th and 29th May.

This resolution has been sponsored by the Provincial Secretary of the Kerala Harijan Sevak Sangh, Mr. G. Ramachandran.

FIVE-YEAR PLAN

Mr. Ramachandran will also place before the Committee a Five-Year Plan of Harijan work. The Plan has as its object the creation in two years of 30 wholly self-dependent centres of Harijan work in South India. He has also sent up a scheme for rural reconstruction work for Kerala, which is expected to be started immediately on his return. The place chosen for the rural reconstruction scheme is the Kuravar Colony at Warkala.—A.P.

THE CROWNING ACHIEVEMENT OF THE INDIAN SCREEN

Enthroned on their hearts by Cine-Fans.

2nd GLORIOUS WEEK

SANGEET MOVIETONE'S Marvellous Social Musical

JOURNEY'S END

or

JEEWAN SWAPNA

Music by that inimitable Queen Songstress BAI JADDANBAI

with
MORE NEW DANCES
MORE NEW SONGS
MORE NEW THINGS
TO MAKE YOU ENJOY & LAUGH.

Starring
That much awaited Beauty Queen,
MISS MEHTAB
A. HUSSAIN,
MARUTIRAO
SHANTI DEVI

GOING STRONGER AND STRONGER DAY BY DAY.

at the

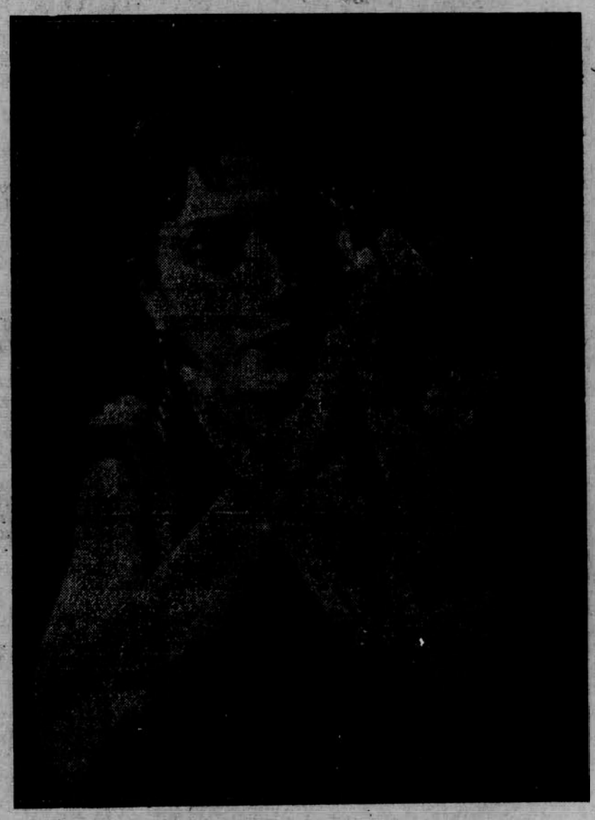
IMPERIAL CINEMA.

(Lamington Road).

Daily at 5-30, 8 & 10-30 p.m.

On Sat., Sun. & Holidays Matinee at 3 p.m.

"TO-MORROW" (Sat. 29th May)



Bombay Shall See a Great Picture with a Greater Star

it's

INSAF

Daryani Productions'

Greatest Screen Success with

Leela Chitnis

Who thrilled you with her role of Chhaya in the 'Huns' Picture of the same name

She is ably Supported by:

Yusuf Effendi Indu

and those "rascals" who will break your ribs with their silly antics

OMKAR & GOPE

INSAF

a charming avenger risks the life of the king to have her Vengeance did she succeed?

Directed by J. P. ADVANI.

Better see it Yourself

From To-morrow

At

WEST-END TALKIES

Booking with GVALANI BROS., Parekh Street, Bombay 4.

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FROM "OUTSIZE" TO NORMAL FIGURE

Clothes, Shoes And Ring Now Too Big For Her

TOOK OFF 35 LB. WITH KRUSCHEN

She had to wear "outsize" clothes, and pay more for the "privilege"! Her ring was tight. So were her shoes. But, when Kruschen took off 35 lb.—oh, what a difference! But let the lady tell her own story:—

"As you will see from the enclosed weight card, I have lost two-and-a-half stone since taking Kruschen. I had to spend nearly all my spare time altering my dresses to keep pace with the reductions. 'Outsize' dresses are no longer necessary, which is a blessing, for most shops charge extra for 'outsize'. Before taking Kruschen, my hips were 46 inches, now they are 38, and the 'slimming' is general. I have to put two pairs of socks in all my shoes, and my ring has to be worn on the middle finger, instead of being a tight fit for the third finger."—(Miss) A.E.P.

The formula of Kruschen Salts represents the ingredient salts of the mineral waters of those European Spas which have been used by generations of over-stout people to reduce weight.

Gently, but surely, Kruschen Salts rids the system of all fat-forming food refuse, encumbering poisons and harmful acids. Accumulated fat soon begins to disappear, and while you are regaining your former youthful figure, Kruschen builds up in you new health and bounding energy.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

Your Sleeping Beauty

Let's begin with faces first. Your complexion is drab, wrinkled, blemished? Defies all attempts to beautify it with cosmetics? Then get rid of it. Beneath this unlovely outer skin lies a fresh, youthful complexion waiting to be revealed. What can you do about it? Just get an ounce or two of Mercolized Wax from your chemist and apply this wax nightly instead of your usual creams. While you sleep this oxygenated wax gently and imperceptibly absorbs the discoloured, unbeautiful outer tissue, revealing in its place a fresh, youthful skin. A brief ten-day treatment will suffice to convince you that this is the beauty treatment you have been waiting for, it awakes that sleeping beauty.

Mercolized Wax contains no animal fat.

AVOID HAIR-DYE

By this oil, white hair growing black, if fails to remain so for ever, guarantee of returning double price. Truth has been proved by certificates. For some white hair Rs. 5, for more than half Rs. 9.

BAL KALA STORES,
P. O. Kansisimri (Darbhanga).

BE TALLER!
THE ONLY MOST POPULAR & NATURAL BENEFICIAL DISEASE COURSE IN THE WORLD.
THE METHOD & EXERCISES ARE SIMPLE & PLEASANT. JUST 20 MINUTES A DAY... & YOU FIND YOURSELF TALLER. TRY FOR A FORTNIGHT. IT IS A MARVELLOUS TONIC.
PRICE Rs 5/- PER COPY.
THE SLOAN COLLEGE

Mother! Don't hesitate. A gentle and dependable liquid laxative is necessary.

Give a teaspoonful of 'California Syrup of Figs' which is so delicious that children ask for it. Banish the unpleasant laxatives that so often cause a scene.

Children play so long and hard and put such a tax upon their energy that a properly regulated system and healthily active bowels are vital to their well being.

To keep the system unfailingly regular, Doctors and Nurses advise weekly doses of 'California Syrup of Figs' for children of all ages.

The children will remind you on Saturday night.

'California Syrup of Figs' is sold by all chemists and bazars. Be sure to emphasize the word 'California' when buying, and no mistake will be made.

California Syrup of Figs
NATURE'S OWN LAXATIVE

Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy (centre) sailed to Vienna by Thursday's Italian Boat. He will represent the Calcutta University at the Biological Conference Moscow.

United Front Against Congress

OOTACAMUND, May 25.

Yesterday's discussions at Shoreham Palace, Raja of Bobbili's residence in Ootacamund, are reported to have yielded no definite results except to bring to the fore the difficulties inherent in the ambitious move of the Maharaja of Pithapuram to form a new party on a nationwide scale, in opposition to the Congress. Some seem to have suggested that it was a fruitless endeavour to form an all-India party and it would be rather worthwhile to concentrate their efforts in the provincial sphere where alone they could hope to have any chance. The draft manifesto with which the Maharaja came ready through the kind offices of Sir Hari Singh Gour appeared to have failed to evoke much enthusiasm. One or two discovered in it a Fascist background hardly acceptable to the Justice Party with a democratic outlook. In the result time was taken to subject the manifesto to closer examination.

But there was some amount of agreement, it is understood, on the need for the Justice Party and Peoples' Party pooling their resources together and making common cause in organising their strength to work the constitution. How was this to be achieved by formation of a new party without Justice or Peoples' Party sacrificing their identities was a problem which they decided to think over at the meetings of their respective executive committee. I am told that the Maharaja of Pithapuram has already sent for the members of the executive committee of his party for consultation in Coonoor.

Those present at yesterday's meeting which is stated to have lasted for two hours were, besides the leaders of two parties. Kumararaja Muthiah Chettiar of Chettinad, Yuvaraja of Pithapuram, Kumararaja of Venkatagiri, Messrs. C. V. Krishnayya Chaudhari and Banoji Rao. Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetti and Mr. A. T. Pannirselvam were unavoidably absent.

DIVINE TRINITY

Installation At Baroda

(From A Correspondent.)

BARODA, (By Mail).

The hallowed memories of Shri Kubereshwar Maharaj, a great Yogi and Guru of late Shrimant Radhabai Saheb, aunt of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar, who lived some fifty years ago, were reviewed, when the Idol of the Divine Trinity—Brahma, Vishnu and Mahesh,—"Ued Shri Dattatraya, was ceremoniously re-installed with full Vedic rites and chanting of sacred mantras, by devout Brahmins, in the newly constructed, lovely temple within the "Kirti Mandir" premises, on May 20.

Motor Manufacturers And Importers' Association

The Motor Manufacturers and Importers' Association held its annual general meeting in Bombay on May 19 at which Mr. Noormahomed A. M. Chinoy presided. In the course of the report for 1936-1937, unanimously adopted, the Chairman who is re-elected for the fifth time states:—

The year under review has been a prosperous one and I think I may say that we have definitely said good-bye to that demon depression and that an era of prosperity has dawned. The Automobile Trade, in spite of the many and serious handicaps under which it has been labouring in recent years, has got into its stride again, and let us hope that with a better appreciation on the part of the powers that be of the importance of developing road transport in India, we will continue to forge ahead.

RAILWAY FACILITIES

In response to the representations made by the Association both directly and through the Closer Contact Committee, I am glad to report that the G.I.P. Railway have reduced freight rates on Motor Cars despatched by passenger trains from Bombay to certain Stations on their system. The suggestions made by our Association for improvement in regard to the securing of Motor Cars in closed wagons have been approved by the Railway and steps are being taken by them to provide new types of wagons suitably designed for this purpose. While the B.B. and C.I. Railway have modified the conditions relating to packing of uncrated Motor Cars despatched by goods trains, the G.I.P. Railway have not yet done so, but I hope they too will soon decide to fall in line.

MONSOON ACTIVE IN BAY

Widespread Thunderstorms In Burma

POONA, May 27.

The monsoon is strong in South-East Arabian sea and active in the Bay of Bengal. Thunderstorms have been widespread in Burma and North-East India and occurred locally in central parts of the country Hyderabad, Mysore and Malabar and at a few stations in the United Provinces, South-East Madras and North Madras Coast. Under the influence of western disturbance, dust or thunderstorms have been widespread along the North-West Frontier and in Kashmir and local in the Punjab.

FORECAST.—Tunderstorms will continue widespread in Burma, and North-East India and occur locally in West United Provinces, central parts of the country and Peninsula and at a few stations in East United Provinces. Local dust or thunderstorms will also occur along the North-West Frontier in the Punjab, Kashmir and Rajputana.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 27-5-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —028 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 84.4 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.1 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 91.5 degrees 0.5 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 81.3 degrees 0.9 (above normal.)

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 70 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NNW.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 6 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 139 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 17 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10), 2.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 27-5-37.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (6-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 86.7 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.99 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.77 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Future Of Congress In Separated Burma

RANGOON: May 25.

One of the problems that engaged the attention and consideration of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Indian National Congress, during his recent tours in Burma, was the future of the Indian National Congress in separated Burma and the position of the local committee and its relations with the central organisations in India.

Several discussions took place between Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and the local Congress members and on his advice a committee has been formed to consider this question in all its details with instruction to submit their recommendations to the Congress President when he passes through Rangoon on his way from Malaya to India. Mr. B. K. Dadachanji, the Vice-President of the local committee, and two others will constitute the committee with powers to co-opt.

It is learnt U Kyew Myint, ex-M.L.A., who had been the constant companion and Burmese Secretary to Panditji in his tour, has been co-opted as a member of the Committee.

So far as could be gathered, in the opinion of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the position of Indians in Burma although separated from India and their interrelations are quite different from those in Malaya or South Africa and as such the Congress Committee in Burma in future cannot claim the oversea status like those in South Africa and other places.

The Congress in Burma, Panditji thinks, should remain directly under the control and supervision of the A. I. C. C. as at present but the working programme should, if necessary, be modified and adjustified to suit the local and provincial conditions.

The newly-formed committee is expected to finish their report by the 1st of June.—United Press.

Hindustan Electric Accumulators Mfg. Co.

Mr. K. R. P. Shroff, the Chairman of the Hindustan Electric Accumulators Manufacturing Co., presenting the annual report of the Company to the Shareholders, said:—

As you are well aware the whole issue of the shares of the Company was under-written and the amounts called upon both preference and ordinary shares have been paid to and received by the Company. Allotments of shares were made in the 1st week of October, 1936.

The erection of the Factory at Bangalore was taken on hand immediately. The machinery and raw materials lying in the Bombay godown were railed to Bangalore along with new additional imported machinery and by the end of February the Bangalore factory actually commenced operating.

It is very encouraging to note that the Company has so far been able to sell goods to the extent of Rs. 31,755-10-6.

The Company has within these few months established very healthy relations with several respectable and long-standing Automobile Firms in India which include European firms of repute.

This is an era of industrial revolution in India and as the first well-equipped accumulator factory of its type, there is no reason why it should not prove a success.

BLUE GILLETTE BLADE MADE IN ENGLAND
BLUE Gillette BLADE
MORE SHAVES PER BLADE
If you want to save money on shaving, make this simple test. Put a Blue Gillette in your razor. Count up carefully the number of perfect shaves it gives you. Then work out the cost per shave. You will find that the edge, which Gillette's double-tempering process provides, lasts longer and is keener than any you have used before.
12 ANNAS FOR 5
BLUE GILLETTE

BETTER BUY
CAPSTAN
they're blended better

TWENTY CASKS of various growths of Virginia tobacco, each one right up to standard, are blended together for this cigarette. And from one year's end to another this standard never varies..... so your better-blended Capstan is always the same satisfying smoke.

WILLS'S
CAPSTAN
MAGNUMS

3
annas per
packet of 10

IMPORTED FROM LONDON

HAIG SHIRKS ISSUE

Pant Sees In Governor's Speech No Improvement In Situation

NAINI TAL, May 27.

Interviewed by the "United Press" in connection with the statement of His Excellency the Governor, United Provinces, on the constitutional issue contained in his reply to the deputation of Naini Tal citizens, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant said:—

"I have little to add to my last statement, as there is nothing new in His Excellency's speech, which was not already covered by Lord Zetland's and Mr. Butler's utterances. He has not thrown any light on the outstanding issue, although as I am credibly informed, a request was directly made to His Excellency by one of the members of the deputation, to state the difficulties that stood in the way of his accepting the Congress proposal as regards the dismissal of the Ministers by the Governor.

STUDIED SILENCE

"The official spokesmen have maintained a studied silence over the matter, which above all really matters now. I do not think any useful purpose will be served by my commenting at length on His Excellency's latest pronouncement.

"The position has been clearly defined by the Congress Working Committee at its last sitting at Allahabad, and the resolutions passed by the Working Committee must undoubtedly have come to the notice of His Excellency". —United Press.

SUPPORT TO LIVING WAGE

Municipal Workers Protest Against Pali System

A largely attended meeting of the Municipal Workers was held under the auspices of the Municipal Workers' Union on Wednesday, at the Foras Road Gardens. Mrs. Maniben Mulji was in the chair.

Mr. R. S. Nimbkar at the outset talked to the Mill workers who were present in the meeting and explained to them all about the forthcoming Textile Conference. He then placed a resolution supporting the demand of the Union for Rs. 30 as the Minimum Living Wage for every Municipal employee.

The resolution was passed unanimously.

Mr. Nimbkar then referred to the Departmental Inquiry that was held during the past two weeks by the Municipal Commissioner on recommendations from the Union and greatly appreciated the courage and stand taken by the workers in giving evidence. Then he explained the evils of Contract and Pali system, prevailing in the various Departments of the Municipality and now introduced newly in the Municipal Workshop. A resolution condemning the action of the authorities for not supplying the Workshop with work and giving contract of the work, which can be done in the Workshop, and thus throwing the workers away and out of employment, by sending them on Pali, was unanimously passed.

Mrs. Mulji emphasised the necessity of strengthening the Union as that was the only way to get their grievances redressed.

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA

Air Services of India, Ltd., propose to carry out initial prospecting flights starting from Monday, the 31st inst.

The Aircraft, Airspeed, "Courier," piloted by Flt.—Lt. Duncanson, who has just arrived in Bombay for this purpose, will leave Bombay, (Juhu Aerodrome) at 7 o'clock in the morning and it is expected to reach Bhavnagar at 8-35 a.m. The flying time of one hour 35 minutes to the destination, compared with the time which would be taken by any other foreign transport, shows what considerable advantage the Kathiawar States will gain when the daily Air Services will be established.

Before starting a regular Feeder Service from Bhavnagar, the same 'plane will be used for the present to fly to Rajkot, Jamnagar and Porbundar, reaching the last named place at 11 a.m.

RETURN JOURNEY

The 'plane will leave Porbundar at 3 p.m., reach Bhavnagar at 5 p.m., and leave Bhavnagar at 5-30 p.m. and reach Bombay at 7 p.m.

Similar flights will take place on all Mondays and Thursdays during the course of fortnight.

Fares will be at Rs. 30 per passenger for Bhavnagar and Rs. 40 to any distance in Kathiawa and the same for the return.

Cheap return tickets will only be issued when regular services are inaugurated after the Monsoon. Fares for these prospecting flights wil be Rs. 30.

The Air Services are expecting a very big rush.

Boat Bridge Dislocated

MORADABAD, May 27.

The boat bridge at Raoli over the Ganges, 9 miles from Bijnor on the Muzaffarnagar Road, has been dislocated since May 20 owing to a strong gale.

Usual ferry arrangements have been made and owing to the continued rise of the river, the bridge is not expected to be erected again till after the rains.—A. P.

Rs. 1,500 STOLEN FROM BANK COUNTER

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Big sensation was caused in the Bank of India at about 2-30 p. m. when a Constituent who had gone to deposit Rs. 1,500 cash in his Savings Bank account complained that he had been robbed of the amount.

The complainant is Mr. Tricumdas Gopaldas nephew of Mr. Sunderdas Moraji.

He said that he had taken out Rs. 1,500 from his wallet placed on the counter and was filling in a form when some one removed the amount.

The Esplanade police were informed and enquiries are in progress.

BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE SOCIETY

The directors' report of the Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society, Limited for the year ending 31st December 1936, states:—

During the year under review 15,953 proposals for assurance of Rs. 2,51,35,500 were received; of which 13,979 resulted into policies assuring a sum of Rs. 2,01,45,500 with a new premium income of Rs. 10,87,847. The total risk on the Society's record on the lives of members including bonus additions amounts to Rs. 7,03,12,380-8-0 at the end of the year out of which risk to the extent of Rs. 15,31,678-8-0 is reinsured.

The total premium income during the year amounted to Rs. 36,54,116-8-0 as against Rs. 28,68,927-10-8 at the end of the previous year.

The total Life Fund at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 75,99,014-1-11 as against Rs. 55,93,980-4-2 at the end of 1935.

The total investments of the Society up to 31st December 1936 amount to Rs. 79,64,581-5-7. The total income from these investments during the year under review amounted to Rs. 4,01,994-12-4.

Claims by maturity amounted to Rs. 76,278-9-8 and by death and permanent disability to Rs. 4,78,492-13-0. Out of the total outstanding claims shown in the Balance Sheet, claims amounting to Rs. 1,57,457-13-0 have since been paid.

NEW TURN IN KIDNAPPING CASE

Girl's Surprising Disclosures

BOMBAY: Thursday.

When the Chief Presidency Magistrate resumed the further hearing of the case to-day in which Victor Raymond is charged with kidnapping a minor girl from the custody of her parents, the Court room was packed with members of the public and a fair sprinkling of ladies.

Mr. G. K. Kanga, instructed by Mr. Joachim Alva, appearing for the defence, objected to the application of Mr. Velker.

Mr. Kanga said that it was perfectly absurd that such applications should be indiscriminately put in and it appeared that a person could not walk about unless he had his eyes glued on to his toes.

The Magistrate humorously advised Mr. Kanga to keep looking at his toes. (Laughter)

Mr. Kanga assured his Worship that after this he would be too scared to do otherwise. (Renewed laughter).

NOT AWARE OF ANY INTIMACY

The mother of the girl, further cross-examined, said that she was not aware of the intimacy that existed between her daughter and the accused. She flatly denied the allegations that she had at any time any knowledge of the delicate state of the health of her daughter and denied any friendship with the accused.

Counsel then proceeded to question the witness about the visits of Lobo to her flat. He referred to the incident when the accused was thrashed by Lobo. Witness in reply to questions said: "Lobo took my husband's place and hit the accused."

Asked why she was staying away from her husband, witness said that, "it depended entirely on her wishes of staying with him or away from him".

GIRL'S SURPRISING DISCLOSURE

The girl in the case, further cross-examined by Mr. Kanga, said that the accused had on several occasions lent money to her mother, had drinks with her mother and was definitely on very friendly terms with her mother. She admitted that she left the house of her own accord and told the accused that if he did not take her away she would run away from the house.

She sprang a surprise in Court to-day when she told the defence Counsel that her mother and her father were compelling her to marry Lobo.

Bertie Saldanha, a prosecution witness, cross-examined said that he had seen the mother of the girl drinking with the accused. He was aware of one occasion when money was advanced to the mother by the accused.

The accused, examined by the Court, said that the girl had told him that the mother had given her consent to the girl to go away with him and get married.

The accused then put in a written statement.

The case was adjourned to tomorrow for defence witnesses.

CLASH AVERTED

Cantonment Board Member Arrested And Bailed Out

CAWNPORE, May 27.

A clash between the supporters of rival candidates for the Cawnpore Cantonment Board elections was averted by the prompt arrival of the police in Faithfulgung.

It is alleged that while Mrs. Abdul Ghuni was taking out a procession at the conclusion of the election the supporters of the rival candidate of her husband hurled brick at the procession, as a result of which two persons have been admitted to the Cantonment General Hospital with injuries.

Armed police were called out and kept watch throughout the night.

Mrs. Abdul Ghuni was arrested under sec. 30 of the Police Act for failing to apply for a licence to take out the procession but was released this evening on bail.—A. P.

FOOD POISONING TRAGEDY

Two Dead And Eleven In Hospital In Sind Village

KARACHI, May 27.

Two persons died and eleven were admitted to the hospital as a result of food poisoning at a village Halla.

It is understood that all the persons partook from a common plate curds into which some poisonous flies seem to have fallen. The dead include a woman and a child. The dead bodies have been sent for medical examination.

The others have been removed to the hospital.—United Press.

SHIKARPUR TROUBLE EASING?

Hindu Deputation To Wait On Chief Minister

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, May 27.

The situation arising out of events in Shikarpore was considered in details at a meeting of Hindu M.L.A's this evening, lasting for three hours. The meeting decided to wait in a deputation on the Chief Minister to-morrow morning to request him to strengthen the police force in villages to ensure the safety of the Hindus, and also to establish a special C.I.D. to apprehend those responsible for the mischief.

The meeting further decided to convene a special meeting, tomorrow evening to invite Muslim Leaders and M.L.A's to seek their assistance to preserve peace.

SHIKARPUR RETURNS TO NORMAL

Deputation Waits On Sind Premier

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, May 27.

Two deputations—one representing Shikarpuri Panchayat, headed by Diwan Bahadur Muridhar and the other Hindu M.L.A.'s under Diwan Bahadur Hiranand Khemsingh—waited on the Chief Minister this morning and impressed upon him the need of instituting a searching inquiry into the cause of trouble at Shikarpur and to adopt measures to prevent its recurrence. They pointed out the desecration of the Quran could never have been the work of Hindus but was an organised conspiracy on the part of outside agitators and urged the inclusion of lessons on Hindu Muslim Unity in primary text books.

PREMIER'S ASSURANCE.

Sir Gulam Hussain Hidayatullah assured the Deputationists that he was already moving in the directions suggested.

It is understood that the Cabinet meeting to-morrow will discuss the matter in all its aspects as Government are determined to get at the root of the trouble.

The Associated Press has been officially informed that two telegrams received till noon to-day from Shikarpur, which state the situation there is quite normal and police have withdrawn from certain localities and provisions of Sec. 42 of Dist. Police Act, which have been enforced hitherto have been relaxed so as to enable people to carry on their avocations unimpeded.

Mr. Thakur, one of the deputationists, said Government accepted in principle the enrolling of special police to assist the regular police in maintaining order.

SIKH-HINDU TENSION IN PESHAWAR

Malaviya Pleads For Amicable Settlement

BAREILLY: May 27.

It is understood Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya has telegraphed to the General Secretary, Sanatan Dharma Prathinidhi Sabha Punjab, and the President, Shiromani Prabhandhak Committee, Punjab, and some other leaders in order to bring about an amicable settlement between the Sikhs and Hindus regarding the dispute in connection with the Raghunath Temple of Peshawar and thus to avoid tension between these two communities, as it will be particularly deplorable at this juncture. —United Press.

CHARGE OF SUPPLYING FALSE INFORMATION

Congress M.L.A. Appeals Against Conviction

LUCKNOW, May 27.

Pandit Shantiswarup, a Congress M.L.A., has been convicted by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Shahabad for alleged giving false information to a public servant with intent to use lawful power with a view to injure another person, and has been sentenced to six weeks rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 50 fine, according to information received from Hardoi

The prosecution alleged that a man named Chabba Chamar of the village Jamsar died a few weeks before the Assembly elections.

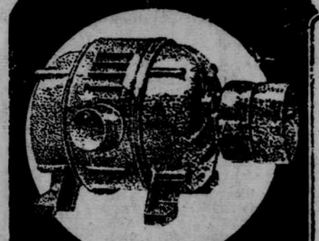
LETTER TO D.M.

In the course of election propaganda it is alleged that Pandit Shantiswarup wrote to the District Magistrate that Chabba Chamar a zealous congress worker, had been beaten to death by state officials.

Evidence was also led to show that Chabba's death was exploited for election purposes.

An appeal has been filed by Pandit Shantiswarup, who has been allowed bail by the Sessions Judge.—A. P.

Marelli



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THIN, RUNDOWN AILING, NERVOUS MEN & WOMEN

Make this Amazing New MINERAL plus FOOD IODINE Test!

How Pacific Ocean Food Iodine and Minerals in 'VIKELP' Tablets Give You Youthful Energy, Strong Nerves, Pounds of 'STAY-THERE' Flesh, Radiant Health—Rejuvenates the Body Where all Else Fails, Without Use of Drugs.

"VIKELP" Tablets (meaning mineral concentrate from the Pacific Ocean for short) down and correct the real underlying cause of weakness, thinness, nervous run-down conditions and systemic illnesses — FOOD IODINE AND MINERAL STARVED GLANDS. When these glands don't work properly, all the food in the world can't help you. It just isn't turned into flesh. The result is, you stay "TOO THIN," nervous, tired out, ill and run-down.

The most important glands—the Thyroid and other tiny hidden glands, which actually control body-weight and strength—need a definite, evenly balanced ration of the 12 essential minerals plus FOOD IODINE all the time (not to be confused with chemical iodides which often prove toxic, or mere Iodine fumes).

Only when the system gets an adequate supply of FOOD IODINE AND MINERALS can you regulate metabolism—the body's process of converting digested food into FIRM FLESH, new health, strength and energy.

To get these 12 essential life-giving Minerals in assimilable form (Iron, Magnesium, Phosphorus, Calcium, Potassium, Sulphur, Manganese, Copper, etc.) and FOOD IODINE, so sadly lacking in our ordinary daily diet, get as vital to the body—take "VIKELP" TABLETS, made of an amazing Pacific Ocean plant—now recognised as the world's richest source of these precious substances. 5 tablets alone contain more Iodine than 480 pounds of spinach or 1,378 pounds of lettuce.

Make this test with "VIKELP" TABLETS. First weigh yourself and see how long you can work or how far you can walk without tiring. Then take three "VIKELP" TABLETS with each meal for 10 days and again weigh yourself and notice how much longer you can work without tiring and how much farther you can walk. Notice how much better you feel, sleep and eat. Resistance to built up against malaria—faulty metabolism, debility, constipation, gastritis, goitre, rheumatism and other systemic illnesses as shown in the panel are corrected or disappear entirely. Watch flattering extra pounds appear in place of scrawny hollows. Whatever you have tried before try "VIKELP" today—your own doctor will approve of this way.

"VIKELP" costs but a few annas a day to use, and will bring you new health, energy, and vigour as well as freedom from nervousness and systemic disorders.

If your dealer cannot supply you send Rs. 2/12 for 100 tablets or Rs. 4/4 for the more economical 225 tablet size to Muller & Phipps (India) Ltd., 54b, Contractor Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay

HOW 'VIKELP' TABLETS PRECIOUS MINERALS INCREASE WEIGHT AND IMPROVE HEALTH

In rich supply of	Corrects
Iodine	Goitre, skinniness, low vitality, bad skin, faulty metabolism.
Iron	Anaemia, headaches, weakness.
Copper	Anaemia, loss of vigour.
Calcium	Stomach trouble, rickets, eczema, impaired teeth during pregnancy.
Phosphorus	Mental exhaustion, subnormal growth.
Sodium	Stomach, kidney and bladder disorders, rheumatism.
Potassium	Anaemia, bad heart, constipation.
Magnesium	Underweight, skin diseases.
Sulphur	Constipation, blood and liver disorders, nervousness.
Manganese	Anaemia, gout, general debility.

VIKELP HEALTH and BODY BUILDING Tablets

"What is the matter with my child?"

FOR NERVOUS, "DIFFICULT", WEAKLY CHILDREN . . . DOCTORS PRESCRIBE THIS SURE REMEDY

A CHILD who is constantly crying isn't well. Doctors agree that in most cases the cause of peevishness and ill-temper is *physical*: the child's diet is lacking in certain necessary substances. The remedy is to supply these and strengthen the system generally.

For this purpose, SCOTT'S Emulsion has long been famous. Scientifically prepared from the finest cod liver oil, it is not only rich in nourishment and in the essential Vitamins A and D, but contains also the salts of calcium and phosphorus required for healthy development of body, bone and nerves. Prepared by a unique process, SCOTT'S Emulsion is pleasant to take and easily digested, and it is actually *three times more effective than plain cod liver oil!*

A Complete Tonic

Unlike plain cod liver oil and other sources of Vitamin D, SCOTT'S Emulsion is a *complete tonic* in itself —no need to take additional calcium or other substances to make the treatment fully effective. Both for children and adults, as a protection against illness and as a strength-builder in all cases of weakness, SCOTT'S Emulsion has been recommended by doctors for more than sixty years.

IMPORTANT TO PARENTS

SCOTT'S Emulsion as a bone-builder
- *is 80 times as effective as butter or fresh milk*
- *is twice as effective as yolk of egg*

for promoting growth
- *is 8 times as effective as butter*
- *is 100 times as effective as bananas*

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IN

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Shalini Cinetone's Greatest Spectacular Musical

Directed by: BABURAO PAINTER (who knows him not ?)

with HIRABAI BARODEKAR, KESHAVRAO DATEY, NANASAHEB PHATAK, V. AUNDHKAR, Master SHYAM and others.

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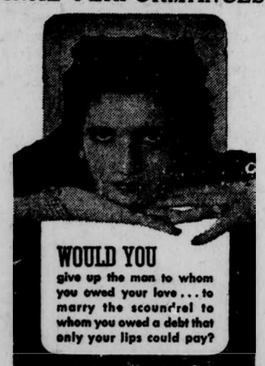
WOULD YOU
give up the man to whom you owed your love . . . to marry the scoundrel to whom you owed a debt that only your lips could pay?
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"O. H. M. S."

A Spectacular Comedy-Drama

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Vaishak Vad 3, 1993
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 17, 1305
Parsi: Adar 25, 1306
Hightide: 1-10; 14-07
Lowtide: 7-08; 20-14
Sunrise: 6h. 1m.
Sunset: 7h. 11m.

Saturday, May 29.

S S "Ranpura" sails at 1 p.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

Steamer Clan Halizones arrived at Suez on Monday evening, May 24.

SHANKARACHARYA JAYANTI

Under the auspices of Sheth Matubhai Kasanbhai Solicitor Adhyatuni Sanskrit Vidyalaya a public meeting was held on Friday last to observe Shanker Jayanti. Shrimand Kaivalyanand Saraswati Dandi Swami who recently come from Rishi Kesh presided.

POSTAL NOTICES

With effect from the 1st June 1937, all correspondence addressed to the following localities at present served by the postmen of Grant Road post office will be delivered through the postmen of the Byculla post office.

1. Portion of Grant Road from Two Tanks to the corner of Grant Road (Play House).
2. Portion of Falkland Road from Play House to Tardeo Bridge.
3. Portion of Lamington Road (including Gilder Lane) from Tardeo Bridge to Dalal Estate and Shivlal Motilal Mansion.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Crack-Up" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

EXCELSIOR—"O. H. M. S." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EMPIRE—"The Good Earth" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

GLOBE—"The Vigilantes are Coming" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Journey's End" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

KRISHNA—"President" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

PATHE—"Stolen Holiday" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PLAZA—"Romeo and Juliet" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m

REGAL—"It's Great To be in College" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROXY—"Pujarin" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

ROYAL OPERA—"Achhut Kanya" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m

THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION

Mr. Ardesher N. Bilimoria of Nausari will lecture in Gujarati at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge in the Besant Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "Body, Character and Destiny," and also on Saturday the 29th he will conduct a "Question-Answer" meeting

"FRONTIER DAY" MEETING

Under the auspices of the Congress Socialist Party, a public meting will be held to-day (Friday) at 7 p.m. at Northbrook Gardens, Play House, in observance of the Frontier Day.

Mr C. K. Narayanswami will preside, and among the speakers will be: Maulana Abdul Bari, Dr. Kazi Abdul Hamid, Messrs. Hakim Ikrami, Jalaluddin Bukhari, Sohrab Batliwalla and Mahomed Saheed.

"TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION"

Owing to interruption of the Jask Bushire cable telegrams for Iraq and Iran except Jask and Charbar may be accepted via I.R.C. (By) for transmission through Cairo and London respectively at same rates as for via Karachi. Telegrams for Persian Gulf except Muscat may be accepted via Bombay, Aden, Bahrein radio at same rates as for via Karachi. Telegrams for Jask, Charbar and Muscat may be accepted via Karachi.

NEW NON-DELIVERY POST OFFICES.

With effect from Tuesday the 1st June 1937, a new Non-delivery Post Office called "Nurbaug" (Bombay) will be opened in the building of Mr. Usman Haji Suleman Darvesh on plot No. 52, New Chinch Bandar Scheme No. 29 near Dongri Police Station, Bombay.

With effect from Tuesday the 1st June 1937, a new Non-delivery Post Office called "Walkeshwar Road" (Bombay) will be opened in House No. 248 C. of Mr. G. S. Poddar, on Walkeshwar Road Malbar Hill, Bombay.

MAHIM MATUNGA DELIVERY DISTRICTS.

The public of Mahim and Matunga delivery Districts are hereby informed that with effect from 1st June 1937, postal articles will be delivered four times on week days (except P.O. Holidays) instead of twice as at present. The hours of deliveries will be as follows:—

	MAHIM.	
1st		7-30 a.m.
2nd		8-30 a.m.
3rd		1-30 p.m.
4th		5-30 p.m.
	MATUNGA.	
1st		7-30 a.m.
2nd		8-30 a.m.
3rd		1-30 p.m.
4th		5-30 p.m.

In the first and the last deliveries only unregistered articles of the ordinary mail will be sent out. In the other two deliveries all kinds of postal articles will be sent out.

BOMBAY PRESS WORKER'S CONFERENCE

The Secretary of Provisional Committee writes:—

A meeting of the Provisional Committee of the Conference was held in the office of the Lal Bavta Press Worker's Union on Wednesday the 26th instant at 9 p.m. and it was decided to publish a statement describing the general hardships and working condition of Press Workers to approach Messrs. S. C. Joshi and S. V. Parulekar with a view to enlist co-operation of other Press Worker's Unions and to collect information from Press Worker's Unions of Britain and elsewhere regarding the conditions of Press Workers.

TO-MORROW!

The Grandest Romance they have ever given you—

With a cast that arrests "Attention"

MOTILAL—SURENDRA
Bibbo—Yakub
and Maya

in

JAGIRDAR
JAGIRDAR
JAGIRDAR

A GLORIOUS PICTURE

By

SAGAR MOVIETONE

Directed by: MEHBOOB

AT

ROXY

FROM TO-MORROW

Matinee 2-45
Daily 5-15, 8, 10-30

THE REGAL

LAST DAY

at 4, 6-30, & 10 p.m.

LAUGHS by the yard!
SONGS by the score!
BEAUTIES by the bowful!

IT'S GREAT TO BE IN COLLEGE

with

Stuard ERWIN | Patsy KELLY | Jack HALEY

THE CAPITOL

LAST DAY

at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

The most gripping, pounding, raking sky story ever filmed!

PETER LORRE

IN

"CRACK-UP"

with

BRIAN HELEN | DONLEVY WOOD

Also a special EXCLUSIVE programme of the CORONATION FILMS in black & white and in GLORIOUS TECHNICOLOR!

Saved From Gallows

Mr. Justice Macklin and Mr. Justice Engineer at the High Court heard the appeal of Datto Pandu Patanaskar and Shankar Krishna Lugde who were sentenced to death by the District Judge of Satara for the murder of one Kondu Bala on October 21, 1936.

Their Lordships reduced the sentence of death to one of transportation for both the accused.

The motive for the crime was that the deceased was on terms of intimacy with Yesa, the widowed daughter of a woman named Maga, who was the mistress of the first accused's father.

PROGRESS OF ZENITH LIFE

Over 33 Lakhs Worth Policies During Past Year

The annual general meeting of the Zenith Life Assurance Company was held at their registered office at Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, on Thursday, when Mr. Chamanlal G. Parekh presided. in the absence of Sir Hormusjee M. Mehta.

The Directors' report showed that 2,192 new proposals for Rs. 39,88,600 were received during the year out of which 1,909 proposals resulted into policies for Rs. 33,20,800, the remaining having either been declined or deferred or awaiting completion. The total business in force on the books of the Company on December 31, 1936. was Rs. 1,51,21,352-10-0.

DEATH CLAIMS

The report further says:—

"The policy of the Company has all along been to assist the heirs of deceased members in the settlement of claims and death claims as they arise are promptly paid following receipt of the title and proof of death. Considerable difficulty is, however, experienced by the Company in the settlement of death claims when claimants delay the submission of claim papers in spite of repeated reminders. This accounts for the outstanding claims appearing in the balance sheet, and it is to be hoped that the claimants of deceased policyholders will in their own interest submit satisfactory proof of death, etc., as early as possible to enable the Company to pay the claim amounts."

SLOW AND STEADY

With regard to organisation and expenses, the report says:

"The entire management and organisation expenses incurred during the year are treated as general expenses and shown on the outgo side of the Revenue Account Statement published herein. No part of these expenses have been taken credit of on organisation or any other account as is done, to be written off in the future. New business procuration cost has in recent years risen to unhealthy limits owing to various causes, and it is to be hoped that stringent provision will be made in the Insurance Bill now under consideration, to restrict procuration cost to legitimate limits, and thereby make the business secured not only remunerative but also stable. Big business it is easy to secure but your Directors have never been attracted by spectacular results, and have always believed in slow and steady progress. The policy initiated by them years ago is bearing fruit as the record of progress of the Company published herewith shows."

With the adoption of the Directors' report and the audited statement of accounts for the year 1936 and with the transaction of other routine business stated in the agenda, the meeting terminated.

AIR MAIL POSTAL NOTICE

Commencing from 1st June 1937, the air mail service between Karachi and Madras will, as a temporary measure, operate via Poona instead of via Bombay to the following timings:

SOUTH-BOUND.

Dep. Karachi Tuesdays and Fridays 6-30 a.m.

Arr. Bhuj Tuesdays and Fridays 8-10 a.m.

Dep. Bhuj Tuesdays and Fridays 8-40 a.m.

Arr. Ahmedabad Tuesdays and Fridays 10-16 a.m.

Dep. Ahmedabad Tuesdays and Fridays 10-45 a.m.

Arr. Poona Tuesdays and Fridays 14-00 hrs.

Dep. Poona Tuesdays and Fridays 14-30 hrs.

Arr. Hyderabad Dn. Tuesdays and Fridays 17-15 hrs.

Dep. Hyderabad Dn. Wednesdays and Saturdays 6-30 a.m.

Arr. Madras Wednesdays and Saturdays 9-25 a.m.

NORTH-BOUND.

Dep Madras Mondays and Thursdays 14-00 hrs.

Arr. Hyderabad Dn. Mondays and Thursdays 17-25 hrs.

Dep. Hyderabad Dn. Tuesdays and Fridays 6-00 a.m.

Arr. Poona Tuesdays and Fridays 9-15 a.m.

Dep. Poona Tuesdays and Fridays 9-45 a.m.

Arr. Ahmedabad Tuesdays and Fridays 13-05 hrs.

Dep. Ahmedabad Tuesdays and Fridays 13-35 hrs.

Arr. Bhuj Tuesdays and Fridays 15-20 hrs.

Dep. Bhuj Tuesdays and Fridays 15-50 hrs.

Arr. Karachi Tuesdays and Fridays 17-40 hrs.

Note: The aeroplane will not stop at Bhuj from 11th June 1937, but timings in respect of all other stations remains unaltered.

In consequence of this change the latest hours of postings air mail correspondence at the Bombay G.P.O. in connection with the above mentioned services will be as follows:—

SOUTH-BOUND.

Ordinary Correspondence 7-15 a.m. on Tuesdays and Fridays.

Registered correspondence 5-00 p.m. on Mondays and Thursdays.

NORTH-BOUND.

Ordinary correspondence 8-30 p.m. on Mondays and Thursdays.

Registered correspondence 5-00 p.m. on Mondays and Thursdays.

The latest hours of postings air mail correspondence at the Town Sub Offices should be regulated accordingly.

Air mails for the Bombay City received in connection with the South-Bound plane will arrive in Bombay by rail from Poona on Tuesdays and Fridays and will be delivered in Bombay by the first morning delivery on the following days whereas those received in connection with the North-Bound plane will be delivered as follows:—

(1) Bombay G.P.O. 6-00 p.m. delivery on Tuesdays and Fridays.

(2) Town Sub Offices 1st delivery on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Rain, Rain come again
We want water
To fill our main
Cries father, son and daughter.

The few drops of rain that fell last week, brought untold gladness to our suburbanites who are at the moment experiencing a water famine. Rain is being awaited with anxiety. But it looks as if the monsoon is yet far away. Water shortage is being felt in several villages in suburbs. In the Andheri area are many such places, the chief being Gondwilee a village which except for two houses, gets its water supply from a well situated in its midst. The water from this well has reached its very brink and is full of germs, which have been the cause of a severe attack of ring worm disease. The Andheri-Parle Municipality might try to put a stop to this, before it spreads.

Khar too looks forward very eagerly to the break of the monsoon. Its wells that helped to supplement the water shortage owing to the 4-in. main are almost dry. In Bandra itself many storied tenements are shorn of a good supply, throughout the day.

BANDRA VULTURES STARVE.

The mutton strike that lasted over a week caused a lot of harm to the suburbanites.

Suburban markets showed a rapid rise in price, fish and vegetable was sold at practically double the cost. Beef got a rapid sale, and these eight days brought the vendors over a month's sale at a price that they can seldom expect.

Besides man, the large number of vultures that live on the rot of the slaughter house were starved. Every tree and house top surrounding the slaughter house were full of these birds all undergoing a forced hunger strike

JEPSEN CUP HOCKEY

Times Of India "A" Enter Penultimate Round

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The second quarter-finals of the Jepsen Cup Hockey Tournament was played this evening on the Christ Church grounds at Byculla between the "Times of India" "A," last years holders, and the Igatpuri Railway Institute. The game was a well contested affair, with the Railwaymen having the better of exchanges in the first half, but as is usually the case hard hitting tactics were resorted to by the Railway, and in the earlier stages 'Marsh' was warned for dangerous play.

THE GAME.

The game opened up at a fairly fast pace, Igatpuri being the aggressors from the initial bully, and every man worked hard in order to take the lead. But the pressmen's defence, with Edwards and Easdon, proved a stubborn proposition to the opposing attack. The Times were making occasional raids and in the twenty-sixth minute of the first half a nice movement saw Warbrick the Pressmen's outside-right, send across a nicely placed pass which Mendes the centre forward converted, and soon after the interval arrived the "Times" was leading by one goal.

Resuming play the Railway put up a determined effort and from the bully they had the Pressmen confined to their half for a considerable time. During this pressure Dodd, the Railway left-inner, worked in and having beaten Corton, the "Times" custodian, who came out to meet him he pushed the ball outside and thus threw away a splendid opportunity of equalising.

Play was then transferred to the Railway Area, and during the movement Marsh was injured. Up and down play followed with the Railwaymen working very hard to get on terms, and towards the close Kirk, the Railway left-half, drove home a sitter at close range which Corton saved. Just before the call of time the Railway were pressing but Edward, Easdon, and Tyrrell were playing a splendid game keeping the repeated Railway attacks at bay, and after putting up a great fight the Railwaymen, who were the better side, went down by the one goal to nil.

The "Times of India" now move into the penultimate round where they meet the City Armed Police.

THE RESULTS.

THE "TIMES OF INDIA" 'A' 1 goal
IGATPURI RLY. INSTITUTE Nil

THE TEAMS.

THE "TIMES OF INDIA" 'A':—Corton; Edwards and Easdon; Tyrrel, Lynn, and Thomas; Warbrick, Mendis, Correa, Almeida, and Petty.

IGATPURI RLY. INSTITUTE:—Miller; Cowell and Smithers; Pottle, Marsh, and Kirk; Santos, Ballard, Dodd, Grostate, and Ambosta.

UMPIRES:—MacKenzie and Mendonca.

To-day's Game: At 5-30 p.m. (Replay) G. I. P. Ry. "A" and 'B'.

AFGHANS CELEBRATE INDEPENDENCE DAY

The nineteenth anniversary of Afghan Independence was celebrated with great "eclat" in the City on Thursday evening.

His Excellency Abdur Rahman Khan, the Consul for Afghanistan, gave a garden party in honour of that eventful day at the Royal Afghan Consulate, Walkeshwar Road, Bombay.

There was a large and distinguished gathering, including most of the foreign Consuls in Bombay and many high Government officials.

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

The Rt. Revd. the Bishop of Bombay and Lt.-Colonel Sir Richard Temple lunched at Government House on Wednesday.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne attended a Charity Football Match at the Cooperage on Wednesday.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne dined at the Yacht Club for a Farewell Party on Wednesday.

New Gaudiya Math Head

After the demise of Srila Bhakti Siddhanta Saraswati Goswami Maharaj the founder of the Gaudiya-movement for the propagation of the teachings of Shri Krishna Chaitanya Mahaprabhu with its headquarters in Shri Mayapur in Bengal, Srila Ananta Vasudev Paravidyabhushan Prabhu has taken the chair as the president Acharya. He was an intimate disciple of the late Goswami Maharaj and is highly revered by the followers of the Gaudiya movement for his saintly character and great learning.

Terrible Sleepless Nights through chronic

CATARRH

"In my case, Karsote is little short of miraculous," writes this one-time sufferer from catarrh in a letter which every catarrh-sufferer should read. She goes on to say: *"Before using Karsote I never knew what a night's rest was, and when I did sleep I always woke with fits of coughing and expectorating phlegm. But all that has ceased after the constant use of Karsote. I have tried numerous remedies, but it was of no avail until I used Karsote, and then I found the relief for which I craved so long. Karsote is a boon and a blessing to all who suffer from nose, throat and lung trouble."—J.R.W.*

YOU can get the same swift relief from catarrh, coughs, colds, etc. You just sprinkle a few drops of Karsote on to a handkerchief and inhale the pleasant vapour. In a few minutes Karsote opens up stuffed nostrils, clears away mucus at back of throat, and soothes the wheezy inflamed breathing passages right down to the bottom of the lungs. In next to no time your catarrh disappears for ever.

KARSOTE
INHALANT

Obtainable from all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

Wholesale Stockists:
Bombay: Cama, Norton & Co.
Karachi: Nusserwanjee & Co.

Under the Patronage of HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR OF BARODA

GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI

AT

BALIWALA GRAND THEATRE—BOMBAY

on SATURDAY, the 29th May, at 8-30 p.m.

SAVITRI

on SUNDAY, the 30th May, at 3-30 p.m.

SWAYAMWAR

Booking at the Theatre from 8 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m.

This could have been prevented!

Strengthen your body against *Feverish Diseases*

The chance of catching malaria and other feverish diseases is far greater. if the power of resistance is lowered. Lack of minerals in the body usually causes this lowering. Tiredness, heart troubles, irritability and dizziness are signs that your power of resistance is below par.

Prevent serious trouble by taking Kalzana tablets regularly. Kalzana replenishes the mineral content of the body and blood cells in a perfectly natural way, strengthens the whole system, and so prevents serious infectious diseases, such as malaria, skin rashes, etc.

A grateful Kalzana user, Mr. E. B., writes:

"I have suffered from very bad nervous headaches for 10 years and after having taken Kalzana I feel as fit as a fiddle."

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THE MINERAL FOOD FOR BETTER HEALTH

Obtainable at all Chemists and Bazars. Not Touched by Hand.

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Post Box 227
Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Registered No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MAY 28, 1937

VAGUE AS EVER

When some citizens of Naini Tal requested the Governor of the United Provinces to reconsider the decision of his Government not to move its Headquarters this year to that hill station, constitutionally the most proper course for him was to refer them to the Minister concerned or to make out a strong case for his Ministers' decision. But he did neither. He rather made out a weak case for that decision and a strong one for abandoning it next year. One of his absurd arguments against the decision was that "certain heads of Departments had a privileged recession to the hills" and he thought it "unlikely that the Government would wish to interfere with the practice." If there is any such privilege, it must go. The Governor's expectation that the Government would not interfere with it is unfair propaganda against the Ministers' present decision. It may also be a hint that, if the Ministers should venture to interfere with the privilege, he would step in and exercise his statutory discretionary powers "to secure the rights of members of the Public Services and to safeguard their legitimate interests." We wonder what the Ministers think of the Governor's propaganda and his talk of certain Officers' privilege. We expect they will not like either but will tamely submit to both.

A Matter Of Principle

It is said that one of the members of the Naini Tal deputation requested the Governor to state precisely what difficulty stood in the way of his accepting the Congress proposal as regards dismissal of Ministers by a Governor. Sir Harry Haig studiously evaded this crucial question but held forth on the various special responsibilities of the Governor. He added, however, that these were "strictly limited in scope" and might not have to be exercised at all if the Ministers worked in a spirit of accommodation. It is obvious that, if the Ministers are submissive enough, there will be no conflict. But the spirit of the Constitution and the tradition of the Governors are so anti-democratic while the Congress policy is so radically democratic, that conflict is inevitable between Congress Ministers and the Governors unless the latter's powers are duly averted. And as Sir Harry himself admits that "the responsibility for a policy is recognised by all of us as being that of the Ministers, it is but proper that there should be no interference by the Governor, who is constitutionally irresponsible. It will not do to say that the interference is likely to be rare. In the first place it may be rare from the Governor's point of view but it may be too frequent from that of the people. Moreover, even a few but serious cases of interference may do a lot of mischief to the people. In any case it is a matter of principle as to who is to decide in case of a conflict a constitutionally irresponsible Governor or Ministers who are held responsible to the electorate for their policy. When the case is put, it is only a perverse mind that will declare for the Governor and yet protest that the Constitution inaugurates provincial autonomy.

Nothing New

Commenting on Sir Harry Haig's speech, Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, M.L.A., is reported to have said: "It is for Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress Working Committee to say whether the position envisaged in the speech of His Excellency regarding the use of the Governor's special powers meets the Congress demand. But my first impression on reading the speech is that if instead of having repeated a set formula of assurance to popular Ministries of their sympathy, co-operation and assistance, the Governors had explained the position to Congress leaders in the terms in which Sir Harry Haig has done now, the course of events during the last few weeks would have been quite different." We are amazed at Mr. Saxena's simplicity. As Pandit Pant points out, there is nothing in Sir Harry's speech which is not already covered by Lord Zetland and Mr. Butler, whose vague assurances have been rejected by Gandhiji and the Working Committee. Sir Harry's speech, even if made much earlier, could not have averted a deadlock. If there were anything in it calculated to end the deadlock, it could never be too late to consider it seriously. But there is nothing in it worth serious consideration. We trust Mr. Saxena's second impression of Sir Harry's speech will convince him that it in no way concedes the demand of the Congress and that there is no occasion yet for the Working Committee to modify in the least its attitude with regard to the office issue.

Empire And The Radio

Radio and its role in the modern world with particular reference to its relationship with the press came in for a good deal of attention at the Empire Press Union Conference. The speakers were, however, not so much concerned with the progress of the Radio technique as with the danger of Imperial interests suffering from the broadcasting activities of other countries. Sir Roderick Jones regretted that the growth of the radio and its implications were not fully appreciated in "British Imperial circles" and hinted at the possibility of the British quasi-monopoly in the carriage of world news being threatened by radio. Sir Arthur Willert referred to the multilingual wireless propaganda the Italians were making against Britain, particularly in the Far East, which, we agree, is most reprehensible. But it is rather significant that in the next breath Sir Arthur should have advocated the use of Arabic by the B.B.C. for those parts. Is it a suggestion for counter-propaganda? Mr. Arthur Moore who, we are highly interested to learn, represented the "Indian press", mentioned that German and Italian broadcasts were picked up by the respective consulates and distributed to newspapers. "These were," said this representative of India, "ignored by the English papers as coloured news but the matter was different with the Indian papers." The Indian papers, we hope, will be duly gratified at the implied compliment to their intelligence and professional integrity paid to them by their "representative." He further informed the Conference that they in India had the greatest admiration for the B.B.C. That is "news" to us. But then a generous latitude should always be given to India's "representatives" at Empire Conferences.

Basque Govt.'s Hint

As was expected, the Basque Government have postponed the execution of the German airmen. But they have pointedly declared that they are doing so "with the object of contributing to the disappearance from the international scene of all motives which could promote continuance of intervention of Fascist powers in the Spanish Civil War." It is, however, too much to expect the Non-Intervention Committee and particularly the League of Nations to take the hint and do their real duty. That duty consists in ridding the country of Fascist armies which are helping General Franco in outrageous defiance of all International law. True, that the Non-Intervention Committee has eagerly begged the Powers concerned to withdraw their "volunteers." But if the humble appeal of the Committee is heeded, it will be because Italy and Germany will have convinced themselves of the futility of maintaining volunteers and not because of the Committee. Meanwhile it is about to face another embarrassing problem, that of a French aeroplane being destroyed and machine-gunned along with the inhabitants of the village where it crashed, by insurgent fighters.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Gleanings From The World Press

(By Our London Correspondent)

The oldest piece of plate used in the Coronation is the Ampulla, the receptacle which held the anointing oil and whose origin is wrapped in mystery and untraceable.

The six ounces of anointing oil in it, however, is not old as generally supposed. It was made by Messrs. Squire and Sons, chemists to the King, and is no older than 1902, when it was prepared on the instruction of the Dean of Westminster for the Coronation of Edward VII. It was used again at the crowning of George V.

The oil is based on a recipe going back to the seventeenth century. It is made from the oil of orange flowers, oil of roses, oil of cinnamon, oils of jasmin and sesame, flowers of benzoin and with musk, civet, and ambergris. It is deep yellow in colour, and has a pleasant and peculiar fragrance.

* * *

There has been a tremendous rush for the new George VI stamps, which were on sale for the first time on May 10.

Many of the purchasers were American or Dominion visitors to London eager to secure for their friends "First Day Covers"—that is, with stamps post-marked with the first day on which the stamps came into circulation.

The "First Day Covers" of George VI are not likely ever to be of much more than sentimental value. There will be too many of them. When the George V stamps first came out the hobby of collecting these covers had not yet spread to Britain from the United States, so comparatively few were posted. Collectors have been known to pay as much as five shillings for a Georve V "First Day Cover, if anxious to complete a set.

The really valuable covers, however, are those bearing the penny black, with the date, May 6, 1840. These are much sought after. An ordinary penny black may fetch five to ten shillings, according to its condition. A penny black post-marked with the day of issue is worth from £10 to £15 for a really good specimen.

* * *

The precedent of the last two reigns was followed by George VI and no Court Circular was issued on the day of the Coronation. Nor does the Court Circular of June 23, 1911, which was the day after the King George V's Coronation, make any reference to the previous day. It begins:

To-day is the anniversary of the Birthday of the Prince of Wales.

King Edward was crowned on Saturday, August 9, 1902. The first Court Circular after that event was on the following Monday evening. This described the activities of the King and Queen for that day. An official statement, however, was issued from Buckingham Palace on the intervening Sunday which refers to the important event of the day before. It runs:

His Majesty bore the strain of the Coronation ceremony perfectly well and experienced but little fatigue. The King has had a good night and his general condition is in every way satisfactory. No further bulletin will be issued.

It is signed by Sir Frederick Treves, the surgeon, who robbed the operation for appendicitis of its Victorian deadliness, and Sir Francis Laking; the Lord Dawson of that time.

* * *

When a Prime Minister of England retires voluntarily it is the usual, though by no means the invariable, custom for the House of Commons to pay tributes to his work and to welcome his successor. This practice was followed when Mr. Baldwin took over from Bonar Law in May, 1923, and when Asquith succeeded Campbell-Bannerman in 1908.

If tributes are to be paid to Mr Baldwin it will not be until after he has received his peerage. The House of Commons is merciful, and confines its eulogies to absent statesmen. Neither Bonar Law nor Campbell-Bannerman was present to hear the tributes paid to him. Both were sick men, and the eulogies paid them were but brief anticipations of the fuller tributes that came when they died.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald escaped the tributes when he handed over to Mr. Baldwin two years ago. By becoming Lord President of the Council he remained on the political active list.

Mr. Baldwin's resignation is expected to take effect on May 28. It was on May 28, 14 years ago that he first met the House of Commons as Prime Minister. In the speeches of welcome he received a promise from Mr. MacDonald to "confound his politics and frustrate his knavish tricks." The promise, of course, was not implemented.

From a tired Asquith came the

(Continued on Page 10 Col. 4)

Indian Railway Policy

(By A Student Of Railway History)

"Result Of Despotic Government"

In our last article we quoted a few authorities to show the many terrible losses inflicted on voiceless India by the old guaranteed British Railway Companies. As the subject is of great importance, we proceed to quote some more authorities in this article.

When Sir John Lawrence was Viceroy of India, he condemned the extravagance of the Railway Companies in the strongest terms in a Minute dated 9th January, 1869 (as shown in our first article). As a witness before the Parliamentary Committee of 1873, he repeated the condemnation, and also the condemnation of the ill-treatment of passengers. He said: "I think it is notorious in India among almost every class that heard talk on the subject, that the railways have been extravagantly made; that they have cost a great deal more than they are worth, or ought to have cost.

"With a guarantee of 5 per cent capitalists will agree to anything; they do not care really very much whether it succeeds or fails; 5 per cent is such a good rate of interest that they are content to get that, and not really look after what is done. Hence one of the reasons why the cost of the railways has been more than it ought to have been.

"Government could be more effective in this respect (the prevention of the ill-treatment of passengers) than the Companies. . . . The Natives complained very much in this respect; and on enquiry that I used to make in India, both official and private, I was confirmed in the view that these statements of the Natives were to a considerable extent true."

£50,000 A Mile

The Rt. Hon. William N. Massey, who had been Finance Minister of India, under Lawrence and Mayo, in his evidence before the Parliamentary Committee of 1872, said: 'The East India Company cost far more, almost twice as much, as it ought to have cost; enormous sums were lavished, and the contractors had no motive whatever for economy. All the money came from the English capitalist, and as long as it was guaranteed 5 per cent. on the revenues of India, it was immaterial to him whether the funds that he had lent were thrown into the Hooghly converted into brick and mortar. The result was these sums were expended and that the East India Railway cost, I think (I speak without book), about £30,000 a mile. . . . It seems to me that they are the most extravagant works that were ever undertaken."

Loss Of 346 Crores!

In his book "Sixty Years of Indian Finance," Professor K. T. Shah writes: "The whole system of guarantee may be condemned not because no guarantee was at all necessary, but because the high guarantee actually given inevitably involved wasteful construction, besides burdening the Government with a heavy interest charge over a long period, and thereby precluding them from taking advantage of any subsequent improvements in their credit and the consequent possibility of easier borrowing. (b) With the single exception of the Indian Railway Company the repurchase from the guaranteed railway companies was not effected on the first expiry of the contract. The renewal of such contracts even when they were quite favourable to the Government, may well be said to have unjustifiably alienated substantial portion of the public revenue for private benefit. (c) The price paid on repurchase to the Companies was in every case on the unjust basis of the market value of the stock at the date of purchase, which was, therefore, naturally inflated to the prejudice of the Indian Government.

Regarding the total loss inflicted on India by the old Guaranteed Railway Companies, Prof. Shah writes: "Rai Saheb Chandika Prasad in his work on "Indian Railways" calculates the loss borne by India on account of the old Guaranteed Railways, including compound interest at 4 per cent per annum, to the end of 1919-20, at Rs. 346.06 crores. I think his procedure is quite sound, and the loss so sustained should be added to the total monies hitherto spent on the Railways in India before the profitability of the enterprise could be calculated."

Defective Contracts

Nalinaksha Sanyal, Lecturer in Transport, in the Commerce Department of the Calcutta University in his book "Development of Indian Railways," (published by the Calcutta University) writes as follows:—

"The principal defects in the contracts lay in making no provision for the State's participation in the profits, in permitting a fixed rate of exchange to govern the transactions, in allowing the guarantee to run from the day of deposit of money and not from the date of opening of the lines, in providing little check on the capital expenditure of the companies, and in granting the private enterprisers opportunities for enjoying the full benefit of unearned increment in the value of the property when the time for the State purchase of the railways came.

"The Indian guarantee killed effort of economy, promoted reck-

(Continued on Page 10, Col. 5.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

NEGUS AND LEAGUE

In a poignant message Haile Selassie has informed the League that he is not sending a delegation to the League Assembly as "no useful purpose would be served by attending the Assembly." The farce that was staged at Geneva during the Italo-Ethiopian War has come to an end. The League talked and prevaricated while innocent men, women and children were being massacred on the altar of Imperialism to provide a Roman holiday. It watched with complacency the bombardment of open towns and medical units, the use of asphyxiating gas and all the other diabolical instruments of destruction, which the perverted genius of mankind has so far evolved. The cries of innocent victims were still ringing in the shocked ears of horrified humanity when the League practically offered its blessings to the man responsible for the butchery by inviting him back to its fold. The writhing bodies of crippled and poisoned children bear eloquent testimony to the unworthy part that the League has played. No wonder Haile Selassie considers that no useful purpose would be served by attending the League Assembly.

THE DUTY OF POLICE.

In a statement to the press in connection with the recent murders in Madras, Mr. C. Rajagopalachar quite rightly suggests that "something like a 'murder club' must be working behind the scene which it is the duty of the police to lose no time in unearthing." It obviously stands to reason that crimes without provocation and so rapidly following one another cannot be isolated happenings and they need thorough investigation because of their sinister nature. The executive and the police enjoy unlimited powers in the name of preservation of Law and Order, and where it is a question of scenting "sedition" or "revolution" they give prompt proof of possessing a nose, the extraordinary sensitiveness of which is really astounding. Have not the public, therefore, the right to expect that they will use their powers and talents with some enthusiasm effectively to expose and deal with what Mr. Rajagopalachar characterises as a "murder club."

CRUSHING REJOINDER.

The communique issued by the Madras Government regarding the Kothapatam Summer School lathi charge was so naive in its ... city, that it can be almost said to have carried its own refutation. Mr. Prakasam, president of the Andhra Congress Committee, Mr. Kaleshwarrao, Chief Whip of the Congress Party in the Madras Assembly, and Prof. N. G. Ranga, President of the All-India Kisan Sabha, have lost no time in issuing crushing reginders to the Government's disavowal of the lathi charge. A perusal of these statements leaves no doubt whatever that there was a wanton and severe lathi charge on the Satyagrahi students. The Ongole Hospital registers give unmistakable proofs of the injuries received by the students, and so also does the evidence of the onlookers. Mr. Kaleshwarrao has challenged the Government to appoint an impartial committee to investigate into the whole episode, and it remains to be seen how those responsible for law and order in Madras treat this very reasonable request.

SIGNIFICANT BAN

Maulana Habibur Rahman, President, Ahrar-i-Hind is also a distinguished Muslim divine. It was in this latter capacity that the Anjuman-i-Taraqi Islam of Dera Ismail Khan had invited him in connection with the Prophet's birthday celebrations. The visit was to be purely religious and not political. Yet the Deputy Commissioner of Dera Ismail Khan has had a notice served on Maulana Habibur Rahman restraining him from entering the District for two months. What is significant—and particularly for Muslims—to note is that the Frontier Province of which Dera Ismail Khan is a part is being ruled under the Chief Ministership of Nawab Sir Abdul Qaiyum, a Muslim "leader." He is one of those gentlemen who will shout "Islam in danger" at the top of his voice. But he also possesses a sensitive instinct of self-preservation, so sensitive that even the non-political visit of a political opponent is regarded as a danger to himself. This must be guarded against even though the method may amount to open interference with a purely religious Muslim celebration.

ORIENTAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

The report of the Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company, Ltd., for the year 1936 shows highly commendable progress. The new business for the year on account amounted to 56,296 policies assuring over Rs. 1,028 lakhs, showing an increase of 7,438 policies and over Rs. 136 lakhs in sums assured on the figures of the previous year, "both the New Business and the annual increase constituting records for the Company." At the 62nd annual general meeting of the company held last week Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas observed in his presidential remarks that in respect of the number of proposals dealt with and the policies issued the Company stood about the fifth among the large life assurance companies incorporated within the British Empire. That is certainly a position of which any Indian may well be proud. Indians, however, will not rest satisfied till there are many such companies in the country and Indian companies take up all the life insurance business available in the country.

Homoeopathy

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

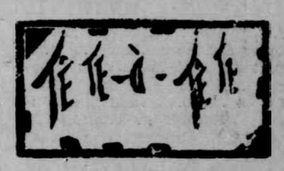
Sir,—This is with reference to a letter of "Impartial" who writes to say that he is "a registered medical practitioner" and one who has "taken great trouble to study" Homoeopathy; and as such, claims consideration for the views he has ventilated in the "Bombay Chronicle". I am afraid, however, that he has neither understood what "Meher-Davar" has written (in his opinion—sensibly), nor has he been able to grasp the elementary principles of Homoeopathy. "Meher-Davar" puts the plea that the doctor in whose vision failure of Homoeopathy looms large, should be assessed correctly and his assertions against Homoeopathy should not be accepted readily, as the study and practice of Homoeopathy "demands intense concentration, much study, keen observation and great patience."

"Impartial" writes that Homoeopathy claims infinitesimal doses of common salt as a specific for neuralgia, and that counter-irritants, purgative in early cases of diarrhoea, emetic to relieve tendency to vomiting in over-loaded stomach, are examples of "like cures like".

I only want to assure your readers: (1) that Homoeopathy claims no "specific" for any ailment as individualization is the rule in Homoeopathic therapeutics; (2) that "counter-irritant" cannot aptly be called an instance of "like cures like," as in Homoeopathic therapeutics only those medicines are administered "internally," which have produced "similar" disturbances "in the tissues" affected; (3) that the instances of purgatives and emetics quoted by the "Impartial" registered medical practitioner are not the instances of "like cures like" but of "causa occasionalis" stated by Hahnemann in the 7th para of his Organon and in the foot-note No. 3, appended to it.

The "Impartial" registered medical practitioner is assigning "idiotic beliefs" to those who practise Homoeopathic therapeutics. I claim the indulgence of your intelligent readers to search for "idiotic beliefs" in some other quarters, other than those who understand what Homoeopathy is and know how to practise it.—Yours etc.,

B.A., M.D.,
(A Registered Medical Graduate).



Patna, May 21.

The Nawab of Chhatari, Premier of U. P., is expected here on May 29 to meet Mr. M. Yunus, Chief Minister of Bihar. No political importance is attached to the visit."—News Item.

No, of course not. The importance that ought to be attached to it is, as a matter of fact, closely personal.

* * *

Apropos of the sensational rumour of Mr. Fazlul Haq's resignation, a pro-Government Calcutta paper authoritatively declares that no misunderstanding arose between the Bengal Cabinet and the Magistracy and 'no question of resignation can therefore, arise.'

We owe a well-deserved tribute to our prophetic soul. As a matter of fact there can never be any question of any misunderstanding arising between the Bengal Cabinet and the Magistracy.

* * * *

Messrs. Haq and Suhrawardy, we are further informed by the same paper, are expected "to make an authorised statement" on the situation.

Authorised by the Magistracy and Jute bosses, eh?

* * * *

'No one can say that he can deliver the goods on behalf of a particular community. The community itself is the sovereign authority. We are not to live as cowards. India is our home and its problems are our problems. We are all Indians.'

—Ch. Jafar Husain, a U P. M.L.A.

Now what 'was' it, Mr. Jinnah proudly proclaimed from Lucknow? Can't recall it, but it was something most inspiring.

* * *

"What fundamental thing except 'Complete Independence' and 'Non-co-operation' is there of which the Congress can boast? And they are both formed in the Muslim organisations."

The joke is that this is an extract from a paper edited by Maulana Shaukat Ali—a Champion of Muslim League and Mr. Jinnah who rightly insists that 'Complete Independence' and 'Non-co-operation' are precisely the two items to which he 'fundamentally' and 'vitally' objects!

Can you beat it? Can you possibly beat it?

* * *

UNEARTH THAT 'MURDER CLUB'

What are police doing with all their powers to check outrages, asks C. R.

—Headline.

What nonsense! They are busy gallantly protecting the Presidency against revolutionary disasters from Socialist Summer Schools, let alone their heroic struggle against Congress sedition.

* * *

Horror! A Soviet vessel came last week to Karachi and stayed for nearly a week.

Isn't it terrible? What were the Government of Sind, Why, in the name of Law and Order, did they not disperse this revolutionary danger with a lathi charge?

The worst of it is that the Captain has threatened to come again.

Birthright Of Arabs Shall Not Be Despoiled

Abdur Rahman Siddiqi Speaks Out

Muslims Of The World Will Unite To See Justice Done To Palestine Arabs

"The theories of naval and military experts on the defence of the Suez Canal, the re-establishment of the equilibrium in the Mediterranean, the safeguarding of the all-red route of the British Empire, may be all important; and so also might be the safeguarding of the pipe-line of Mesapotamia oils at Haifa.

"And yet honour demands that the birth-right of the Arab Muslims and non-Muslims shall not be despoiled".

In these words, Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddiqi, entered a spirited defence on behalf of the Palestine Arabs, in an exclusive interview to the "Bombay Chronicle", shortly before his departure on Thursday for London, where he would carry on propaganda for justice to the Palestine Arabs.

Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddiqi, a member of the Palestine Delegation to India sailed by the Italian Boat on Thursday.

Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddiqi and Nawab Ismail Khan constitute the Palestine Indian Delegation, deputed recently by the All-India Palestine Conference held at Delhi. They intend to address a series of meetings in Great Britain and their principal object is to educate the British public opinion, on the injustice done to the Palestine Muslims in the creation of what is known as the "Jewish National Home" in the Holy Land of the Mussalmans.

One of the most brilliant among the Muslim M.L.A.'s of Bengal, Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddiqi has deep and extensive knowledge of the Muslims. He was one of the life-long associates of the late Maulana Mahomed Ali and the late Dr. M. A. Ansari whom he had accompanied to Turkey as General Manager of the All-India Medical Mission. Ever since he has been in close and continuous personal touch with men and affairs in the Near East. And with his special qualities, the Palestine Committee have made the choice of an expert for representing Indian Muslim opinion and assisting the Arab Delegation.

The Case For Palestine Arabs

Giving a brief resume of the whole situation that had led ultimately to the recent riots and to the appointment of a Royal Commission on Palestine, Mr. Siddiqi said:

In Palestine the Holy Land, the Muslims, Christians and the Jews lived in peace and harmony in the past. For nearly 1,300 years, Palestine was in the hands of the Mussalmans. After the Crusades, the Muslims never interfered with the Jews, the Christians and other non-Muslims, and the three religions represented there, lived in great amity and concord.

"The European may run down the Turk for any cause whatsoever; but the Turks treated their non-Muslim brethren with a generosity unknown even in modern times.

"When modern political theories of nationalism spread in the world, the Arabs began to think of establishing themselves into a separate State. An Arab movement was started which culminated in the revolt of Hussein ex-Sheriff of Mecca. And the whole of the Arab people sided with the Allies in the Great War under certain guarantees, not for the defence of the frontiers of Belgium but for gaining their own freedom.

GAME OF ALLIES.

"The Allies, however, made simultaneous promises to certain Jewish financial houses and after winning the campaign in the Near East went back on their promises to the Arabs and inflicted upon Palestine what is known as the 'National Home of the Jews.'

"The Eastern mind and particularly those who had seen the generosity and tolerance of the Muslim Kings and Emperors towards their non-Muslim subjects understood a National Home to mean the establishment of the Jews as a 'millet' having complete freedom in its religions, educational and cultural affairs. Members of this 'millet' were exempt from military service but they rose to the highest posts in Muslim States and in return for military tax, the Muslim State was not only morally but religiously bound to give them protection. The Arabs - both Christian and Muslim and even Jewish, who still remained in the Near East, have never ceased their demand for complete freedom as promised by the Allies and have opposed from the very first day, the Balfour Declaration, which was against the solemn promises made to them.

CLOAK FOR A JEWISH STATE.

"If for a moment one may feel inclined to accept the theory of the 'National Home,' it should really be a return to the ancestral home of the brother who had been removed from it, and not the imposition and domination of a Europeanised cousin who had forgotten everything of the ancient home and wanted to come in at best as a European Colonial. The 'National Home' should not become the Jewish National State, dominating over and even oppressing the sons of the soil.

"The problem has its religious aspect also. To the Muslims, Palestine is the Holy Land with the Mosque of Aqsa; and if the present policy of the mandatory power of pouring into Palestine Jews from the backwaters of Europe and increasing their number ultimately to form a majority or even a substantial minority with posts of power and influence in their hands and possessing control over the administration, it would not be difficult to imagine where the Arabs would be in a few decades.

"The well-to-do Jews of the Arabs, who possess wealth have not migrated to their ancestral home. They do not seem to possess that yearning for it, which, they make others believe, every Jew has.

MUSLIMS OF THE WORLD UNITE.

"The Mussalman cannot allow his religious and cultural institutions to be smashed away from him and to be relegated to the desert allowing his lands and holy places to be turned into objects of no importance. In this aspect of the question, the Muslims of the world are as much interested as the Muslims of Palestine.

ARAB'S BIRTH-RIGHT.

"The theories of naval and military experts on the defence of the Suez Canal, the re-establishment of the equilibrium in the Mediterranean, the safe-guarding of the all-red route of the British Empire may be all important and so also might be the safe-guarding of the pipe-line of the Mesopotamia oils at Haifa.

"And yet Honour demands that the birth-right of the Arab Muslims and non-Muslims shall not be despoiled.

"Not only the Muslim world but the whole of the East is interested in this problem. For it raises international questions, which would affect world politics. India as a whole like every other nation, is thinking of the coming war. What is going to be the attitude of England vis-a-vis the Arab world and indeed the whole Muslim world.

Mr. Siddiqi then explained how the Palestine Indian Delegation came to be constituted. He said:

"After the disturbances in Palestine and the ruthless manner in which they were suppressed, India as a whole rose in indignation and the All-India Palestine Conference was held. It was decided there to send a Delegation to London to speak for the Palestinians and to warn the British Cabinet of their misguided policy. Nawab Ismail Khan and I have been selected to go and perform this duty. After consulting the leaders of opinion in Jerusalem, I propose to reach London as early as I can.

"There are representatives of Palestine in London, in consultation with whom we shall do the best we can. I do hope that we are not late, for the latest telegrams seem to suggest that the Report of the Royal Commission on Palestine may be ready for presentation to Cabinet and British Parliament by the middle of June."

How Egypt Entered The League

GENEVA: May 26.

The admission of Egypt to full membership of the League was unanimously voted by the League of Nations.

Dr. Tewfik Aras, first welcomed the Egyptian Delegation which was led by Nahas Pasha, all wearing scarlet tarbushes.

A score of other speakers included Mr. Eden, who said that the admission of Egypt to the League set the seal upon Egyptian Independence, and he was confident that it was the beginning of an epoch of fruitful collaboration between her and the other members of the League.—Reuter.

MINERS WITHDRAW STRIKE NOTICES

LONDON, May 27.

Miners Delegates Conference ratified the agreement for fusion of the two rival unions of Nottinghamshire and decided by an overwhelming majority that strike notices throughout the coalfield be withdrawn.—Reuter's Special.

AMY REMAINS UNBEATEN

CAPE TOWN, May 27.

Llewellyn failed to beat Amy Johnson's England to Cape Town record having made a forced landing at Mitenhage near Port Elizabeth, well off the course, owing to compass trouble after leaving Johannesburg.—Reuter.

TRAINING FOR "INDUS" RATINGS

LONDON May 27

"Indus" will remain at portsmouth until June 12, while the officers and ratings undergo a number of courses including visits to naval establishments, a one week course of contact mines, a fortnights course of gunnery. The "Indus" sails thereafter to Stranraer, where sh joins the first mine-sweeping flotilla for mine-sweeping exercises until approximately July 28, when the "Indus" returns to Portsmouth. Here the ratings will undergo annual musketry. "Indus" will be present at the naval week at Portmouth terinating August 7 and sails for Bombay on August 10.—Reuter.

Satyamurti For Hill Station

MADRAS, May 27.

Mr. S. Satyamurti, Deputy Leader of the Congress Party in the Central Assembly, who was discharged from a nursing home yesterday, left for Mysore last night for a month's rest in a hill station.—A.P.

INDIA'S RAIL-ROAD PROBLEM

Comprehensive Motor Legislation Bill For Assembly

SIMLA, May 27.

"Most comprehensive motor legislation" is the description given to the Motor Bill now under draft by the Government of India, which is likely to be introduced at the forthcoming session of the Legislative Assembly.

Mr. Reynolds, who was Secretary of the Motor Insurance Committee, has been placed on special duty in connection with the drafting of the Bill. It is understood, however, that the final draft will not be completed till the Wedgewood report on the Railways is received by the Government, since the report, it is anticipated, will contain important recommendations on rail-road competition.

The Technical Committee on roads met here yesterday. It is understood that the meeting "inter alia" examined the scheme submitted by the Provinces for the approval of the Standing Committee on Roads, which is expected to meet here in the third week of September.

ARTERIAL ROADS

It is understood that the Government are examining the advisability of taking up about 7,000 miles of arterial roads, to be maintained by the Central Government. It will be recalled that the question was brought up before the Joint Parliament Committee when the suggestion was made to include a provision in the Government of India Act. This view however, was not accepted. Since then representations have been made that the maintenance of arterial roads is a matter which should not be left over to the Provinces and the Central Government should assume the responsibility of looking after them from its own funds.

This suggestion is now receiving the careful consideration of the Government of India.—A. P.

DIVINE QUEEN CONQUERED

Spencer Chapman Reaches Summit Of 23,930 Feet Mountain

KALIMPONG, May 27.

Mount Chomolhari has been climbed.

Mr. F. Spencer Chapman wires from Pharijong, Tibet:

"Summit reached. All well."

"The Divine Queen Mountains" of 23,930 feet have thus been conquered.—A.P.

TRIBUTE TO CHAPMAN'S ACHIEVEMENT

SIMLA, May 27.

Experienced mountaineers express the greatest admiration for Mr. Chapman's reported climb of Mount Chomolhari, especially because it has been done so early in the year. It is not known whether Mr. Chapman climbed alone. But Mr. Crawford, who was believed to be with him was officially reported yesterday to be anxious about Mr. Chapman's safety, thus strengthening the conviction that Mr. Chapman made the climb alone.

Mr. Chapman was a member of the Courtaeld Polar Expedition. He recently returned from tibet, where he was secretary to Mr. B. J. Gould, leader of the British Mission.—A. P.

MADRID TO BE EVACUATED

VALENCIA MAY, 27.

The Cabinet have decided to accelerate the evacuation of Madrid as much as possible. They have also decided that all wireless broadcasting stations in Government territory should be placed under Government control.—Reuter.

EXECUTION OF GERMAN AIRMEN POSTPONED

BILBAO May 27.

The Basque Government announces that it has postponed the execution of the three condemned German airmen with the object of contributing disappearance from international scene of all motives which could promote continuance of intervention of Fascist powers in Spanish civil war.

"Forms of exchange are being studied."

Plane Machine-Gunned After Crash

Rebel Outrage Committed Despite Identification Marks

BILBAO: May 26.

A 'plane belonging to the Air Pyrenees, a French Line, engaged in the Bayonne-Bilbao Service, is reported to have been shot down by Insurgent 'planes at Sopeina, a small coastal town, nine miles north of Bilbao. The pilot and five passengers, including a woman, were slightly injured.

LATER.

It is stated that the Insurgent fighters continued to machinegun the French 'plane after its crash and also machinegunned the villagers, who rushed to assist.

The Basque Government Air Experts claim to have witnessed the whole affair and identify the attacking machines as Heinkels.

The damaged 'plane bore easily visible identification marks and was flying on the Regulation route under the Non-Intervention control.

The Company owning the 'plane has suspended its Biarritz-Bilbao Service until further notice.—Reuter.

Official Boycott Of Windsor Wedding

TOURS: May 26.

The list of guests at the Duke of Windsor's wedding has been announced.

They will be: Mr. Hugh Lloyd Thomas (the British Minister in Paris is not attending in his official capacity), Lady Selby, the wife of the British Minister in Vienna, who frequently met the Duke while he was in Austria; Sir Walter Monckton, who was in close personal touch with the Duke at the time of his abdication; Major Metcalfe, formerly Equerry, when the Duke was Prince of Wales and his wife Lady Alexandra; Baron and Baroness Eugene De Rothschild, the Duke's host and hostess after abdication; Mrs. Merriman (Mrs. Warfield's aunt); Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bedaux, their host and hostess at the Chateau de Cande; Mr. Herman Rogers, their host at Cannes; Mr. Dudley Forwood, the Duke's Equerry and Mr. Allen, the Duke's Solicitor.—Reuter.

Kripalani's Reply To Hindu Sabha

Condemnation Of Frontier Policy Does Not Mean Approval Of Tribal Methods

ALLAHABAD, May 27.

Acharya Kripalani has issued the following statement in connection with the observance of frontier day on May 28.

"A few days back, I made a statement and annoyed the Muslim League. I made another statement and annoyed the Hindu Sabha. The latter statement was in connection with the frontier day organised by certain associations.

The Faizpur Congress passed a resolution condemning the frontier policy of the Government. By asking Congressmen to join in a demonstration against that policy, I thought I was only discharging my duty. I had no idea I would be annoying my friends of the Hindu Sabha. My appeal was directed only to congressmen who believe in the Congress Policy and programme.

The congress resolution gives good grounds for condemning the frontier policy of the Government.

NO APPROVAL OF TRIBAL METHODS.

This condemnation does not imply any approval of the methods used by the tribes or any action taken by them. The two questions stand apart. This much however is certain, that we believe that it is quite possible to tackle this problem by peaceful methods. After all, the same tribes live beyond the borders and have their homes in the frontier province. If the latter have been tame, one cannot understand why their cousins living a few miles beyond cannot be. We believe that if we were an independent people, it would not be difficult for our Swaraj Government to tackle this problem peacefully.

ADVICE TO HINDU SABHA.

These are fundamental questions. The harassment of the Hindus is only a by-product of the policy pursued in Imperial interests. If the Government by their policy of well nigh a hundred years have afforded no relief to Hindu residents on the frontier, the Hindus must if they are wise look for relief somewhere else. We hold that the relief that they surely and sorely need can only come through the political emancipation of India through Swaraj.

It stands to the credit of the Congress that it does not miss nor lose sight of the proper perspective, and the necessary heirarchy of human values.—A.P.

LE KSAR STILL LEADS

Latest Betting On French Colt, 11 To 2; Cashbook Comes Next

LONDON, May 26.

The following is the latest Derby Callover:—

11 to 2 Le Ksar;

7 to 1 Cashbook;

17 to 2 Perifox;

10 to 1 Goya II;

13 to 1 Solfo, taken and offered,

100 to 7 Midday Sun, Fairford, Le Grande Duc offered, 15 to 1 taken;

18 to 1 Gainsborough Lass, offered 20 to 1 taken;

20 to 1 Renardo offered, 25 to 1 taken;

25 to 1 Pascal, taken and offered;

28 to 1 Full Sail offered, 33 to 1 taken;

33 to 1 Le Bambino offered;

50 to 1 The Hour;

66 to 1 Inglefield, Snowfall, taken and offered.

66 to 1 Honquan offered, 80 to 1 taken;

66 to 1 Scarlet Plume offered;

100 to 1 Battle Royal, Sandsprite, Winnebar;

200 to 1 Frank Hals taken and offered.

HANDICAP BILLIARD TOURNAMENT

Saunders Beats Evans By Narrow Margin Of 7 Pts.

Following are the results of the Handicap Billiard Tourney played at the Colaba Co-operative Stores:

C. Saunders (minus 100) beat C. Evans (plus 20) 250—243.

P. Pandole (plus 25) beat C. Ford (scr.) 250—150.

The match between Saunders and Evans was very interesting. Saunders played a cautious game and compiled some good breaks, his best being 37.30.26 He caught his opponent when the scores were 243 plays, and just managed to win by 7 points.

Evans is to be given a lot of credit, as he also played an excellent game and looked a winner at every stage but was unfortunate to loose by a few points.

The second game was a runaway victory for Pandole as he increased his lead at every stage and won by a margin of 100 points. To Ford's bad luck he was off his form.

YORKSHIRE CUP RESULTS

LONDON, May 27.

The Yorkshire Cup result is as follows:—

SILVERSOL 1

BUCKLEIGH 2

QUEENSHILLING 3

Eleven ran; won by four lengths, half a length separated the second and the third.

Betting: Five to one on Silversol, seven to one on Buckleigh, ten to one on Queenshilling.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS.

CIVIL LIST BILL PASSED

LONDON, May 27.

The House of Commons passed the second reading of the Civil List Bill after rejecting by 240 votes against 112 the Labour motion for its rejection.—Reuter.

VICTORY FOR DR. COLIJN

Socialist Support To New Govt. In Holland

AMSTERDAM, May 27.

Dr. Colijn's Government have gained an overwhelming majority at the general election. The combined Government parties have 70 seats in the new Chamber, while the Anti-Government Nazis have four and the Communists three.

The Socialists returned 23. They are not represented on the Government but have declared they are not against the Government.—Reuter.

GOVT. SCORES MAJORITY

AMSTERDAM, May 27.

The general election results in 440 districts out of a total of 1056 give the Government and its supporting parties easy majorities with more votes than in the previous election.

The National Socialists have hitherto polled only 5,000 votes and the communists have secured one or two gains.—Reuter.

EMERGENCE OF FASCIS PARTY IN HOLLAND

AMSTERDAM, May 26.

The emergence of a Fascist Party for the first time in Holland is the main feature of the general election campaign which culminated to-day in heavy polling.

RESERVE BANK SHARE HOLDINGS

Discussion At Calcutta Board Meeting

CALCUTTA, May 27.

The question of restricting the holdings of the Reserve Bank Shares discussed in the press, it is understood, came up for discussion at yesterday's meeting of the local board of the Eastern Area of the Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta on a motion on the subject tabled by Mr. A.M.K. Ghosh, an elected member of the local board.

Mr. Ghose's motion, it appears, was to the effect that the local board were of the opinion that the Government of India should first ascertain the views of the local boards of the Reserve Bank in various provinces before presenting any amendment to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 to the Central Legislative Assembly and that the suggestions of the local boards be given due consideration in drawing up the amending bill. After discussing the subject the local board is understood to have resolved that the central board of the Reserve Bank be asked to send an advance copy of the draft bill, as soon as it is prepared to the local board, which, at a special meeting would consider this and formulate its opinion thereon and forward its views to the Government of India for consideration.—A.P.

Ceresole F Sonathi

PATNA, May 27.

Dr. Ceresole returns to Sonathi in Muzaffarpore District, accompanied by Mr. Phani Dutt to give the finishing touch to the new colony. He leaves for America via Japan from Bombay on June 12.—United Press.

International Football Match

EUROPEANS BEAT INDIANS

Farewell To Lord And Lady Brabourne

The first International football match between Indians and Europeans was staged at the Cooperage on Thursday evening. It was arranged by the W. I. F. A. to accord a hearty farewell to Lord and Lady Brabourne who would be leaving for Bengal shortly.

At the desire of the distinguished guests of the evening, the whole proceeds of the match will be divided between the Naigaum Social Service Centre and the European Relief Association.

Quite a large crowd turned up to witness the contest. Before the game commenced, the Band of the Cheshire Regiment entertained the crowd with fine selections of music.

And a bevy of young ladies relieved the spectators of their loose change at the exchange of a special programme and a sweet smile.

On his arrival the teams were introduced to Lord Brabourne.

AN ATTRACTIVE GAME

Considering the haphazard combinations of the teams the display on both sides was fairly attractive. The game though not of a high order was interesting from the beginning to end. Contrary to expectations, the Europeans found stronger solidarity among their ranks than did the opposing eleven. It was however in their shooting department they excelled and which really contributed to their success by the substantial margin of three goals to nil. It must be added also that Indians were very unlucky in that some of their golden chances either went astray or were miraculously saved by Eddens, the European custodian.

INDIAN'S WEAKNESS

It was a pity Dadoo was not at the Indian pivot. The team lacked his wise guidance both in the attacking movements and in defensive tactics. Sallen, who held this vital position, found himself at sea, and was far from helpful to his side. Premlal at full back was another weak link in the defence lines. As a matter of fact one of his miskicks was responsible for the first goal against the Indians and which, to a certain extent, demoralised them. Paul in charge of their citadel was not at all safe.

OUTSTANDING PERFORMERS

The men who did yeomen service in the ranks of the Indians were Dadoo, Mendon, Salim, Almeida and Karunakar. The first two were responsible for many a timely intervention at critical moments and were very judicious in feeding their forwards. The other two were engaged in several dangerous raids but their shooting lacked sting and direction which in a large measure neutralised their effectiveness. Jamnadas at the right extreme did well in the second moiety, though his efforts in the initial period were futile and meaningless. Unfortunately for the Indian forwards, their opponents were too tall and hefty to be tackled or overpowered easily. This undoubtedly contributed in a substantial measure to their failure.

EUROPEANS' GOOD FORTUNE

The Europeans were fortunate in having in their ranks two players of the highest ability. Westcott in the attacking line was a danger personified. Although he was not seen in his best colours as yet, he did sufficient damage to leave the Indian team beyond repair. Two of the three goals were notched by him, the first—a 'header' in his characteristic style.

The other was their custodian and captain, Eddens. He played a marvellous game between the sticks and brought off several spectacular saves. But for his clever anticipations and swift clearances, the Indians might have turned the tables on them.

The remaining members of the European team, particularly Schultze, Butcher and Barnes, acquitted themselves creditably. Their team-work was indeed better than that of their adversaries and which contributed to their success in no small degree.

A SPLENDID GOAL

The game commenced with the Indians on the firing line. The European fortress escaped two small bombardments unscathed, Almeida and Salim being responsible for the shots. Up and down play followed for a while. Schultze had a straight drive at Paul who fumbled and conceded a corner which proved abortive. A little later Wilson hit the side of the net from close quarters. It was not however till the twenty-fifth minute of the fight that the first goal was scored. Premlal in trying to clear away a fine centre from the left narrowly missed his own netted area. From the resultant flag-kick, Westcott headed the ball beautifully into the far corner of the net. Before lemon time was called, Almeida had an easy opportunity of scoring from close range but he made a present of it to Eddens

INDIANS' BAD LUCK

The interval found the Indians in a more determined mood. An attractive move in the right flank saw Michael in possession right in front of the European goal. The referee wrongly blew for offside and saved the situation for the Europeans. Hardly five minutes had elapsed from the restart, the Europeans registered their second goal. A neat pass from Westcott found Schultze driving into the net. A cleverer custodian than Paul would have easily cleared it. Soon after Paul was hurt and had to be carried away by the ambulance men for repairs. Sallan filled the gap for five minutes till he returned. During this period Sallan made a few spectacular clearances without using his hands which earned him rounds of applause from all sides. Karunakar called upon Eddens to clear a hot shot from him. It passed through the latter's fingers, struck the cross piece and rebounded into play—a piece of bad luck!

Midway through this half, Westcott added the third goal to the score and set the Indians' hopes to rest. Despite strenuous efforts on both sides, the score remained stationary at three goals to nil

THE RESULT

EUROPEAN XI ..... 3 goals
INDIAN XI ..... Nil.

THE TEAMS:

EUROPEAN XI:—Eddens (Bombay Gymkhana); Lennand (Bombay City) and L.|C. Barnes (Cheshires); Collins (R. A.), Butcher (Bombay Gymkhana) and Drummer Pennington (Cheshires); D. McHugh (Bombay City), Wilson (R. A.), Schultze (Bombay Gymkhana), L.|C. Westcott (Cheshires) and Perry (R. A.).

INDIANS XI:—Paul (Young Goans); Mendon (Dewjee's Kanara) and Premlal (Bombay City); Telang (Young Goans), Sallan (Dewjee's Kanara) and Dadoo (Georgians); Jamnadas (Fort Rangers), Michael (Young Goans), Almeida (Young Goans), Salim (Bombay Customs) and Karunakar (Georgians).

REFEREE: Mr. Ridly.

LINESMEN: Mr. Shankarlingam and Mr. Ranganathan.

W. I. F. A.'S EFFORTS

At the conclusion of the game, Mr. A. C. Henrichs, President of the W. I. F. A., thanked Lord and Lady Brabourne for the interest they have evinced in the activities of his Association and wished them God-speed to their new sphere of activity.

Mr. Henrichs said that the W I. F. A. in collaboration with the Indian Football League have been trying their utmost to foster the game among Indians on this side of India and hoped that Bombay may be able to send an Indian team to Calcutta when His Excellency would be there.

In conclusion, Mr. Henrichs mentioned that the institutions for whose benefit the match was arranged would receive over a thousand rupees in donation from the W. I. F. A.

BRABOURNE'S THANKS

Lord Brabourne responded in suitable terms reciprocating the sentiments of the W. I. F. A. He highly eulogised the services rendered by the W. I. F. A. to the cause of football in Bombay. He wished it all success in future.

Lady Brabourne gave away the prizes to both the European and Indian teams presented by Sir Ellwyn Ezra.

LABOUR BILLS FOR BENGAL

For Maternity And Trades Disputes Settlement Legislation

CALCUTTA, May 27.

The Associated Press understands that the Ministry of Labour is contemplating the introduction of two Bills in the next session of the Bengal Assembly aimed at the improvement of Labour conditions.

These two measures are a Maternity Bill and a Trades Disputes Bill on the lines of the Bombay Trade Disputes Conciliation Act of 1934.

MEDIATION MACHINERY

The former has been circulated, and opinions on it are being received. The latter will provide for the creation of Labour officers, who will look after the interests of the workers, represent their cases to the employers, and act as mediators with a view to the settlement of disputes and differences between them.

The Bill will also provide for the appointment of Conciliation Officers, whose duties will be on somewhat similar lines.

The policy of the Government is to create machinery for mediation and conciliation in disputes, and to appoint officers who will continuously look to the welfare of the workers and will suggest to the Government various schemes for the amelioration of conditions of Labour.—A.P.

RELIEF FOR PUNJAB PEASANTS

Chamanlal Gives Notice Of Important Bills For Assembly

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 26.

Dewan Chamanlal has given notice of a series of Bills to be moved at the forthcoming session of the Punjab Legislative Assembly. According to the mover, the Bills are designed to give effect to the national constitution programme. The first of them deals with the peasantry. At present practically nine crores of rupees out of a budget of ten crores in the Punjab are derived in direct taxation from the peasantry in shape of land revenue, water rates or excise. There is no graduation in scale of payments as in the case of income-tax, nor is there a minimum income limit for exemption. The rich and the poor pay alike.

Diwan Chamanlal seeks to amend the Land Revenue Act making every tiller of a five-acre plot of irrigated land, of a twelve-acre plot of unirrigated land exempt from payment of land revenue. The measure is intended to protect the largest body of peasants in the Punjab and is considered definitely of far-reaching character.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

The second Bill deals with unemployment insurance. For the first time in the history of India a measure of this kind is being brought up before a legislature. The scheme is based on a compulsory contributory basis, workers employers and State making payment into the unemployment fund at the following rates: Workers one anna per week; employers three annas per week; and the State two annas per week. All workers employed wholly and mainly by way of manual labour, clerical or supervisory capacity whether under private, municipal or public authority, would be required to make the contribution provided their monthly income did not exceed Rs. 100. Workers below the age of 18 will be called upon to contribute half an anna per week. It will be the employer in the first instance who shall be responsible for contributions both of himself and his employee but he would be entitled to deduct the amount so paid on behalf of the employees from their wages bill.

Punjab Government through the Ministry of Finance shall advance a sum not exceeding one crore towards the unemployment fund which sum shall remain the first charge on that fund.

Two Supplementary Orders-in-Council

SIMLA, May 27.

Two supplementary Orders-in-Council are expected to be published in June next. One of these will relate to further adaptation of Indian Statutes passed till 31st March last, since the adaptation of old Statutes. The other order will guide leave and pensions of puisne Judges of the Federal Court.—United Press.

NIZAM'S DISCLAIMER

No Funds To Muslim League To Fight Congress

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) May, 27.

As regards news circulated by daily "Arjun" of Delhi that the Nawab of Bhopal and the Nizam of Hyderabad have offered one crore to Muslim League a communique issued by Nizam's Government States.

"The news circulated by a certain section of the Press that His Exalted Highness has offered a large sum to Muslim League to fight out elections against Congress is entirely without foundation".

AFGHAN INTERNEE IN CUSTODY

Sequel To Alleged Violation Of Restrictions

RANCHI, May 27.

Sardar Abdul Khaliq Khan, an Afghan political prisoner who has been interned in Ranchi for the last two years under Regulation III of 1818, attempted to leave the town, but was intercepted by the authorities and taken into custody.

The Sardar, who claims to have been a colonel in the Afghan Army, and that his wife is of a Royal blood, is understood to have recently expressed his desire to leave Ranchi, but it was pointed out to him by the authorities that they had received no orders for his release.

SARDAR'S VERSION.

Subsequently the Sardar stated that he had received information from the Afghan Consul that he had been placed at liberty. He packed his belongings, and with his wife and children went to the railway station. He was stopped however, and informed that he was violating orders. On his refusal to return to his residence he was taken to the jail, where he has been housed in separate quarters.—A. P.

NO WINDING UP OF JUSTICE PARTY

Bobbili's Disclaimer

MADRAS, May 27.

In connection with the reported pourparlers between the Rajah of Bobbili, leader of the Justice Party, and the Maharajah of Pithapuram, leader of the Peoples' Party with a view to the formation of a national party in opposition to the Congress, the Rajah of Bobbili wires from Ootacamund:

"There is no truth in the rumours that either the Justice Party is being wound up or that its name is being changed. Such questions were neither suggested nor discussed here."—A.P.

Dr. Subbaroyan For England

MADRAS, May 27.

Dr. Subbaroyan left for Bombay this morning "en route" for England in connection with the Indo-British Trade negotiations, at which he is a non-official adviser. —A.P.

GENEVA EXPERT TO ADVISE JAMNADAS MEHTA

Finance Minister Expounds Soundness Of His Paper Programme

Fighting desperately to justify the existence of the Bombay Cabinet, the Honourable the Finance Minister of Bombay expounded the Economic Programme of the Cabinet, at a lecture delivered at the Commerce Graduate's Association on Thursday evening.

Mr. Mehta drew a rosy picture of what he would like to do to relieve the distress of the peasant and the worker, and what the Bombay cabinet propose to do about it.

But there is a catch in the story. As Mr. Mehta said, in spite of the defects and drawbacks of the Government of India Act of 1935, the provincial Legislatures have absolute control over finance and Mr. Mehta wants, 125 lacs of Rupees to carry out his immediate programme. He hoped that the Public and Legislature would judge their programme on its merits and enable the Cabinet to carry out the programme.

PILLARS OF LAND POLICY.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta divided his Economic programme into two parts, the first dealing with Land Policy and the second with Labour conditions.

There were four definite items on the Land Policy. They are the remission of the Land tax, bringing under cultivation waste areas of land now lying fallow, removing interference and oppression by middle men and lastly the problem of rural indebtedness.

Dealing with the question of the Land Mr. Mehta traced the history of Land assessment and stated that the original assessments were not based on any scientific principle. He quoted the late Mr. Gokhale who, writing in the quarterly of the Sarvajanik Sabha had stated that in the course of one generation the whole of the cultivable land had changed hands. Such was the rigour of the incidence of Land Revenue.

Mr. Mehta said that now that it had become possible for popular ministers to handle the question, they would not regard the original assessment as sacrosane, but would proceed to solve the problem in a scientific and equitable manner. The only test to be applied was whether the Tax assures to the peasant the fruits of his labour. It was not the intention of the ministry to reckon merely in terms of profits and percentages. But they would think of the wages that would be rightly due to the peasant for the labour he has sunk on his land and any legitimate profit he is entitled to get.

PROBLEMS OF LANDLESS LABOURERS.

Dealing with the question of Land that is at present lying fallow, because it cannot bear the burden of any taxation at all, Mr. Mehta said that while the area of cultivable land in the Presidency was about 3 crores and 20 lacs, of acres, nearly a crore and 20 lacs were still to be brought under cultivation. There are in the Presidency nearly 37 lacs of landless labourers. If all the fallow land is given out to landless labourers who would be exempt from paying any occupancy price for a number of years, Mr. Mehta estimated that it would be possible to settle two lacs of families on such land. This would solve the terrible unemployment and also relieve the present pressure on land.

Continuing Mr. Mehta said that though the Presidency was mainly a ryotwari tract, there were many kinds of middlement and parasites who reaped where the others had sown. The Government proposed to examine such systems wherever present, with a view to give relief to the peasant from such interference.

HIS OWN SCHEME NOT ADOPTED.

Coming to the question of rural indebtedness Mr. Mehta said that the peasant was born in debt, lived in debt and died in debt while the sowcar fattened on the peasant whom he exploited till he could exploit him no more. The Co-operative Societies, which according to the lecturer were merely glorified sowcars, under a different name, did not touch the fringe of the question. The only way to deal with the question was to take a desperate radical remedy. The lecturer outlined a scheme under which all Sowcars and money lenders would be abolished and the State would take over the entire burden of the debt. In lieu thereof, the present creditors would receive Government paper bearing an interest of not more than 4 per cent interest. With another 2 or 3 per cent towards amortization and service costs, the peasant would be completely free from debt in about 50 years. But even this scheme is not going to be adopted by the Bombay cabinet. They only propose to prohibit iniquitous interest, disallow compound interest, enforce the law of "Damdupat" and take other steps to scale down debts.

Dealing with the Labour aspect of the programme, the Finance Minister envisaged schemes of Free medical relief, fixing standards of minimum wages, maximum hours, accident insurance, sickness insurance and old age pensions. But the secretariat has not, worked out the details of this scheme. Mr. Mehta revealed that they intended to invite an expert from the International Labour Office at Geneva to advise them in the matter. He hoped that it would not be the kind of expert with whom India is familiar—a jaded professor or businessman come to enjoy his winter holiday.

The speaker stated that this programme was absolutely genuine and it was open to the public to accept, amend or cancel it as they pleased.

With a vote of thanks the meeting terminated.

TRAGIC SEQUEL TO DOMESTIC QUARREL

Woman Kills 3 Children And Commits Suicide

DHUBRI, May 25.

Because she had a quarrel with her husband a woman of Goalpura stabbed her three children, then inflicted severe injuries on herself.

The children died almost instantaneously, while the mother, who was admitted to hospital, died shortly afterwards.—A. P.

INSURANCE SELECT COMMITTEE

Fortnight's Session In Simla In August

SIMLA, May 27.

The Select Committee of the Assembly on the Insurance Bill will meet at Simla on August 9 and it is expected its sitting will last for a fortnight.

The Committee will examine representatives of various insurance interests in the country.—A. P.

Dentist's Alleged Suicide

(From A Correspondent)

RAJKOT, May 27.

Dentist Jesukhlal, the son of Dental Surgeon Damodardas J. Gajjar is reported to have committed suicide by taking a poisonous drug to-day at noon. He was 24 years old.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

BAZIN.

Whereas Porthos' vain and indiscreet character was as easy to see through as crystal, Aramis in reality was quite a mystery. He did not conceal the fact that he was a musketeer only for a time, and that he hoped later on to become a churchman. Aramis lived in a neat little flat on the ground floor. Climbing plants outside made it impenetrable to the eyes of his neighbours. His footman, Bazin, was a quiet, peaceable fellow between thirty and forty. He spent his leisure in reading pious books left him by his master. For the rest he was discreet and true as steel.

GRIMAUD.

D'Artagnan, who naturally was eager to make out who Athos, Porthos, and Armamis really were, questioned his companions one by one, but he did not become much the wiser. Of Athos it was only known that he was of noble descent, and that he had met with crosses in love, and that base treachery had for ever poisoned the life of this gallant man. He never spoke of women, and upon the whole he was very taciturn and reserved. Therefore, he had trained Grimaud, his footman, to absolute silence. All orders were given and received by means of gestures and signs. Athos was at the same time loved and feared by his servant.

SUPERFINE AUTO ACCESSORIES
FISK TYRES & TUBES
AUTO STAR BATTERIES
SOLEX CARBURETTORS
KISMET PUMPS & GAUGES
BARNACLE LICENSE HOLDERS
BLACKHAWK JACKS & TOOLS
Pullman AUTO CHEMICALS
Solux ELECTRIC BULBS
FERODO WORLD'S STANDARD BRAKE LINING
WELLWORTHY PISTON RINGS CHOICE OF THE EXPERT
HORNS, REEDS & BULBS
TIMKEN BRITISH ROLLER BEARINGS
AC SPARK PLUGS
Sriberling TYRE OF TYRES
MONITOR ELC. & MEC. TESTERS.
AUTO STAR SPRAYING LACQUER
SOLE DISTRIBUTORS.
GRAMS: AUTOWORKS
Empire RANE LIMITED Proprietors
ESTD. 1914.
Automobiles
NEW QUEENS ROAD, BOMBAY,
CALCUTTA, DELHI & SECUNDERABAD

INSURE WITH

Bharat

INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Head Office: LAHORE

Established 1896

Total Assets Rs. 2,20,00,000
Life Fund Rs. 1,80,00,000
Claims Paid Rs. 1,42,00,000

BONUS

Whole Life Rs. 22-8
Endowments Rs. 17-8

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

CENTRAL:

Seth Ram Krishna Dalmia, Chairman
Mr. Durga Prasad Khaitan, M.A., B.L., Vice-Chairman
Mr. Shanti Prasad Jain.
Lala Sham Lal, M.L.A.
Mr. Malak Ram Sabharwal.
Mr. Nirmal Kumar Jain.
Mr. Rajendra Kumar Jain Director-in-charge.
General Manager: Mr. P D. Khosla, M.A.

DELHI:

Sardar Bahadur Sardar Sobha Singh.
Lala Madan Lal Jain B.A., LL.B., Pleader

CALCUTTA:

Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore, Shantiniketan.
Maharaja Bahadur Sir Prodyot Coomar Tagore, K.C.I.E.
Mr. Gobindlal Bangur.
Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghose, Editor, "Amrita Bazar Patrika".

NAGPUR:

Khan Bahadur M. E. R. Malak.

MADRAS:

Mr. S. V. Ramaswami Mudaliar, President, Board of Directors, Imperial Bank of India.
Rao Bahadur V. Thiruvenkatathan Chetty, Director, Imperial Bank of India.
Mr. C. R. Srinivasan, Editor, "Swadeshmitran", Director, Reserve Bank of India.
Mr. Ranglal Jajodia, Director-in-charge.

BOMBAY:

Mr. K. F. Nariman, ex-Mayor of Bombay.
Raja Narayanlal Bansilal Pitti.
Mr. Jivatlal Purtapshi.

KARACHI:

Mr. Sorab K. H. Katrak, of Messrs Katrak and Co.
Mr. Shivaratan Mohta.

PATNA:

Mr. Sachchidananda Sinha, Vice-Chancellor, Patna University, ex-Finance Member, Government of Bihar.
The Hon'ble Mr. Rajandhari Sinha, ex-President, Bihar Legislative Council.
Mr. P. R. Das, Bar.-at-Law, ex-Judge, Patna High Court.

LUCKNOW:

Shaik Habibullah, O.B.E., M.L.C.
Munshi Ram Kumar Bhargava.

BRANCH OFFICES:

Ajmere, Amritsar, Bangalore, Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Delhi, Ernakulam, Hyderabad (Deccan), Karwar (N. Kanara), Karachi, Lucknow, Madras, Madura, Multan, Nagpur, Patna, Rajahmundry, Rangoon, Rawalpindi, Sukkur.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act (VII of 1913) as amended by the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936.

A copy of this Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar, Joint Stock Companies, Bihar (India), London and Rangoon (Burma).

DALMIA CEMENT Ltd.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST WILL OPEN ON 1st JUNE, 1937 AND CLOSE ON 8th JUNE, 1937.

Application money may be deposited with the Imperial Bank of India, Bank of Bihar, Ltd., Punjab National Bank, Ltd., Central Bank of India, Ltd., Bank of Baroda, Ltd., and all their Branches, and Imperial Bank of India, London.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL:—Rs. 5,00,00,000 (Rs. 5 Crores)
DIVIDED INTO

2,40,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each,
25,00,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each, and
10,00,000 Deferred Shares of Re. 1 each.

ISSUED CAPITAL:—Rs. 1,00,00,000 (Rs. 1 Crore)
DIVIDED INTO

35,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each ... Rs. 35 Lacs.
6,00,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each ... Rs. 60 Lacs.
5,00,000 Deferred Shares of Re. 1 each ... Rs. 5 Lacs.

Of the first issue: Shares of the value of Rs. 50 lacs have already been subscribed by and allotted to the Directors, Managing Agents and their friends.

Of the second issue: Shares of the Value of Rs. 50 lacs have been underwritten by Messrs. Place, Siddons and Gough.

Of the above 15,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each, 3,15,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each and 3,50,000 Deferred shares of Re. 1 each of the total value of Rs. 50,00,000 (Fifty lacs) have already been subscribed by and allotted to the Directors, the Managing Agents and their friends and 5 p. c. (being the amount payable on application and allotment), has already been paid and 45 p. c. will be called simultaneously with allotment of proposed issue. The remaining shares of the total value of Rs. 50,00,000 (Fifty lacs), namely, 20,000 Preference Shares of Rs. 100 each, 2,85,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each and 1,50,000 Deferred Shares of Re. 1 each are hereby offered to the public for subscription at Rs. 101-0, Rs. 10-4 and Re. 1-4 respectively payable as follows:—

	On application.	On Allotment.
Ordinary Shares	Rs. 2-8	Rs. 2-12
Preference Shares	Rs. 25-0	Rs. 26-0
Deferred Shares	Full amount, viz.,	Re. 1-4

and the balance on Ordinary and Preference Shares as and when the Directors choose to call but at intervals of not less than two months.

DIRECTORS.

SETH RAMKRISHNA DALMIA, Chairman, 7, Narain Babu Lane, Calcutta.
The Rt. Hon'ble LORD RONALDSHAY, Airport, Portsmouth, England.
Raja Sir BRIJ NATH SINGH, K.C.I.E., Ruler of Maihar.
Sir WALTER CRADDOCK of Messrs. Place, Siddons & Gough, Calcutta.
Sir DOUGLAS STEWART, Baronet, Patna.
Mr. ALOIS MIEDL, Director, Veland Handel Maatschappij (Veland Trading Society, Ltd.), Copper Mine Owner, Roemer Visscherstraat, 23, Amsterdam (Holland).
Mr. GOBINDLAL BANGUR of Messrs. Mugneeram Bangur & Co., Stock Exchange Brokers and Dealers and Bankers, 7, Lyons Range, Calcutta.
Mr. DWARKADAS JHUNJHUNWALA of Messrs. Chimanram Motilal, Mill Owners & Bullion Merchants, Bombay.
Seth JAIDAYAL DALMIA, Director, Rohtas Industries, Limited, Dehri.

PROSPECTUS.

OBJECTS.—The Company has been formed specially for manufacturing and dealing in cement and generally for the purpose and objects set out in the Memorandum of Association.

PROSPECT.—It is well known that the consumption of cement is fast increasing. The fact that the Merger (the Associated Cement Companies, Ltd.) is increasing its number of factories is also indicative of the scope for further consumption of cement. The Directors contemplate erecting factories at Karachi, Delhi, Lahore, Maihar (C. I.), Assam or any other place or places. Karachi, Delhi and Lahore are very large centres of consumption and it is expected that large quantities of cement would be locally absorbed at these places and thus a great saving will be effected. At present no cement factory is located in any capital city of India. The proposed factory at Karachi like the cement factory of Rohtas Industries Ltd. will be the biggest single unit factory in India with a capacity of 500 tons. Some of the machineries intended for the Karachi factory have already arrived there and it is expected that this factory will be ready before the end of this year and others will be ready by the beginning of 1938. The factory at Karachi will afford facilities for the transport of cement by sea to major ports like Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Rangoon and other ports at a very low cost. The different markets served by these ports will be accessible by rail.

To ensure supply of electrical energy at cheap rate, the Directors contemplate obtaining supply at Lahore and Delhi from the existing electric companies. This course will substantially lessen the expenditure under machinery block account.

Due to the scarcity of, and rise in price of steel, reinforced cement concrete is replacing steel in building and bridge construction. Reduction in prices will generally stimulate the consumption of cement and cheaper supply will save for consumers crores of rupees. It will be the effort of the Directors to lower prices so as to make it cheaper for the Government, Municipalities and District Boards to lay out and maintain concrete roads which will be superior to the present metalled roads and will last much longer. At the Road Congress recently held at Lucknow and opened by His Excellency the Governor of U. P., the prospects of cheap supply of cement were put forward, with the concurrence of the promoters, by Mr. A. K. Datta, delegate of the Bengal Government (the well-known concrete patentee, under whose supervision the factories are proposed to be erected). The Congress received with enthusiasm the advent of the era of cheap supply of cement to foster development of concrete roads and which in the result would increase the consumption of cement in large quantities. The Directors consider that the company in cooperation with other sister concerns will be able to supply cement to almost all parts of India. At present cement is being sold at Rs. 40 to Rs. 60 per ton delivery at destination. The Directors expect to produce annually about 4,25,000 tons of cement through this concern and about 1-1/2 lakhs tons will be produced at Dehri-on-Sone by the sister concern, Rohtas Industries Ltd. Calculating on the basis of the present prevailing rates, the margin of profit is very high. Even on the basis of considerably reduced prices and after taking into account all expenses, commission, depreciation, income-tax, etc., the estimated profits calculated on the basis of even a margin of Rs. 5 per ton will be in the neighbourhood of Rs. 20 lakhs. At anything near this figure, a very handsome dividend on all classes of shares is assured.

Chart showing how profit will be distributed as dividend:—

Amount available for distribution.		Rate of dividend to be declared. On Pref. 35,00,000.	On Ord. 60,00,000	On Def. 5,00,000.
If it be	Rs. 2,10,000	6 per cent.	Nil	Nil
"	Rs. 7,50,000	6 "	9 per cent.	Nil
"	Rs. 8,95,000	7 "	10 "	10 per cent.
"	Rs. 12,20,000	7 "	15 "	15 "
"	Rs. 13,82,000	7 "	17½ "	17½ "
"	Rs. 17,00,000	7½ "	20 "	47½ "
"	Rs. 20,00,000	7½ "	22½ "	77½ "

The machineries of some of the existing cement factories are far from up to date. This results in increased fuel consumption and manufacturing costs run high.

It is said that the Merger (Associated Cement Companies Ltd.) has taken some of the old factories at their yield value, i.e., value based upon the profits and not upon their intrinsic value. Assuming a basis similar to that adopted by the Merger, the value of a factory of the size of the Karachi factory only should be about Rs. 1 crore, which is much more than double the estimated total cost of that factory. Consequently the Merger has to provide a comparatively larger sum for depreciation per ton of cement produced. Notwithstanding this fact, the shares of the cement Merger of Rs. 100 have appreciated to Rs. 160.

The price of Burma Cement shares—a new company—has gone up from Rs. 10 to about Rs. 20 and of the very recently floated Rs. 20 shares of Andhra Cement, which has a small manufacturing capacity, are said to be quoted at about Rs. 25.

Due to high margin of profits there has been a spectacular rise in prices of all shares of almost all the Cement Companies.

	Face Value. Rs.	Present Market Quotation. Rs.	
Shahabad Cement Shares	100 above	500	
Katni Ordinary Shares	100 "	400	
Katni Deferred Shares	40 "	2,500	(above 60 times the face value.)
Okha Shares	75 "	300	
Bundi Shares	10 "	40	
Indian Cement Shares	100 "	500	

The Directors think that the erection of a factory of a capacity of 100 tons is uneconomical except in special cases, both as regards initial expenses and manufacturing cost.

The whole of the share capital hereby offered to the public has been underwritten by Messrs. Place, Siddons & Gough of Calcutta, in consideration of a commission of 1 per cent. on Preference Shares, 2½ per cent. on Ordinary and Rs. 2-8 per 100 Deferred Shares. In the opinion of the Directors, the resources of the Underwriters are sufficient to discharge the underwriting obligations.

Preference Shares shall confer on the holders the right to a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum (income-tax free), on the capital for the time being paid up. They will rank both as regards dividend and claim on capital in priority to Ordinary and Deferred Shares. They will participate in dividend at 7 p.c. in the event of a dividend above 10 p.c. being declared on Ordinary Shares and will be entitled to 7½ p.c. in case of dividend at 20 p.c. and above being paid on Ordinary Shares and also to an additional ½ p.c. rising up to 9 p.c. along with every 10 p.c. further rise in the dividend on Ordinary Shares, but will have no further rights to participate in the profits or assets.

DIRECTORS.

Mr. SHANTI PRASAD JAIN, Director, Bharat Insurance Co., Ltd., and Rohtas Industries Ltd., Dehri.
Mr. JHABARMAL CHOKHANI, Merchant, Bihta.

AUDITORS.

Messrs. BATLIBOI & PUROHIT (Incorporated Accountants, London), Registered Accountants, Calcutta.

SOLICITORS.

Messrs. KHAITAN & Co., Calcutta.

BANKERS.

THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA
THE BANK OF BEHAR LIMITED.
THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.
THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
THE BANK OF BARODA LIMITED.

The Directors wish to discourage speculative purchase by the applicants. They desire that only bona fide investors should apply for these shares.

ALLOTMENT OF SHARES.

The Directors will favourably consider applications from persons who are shareholders of Rohtas Industries Ltd., South Behar Sugar Mills Ltd., Shree Krishna Gyanoday Sugar Ltd., Bharat Insurance Company, Ltd., and also applications for both Preference and Ordinary Shares, irrespective of the number of shares of each kind applied for. It is not necessary, however, to apply for an equal number of shares of each kind and applicants desiring to acquire a larger number of shares of a particular kind may so apply.

Deferred Shares will be allotted only to those who apply for both Preference and Ordinary Shares.

The discretion of the Directors in the matter of allotment will be final.

VOTING RIGHTS.

On a show of hands every holder of Deferred or Ordinary Shares present in person or proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll every shareholder present in person or proxy shall have one vote for every Ordinary and Deferred Share held by him.

Cumulative Preference Shares confer the right to receive notice or vote at General Meetings only when the dividend on such shares is in arrear for twelve calendar months or when any resolution is proposed for reducing the capital of the Company or winding up the Company or directly affecting the interest of the holders of such shares as a class as regards dividend return of capital or voting. Upon any question which entitles the holders of Preference Shares to vote Preference Shares confer one vote for each share held.

DIRECTORS' QUALIFICATIONS AND REMUNERATION.

Qualification for the office of Director is the holding of, in his own name, shares of the face value of Rs. 50,000. The remuneration of a Director shall be Rs. 100 for every meeting of the Board attended by him and he will be entitled to any travelling expenses incurred by him in attending meetings of the Board of Directors and also to any other expenses properly incurred in connection with the business of the Company.

INTEREST OF DIRECTORS.

Sir Walter Craddock is a partner in the firm of Messrs. Place Siddons & Gough who have underwritten this issue.

Seth Jaidayal Dalmia and Seth Shanti Prasad Jain are interested as Directors of Messrs. Dalmia Jain & Co. Ltd. (a private limited concern), Managing Agents of the Company. Seth Jaidayal Dalmia is also a party to the agreement for purchase of machinery and quarrying rights mentioned below.

AGREEMENTS.

1. An agreement dated the 16th April, 1937, between the Company of the one part and Messrs. Dalmia Jain & Co., Ltd., of the other part has been entered into for their appointment as Managing Agents of the Company upon the following terms:—
(a) Duration of agreement to be 20 years.
(b) An allowance of Rs. 2,000 per month.
(c) A commission of Rs. 10 per cent. of the net profits of the Company calculated after allowing for depreciation, for all the usual working charges, interest on loans and advances, repairs and outgoing, bounties or subsidies received from Government or from a public body, etc., as defined in Section 87C (3) of the Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1936.

2. An agreement dated the 16th April, 1937, between the Company of the one part and Seth Jaidayal Dalmia of the other part has been entered into for the sale of machinery at Rs. 25,25,000 plus port and customs charges delivered Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta.

3. An agreement dated the 16th April, 1937, between the Company of the one part and Messrs. Jaidayal Dalmia & Co., of the other part for the acquisition of the right of quarrying limestone.

For purposes of identification, all the above draft agreements have been signed by the first three signatories to the Memorandum and Articles of Association.

Copies of the above agreements and the Company's Articles of Association may be inspected at the registered office of the Company at any time during business hours.

The minimum subscription upon which the Directors may proceed to allotment is Rs. 50 lakhs.

The Company has entered into agreements for purchase of machinery and acquiring of limestone quarrying rights hereinbefore mentioned and obtained certificate for commencement of business on the 26th April, 1937, shortly prior to the issue of this prospectus. After obtaining the certificate of commencement of business no business has been done.

PRELIMINARY EXPENSES.

Preliminary expenses including registration fee, printing charges and other incidental expenses but excluding commission and brokerage for getting the capital subscribed are estimated not to exceed Rs. 25,000.

Deferred Shares will not participate in dividend unless a dividend of 10 p.c. is declared on the Ordinary Share Capital for the time being paid up. When in any year dividend is declared at 10 p. c. or above on the Ordinary Share Capital, holders of both Ordinary and Deferred Shares will be simultaneously entitled to dividend at the same rate up to 17-1/2 p.c. of the Ordinary and Deferred Share Capital for the time being paid up and of any surplus amount available for distribution, one half will be paid to holders of Ordinary Shares and the other half to holders of Deferred Shares.

On winding up, Ordinary Shareholders will have a prior claim over Deferred Shareholders on the amount of the face value of their shares to the extent they are paid up. The remaining assets after payment of Deferred Share Capital will be divided half and half between Ordinary and Deferred Shareholders.

MANAGING AGENTS.

Messrs. DALMIA JAIN & CO., LTD., P. O. Dehri Sugar Mill.

REGISTERED OFFICE.

P. O. DEHRI SUGAR MILL, DEHRI-ON-SONE, E. I. RAILWAY (SHAHABAD).

BROKERS.

Messrs. PLACE, SIDDONS & GOUGH, Calcutta.
Messrs. JIVATLAL PURTAPSHI, Bombay.
Messrs. J. R. PILANI & CO., Madras.
Messrs. INDIAN BROKERS, LTD., Madras.

BROKERAGE.

Brokerage will be payable to bona fide brokers at the rate of 4 annas per Ordinary Share and Re. 1 per Preference Share and Rs. 2-8 per 100 Deferred Shares in respect of applications received through them and bearing their stamp. Applications for less than 10 Ordinary Shares and 100 Deferred Shares shall generally not be considered.

Inspection of the Memorandum and Articles of Association may be obtained at the registered office of the Company and its branches at Karachi, Delhi, Lahore and at Imperial Bank of India, London. Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association will be obtained on payment of Re. 1 at the registered office of the Company and its said branches.

RAMKRISHNA DALMIA.
RONALDSHAY by F. MUHAMMAD.
BRIJ NATH SINGH.
W. CRADDOCK.
D. STEWART.
ALOIS MIEDL by S. P. JAIN.
GOVIND LALL BANGUR.
DWARKADAS JHUNJHUNWALA.
JAI DAYAL DALMIA.
SHANTI PRASAD JAIN.
JHABARMAL CHOKHANI.

Dated 3rd May, 1937.

Note.—Prospectus and Forms of Application can be obtained from and payments (with applications) may be made by cheque, hundies or in cash free of remittance charges at the Registered Office of the Company and to Messrs. Chimanram Motilal, Bullion Exchange Building, Bombay, Messrs. Shreeram Harjimal, 7, Narain Babu Lane, Calcutta, Messrs. Nathuram Mathura Prasad, Cloth Market, Delhi, or to any of the Bankers and Brokers mentioned above. Prospectus and Application Forms can also be had at the Bharat Insurance Co., Ltd., Lahore, and at all its branches.

It is not necessary that applications should be made on printed application forms. They may be typewritten or written in hand.

Where application forms cannot be had, they may be written or typed as per form below:—

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SHARES.

TO THE DIRECTORS,
DALMIA CEMENT LIMITED.
P. O. Dehri Sugar Mill (Shahabad).

Gentlemen,

Having paid to the Company's Bankers the sum of Rupees..... Rs 2-8
Rs..... being application money at Rs. 25 on Re. 1-4
Ordinary Rs. 10 Rs. 10-4
Preference shares each of the face value of Rs. 100 issued at Rs. 101 per share and
Deferred Re. 1 Re. 1-4

I request you to allot me that number of shares upon the terms and conditions of the Prospectus and I hereby agree to accept the same or any smaller number that may be allotted to me subject to the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association and I authorise you to register me as the holder of the said shares.

I am not/I am holding..... shares of Rohtas Industries Ltd. Dehri
I am not/I am holding..... shares of South Behar Sugar Mills Ltd. Bihta.
Hathua.
I am not/I am holding.....shares of Shree-Krishna Gyanoday Sugar Ltd.
I am not/I am holding.....shares of Bharat Insurance Co., Ltd., Lahore.

Name in full .....
Father's name/Husband's name .....
Full Address .....
Description .....
Date ..... Signature .....

DALMIA CEMENT LIMITED.

(Receipt to be retained by Applicant to be exchanged for Share Certificate).

Received from .....
the sum of Rs. .....

Bankers,
Managing Agents.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 11 POINTS UP

Silver Higher & Wheat Steady But Base Metals Easy

BOMBAY, May 27.

On Thursday crossrates ruled steady.

N. Y. COTTON FIRM.

New York cotton opened slightly higher and after two sided fluctuations continued firm.

SILVER HIGHER.

London gold was unchanged but silver was a shade higher.

WHEAT QUIET.

Wheat was quiet at Chicago on favourable weather news, Base metals were quiet and easy. Rubber was weak

SECURITIES QUIET.

The London Stock Exchange exhibited a quiet session on lack of speculative support. Giltedged securities continued quiet throughout.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1937

New York, May 27.

Previous closing	12.58
To-day's opening	12.64
Difference	plus 06
To-day's closing	12.69
Difference	plus 11

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1937

Liverpool, May 27.

Previous closing	7.03
To-day's opening	7.05
Difference	plus 02
To-day's closing	7.08
Difference	plus 05

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August	Rs. 238-8
New April May	Rs. 241-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, May 27.

Somewhat brighter atmosphere predominated the New York cotton market where the undertone remained steady on better Egyptian and Liverpool advices dispite favourable weather. Later however the unrest in the American labour field exerted depressing influence and the market became somewhat stagnant with prices remaining at a standstill.

The session opened trading in October option at 12.64 i.e. 6 points higher than previous closing. The market later became stationary with business transacting at the opening level.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.69 with a rise of 11 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 27.

The following were the opening ranges:—

July	(12.68/12.67) 12.70/12.70
October	(12.60/12.59) 12.65/12.64
December	(12.57/12.56) 12.61/12.60

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 27.

American October	(7.06) 7.13
American December	(7.09) 7.15
Egyptian March	(10.78) 10.86
Egyptian May	(10.85) 10.93

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, May 27.

Broach cotton for July August delivery moved between Rs. 238-12 and Rs. 237-12. The rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 238-8

LONDON MARKETS

London, May 27.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe	(1-2 1/4) 1-1 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher	(1-6 1/4) 1-5 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe	(1-2 1/4) 1-2 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher	(1-10 1/2) 1-10 1/2

JUTE

New Crop May June (£22 1/4 sellers) £22 paid and value.

Dunlop May (£25 1/2 sellers) £25 1/2 sellers.

Lightning May (£24 sellers) £24 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (10 1/4 value) 10 buyers.

Forward July September (10 7/16 paid and value) 10 3/16 paid and buyers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay May June (£14 sellers) £13 7/8 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta May June (£14 3/4 sellers) £14 3/4 sellers

Linseed La Plata May June (£13 3/16 sellers) £13 1/4 sellers.

Groundnuts Coromandal May June (£14 1/16 sellers) £14 1/8 paid

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 27.

Liverpool wheat opened with July at 113 3/4 and October 106 1/8. The market was firm on reports of sale of 20,000 tons of manitobas wheat to Germany with further enquiry from Spain. The market then ruled quiet pending weather news.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, May 27.

Chicago wheat opened quiet with July at 1.17 3/4. The market was somewhat depressed on hedge selling and liquidation prompted by favourable weather news July declining further to 1.17.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)

Delivery Sept. 1937.

Bombay, May 27.

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 5 6
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 6 0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8 6 0
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	8 6 3

May delivery was quoted 0-2-6 lower.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, May 27.

Previous closing	4.94 3/16
To-day's opening	4.94 3/16
To-day's closing	4.94 1/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, May 27.

Previous closing	4.94.22
To-day's opening	4.94.22
To-day's closing	4.94.17

FRANC RATE

London, May 27.

Previous closing	110.48
To-day's opening	110.46
To-day's closing	110.60

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 27.

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar quoted at 4.94.22. The market ruled somewhat quiet with narrow fluctuations the rate eased a little to 4.94.12 on realising but later there was some upheaval the rate touching 4.94.17 where it remained stationary.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.94.17.

Franc opened at 110.46 and eased considerably to 110.60 business was small.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 110.60.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay	(1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/28
Paris on Bombay	(8.345) 8.346
New York on Bombay	(37.31) 37.31
London on Milan	(93.92) 93.93
Berlin on Bombay	(0.93) 0.93
London on Shanghai	(1-2 17/32) 1-2 17/32
London on Kobe	(1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent

4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£252 buyers £252 1/4 sellers. Quiet) £249 3/4 buyers £250 sellers. Quiet.

Lead (£24 3/8 buyers. No sellers. Easy) £23 11/16 buyers £23 3/4 sellers and Easy.

Electrolytic Copper (£64 1/2 to £66 1/2) £64 to £66

Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, May 27.

The following cable information was received from London to night

"India bought and sold. Business small. Market quiet.

LONDON SILVER

London, May 27.

	Previous closing Prices	To-day's Prices
Spot	20 1/4d.	20 5/16d.
Forward	20 5/16d.	20 3/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, May 27.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-7) £7-0-7

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 27. 10 p.m.

Silver ready	52 9 0
Silver 1st settlement	52 10 0
Silver 2nd settlement	52 12 6
Gold ready	34 11 6
Gold 1st settlement	34 12 3
Gold 2nd settlement	34 8 9
Sovereigns	22 3 0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, May 27.

Wheat September	5 10 9
Wheat January	5 13 9
Linseed September	8 6 3

The tone was barely steady.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, May 27.

Liverpool wheat May delivery closed at 116 as against the previous closing rate at 114 7/8.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

London, May 27.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted at Rs. 95-12-0 at 2-0 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 95-13-0.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	95 15 0
Highest	96 0 0
Lowest	95 12 0
Closing	95 13 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, May 27.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at 89 1/8.

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 27. 2-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian Loan (£99) £99

3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£92) £92

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£110 1/2) £110 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£114) £114

4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111) £111

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1854-59 (£102 1/2) £102 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£108 7/8) £108 7/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76 5/8) £76 5/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 1/8) £102

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£105 3/4 Ex Div.) £105 5/8

5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/4) £110 5/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102) £102

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 3/4) £109 5/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 27.

Market generally were very inactive Industrials were steady to firm giltedgeds were dull but Indian loans were rather firmer.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (16-4 1/2) 16-4 1/2

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (80-0) 80-9

Hydro Electric (£8 3/8) £8 7/8

Musical Industries (21-6) 21-6

Princhin Johnson (44-9) 44-3

Imperial Chemical (37-9) 37-7 1/2

Woolsworth Ordinary (78-9) 78-1 1/2

Realisation 1930 (£94 3/4) £94 3/4

Dunlop Rubber (34-3) 34-3

Unilever Ordinary (42-1 1/2) 43-9

Ford Motors (28-3) 28-3

Cables and wireless (£6 1/4) £6 1/4

British American Tobacco (126-3) 126-3

Carreas (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (155-0) 155-0

P and O S N Company Deferred (32-10 1/2) 32-10 1/2

Distillers (114-3) 113-9

Bredfords Dyers (£8 7/8) £9 1/8

British Celanese (£8 7/8) £9 1/8

J and P Coates Ordinary (46-6) 46-6

Courtaulds Ordinary (54-4 1/2) 54-4 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (10-0) 10-0

Vickers Limited Ordinary (29-4 1/2) 29-4 1/2

Inter Nickels (60-9) 61-3

Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (72-6) 66-3 Ex Sight.

Tata Steel Preference (£106) £106

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-0) 19-3

Donaro Tea (48-9) 48-9

Empire of India (31-3) 30-9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (40-0) 40-6

Gula Kelampong (43-9) 42-6

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (38-3) 38-0

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10 3/4) £10 3/4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (51-3) 52-6

Burma Corporation (17-6) 17-6

Rio Tintos (20 1/2) 21 1/4

East Rand Proprietors (65-0) 63-9

Rand Mines (£7 1/4) £7 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13 1/4) £13 3/8

Gedule New (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

New Moddels (£28 3/4) £29 3/8

Sub Nigel (£10 3/8) £10 1/2

Spring Mines Spit Shares (33-9) 33-9

Union Corporation (£7 7/8) £7 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezula Persian (£55) £55

Anglo Iranian (128-1 1/2) 128-3

Burma Oil (115-0) 113-9

Musical Eagle (19-7 1/2) 19-7 1/2

Shell Transport (114-4 1/2) 115-0

Royal Dutch (£43 7/8) £44

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£63 1/4) £63 3/4

L and S Ordinary (£33) £34 3/8

L N E R Defd (£5 1/4) £5 3/8

Southern Paris 5 per cent (£23 3/4) £24

London Paris 5 per cent (£124 1/2) £125

London Transport 'C' Stock (£87) £87 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 27.

To-day's opening rates were as follows:

General Motor (dol 56 1/4) dol 55 7/8

N Copper Mining (dol 54 3/4) dol 54 3/8

U S Steel Common (dol 98 1/2) dol 97 7/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 134 1/2) unchanged.

STOCK EXCHANGE MOST INACTIVE

Wall Street Irregular

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, May 27.

On the Stock Exchange with settlement details further affecting activity the market experienced one of the most active days for a long time past. Prices however remained very steady and few important changes recorded.

In commodities cotton advanced on reports of heavy sales of Egyptian to Germany and Italy. Wheat was higher on continental and United Kingdom enquiry.

Wall Street opened irregular.

JUTE SHARES DULL

Coals Easier

CALCUTTA, May 27.

Jutes: Generally dull and only limited business resulted.

Coals: Easier:

Teas: Neglected:

Miscellaneous: Featureless:

Government securities: Steady.

Following were the closing quotations

Government securities:—Three and a half per cent Government paper 95/11, five and a half per cent loan 1938/40 104/14, three per cent U.P. loan 1961/66 96/14, small lots.

Banks:—Imperial fully paid 1530, Reserve 127.

Railway:—Darjeeling Himalayan pref 103/8.

Cottons:—Kesoram 6/14, New Victoria ord 1/4.

Coals:—Aidih 3, Baraboni annas 6, Bengal 317, Bokaro and Ramgur 15/4, Ghusick and Muslia 3, Katras Jherriah 22/4 Ex Div, New Beerbhoom 14/4, Lakurka 6/14, Samla 2, Searsole 3/10, South Karanapura 6/2

Jutes:—Albion 232/8, Bharat Jute 28/9, Birla 18/14, Bendaipara 776, small lot, Howrah 53/4, Kamarhatty 530, National 22/14, Waverley 2/1.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 11/6, Consolidated tin 6/8, India copper 3/6, Rhodesia copper 3, C Div. Burn and Co. ord 294, Burn and Co. six per cent pref 115/8, British India electric 6/12, Hukumchand elec 10/7, Indian iron and steel 44/4, Marshalls 2, British India Corporation 3/12, Dunlop rubber ord 19/4, Dunlop rubber second pref 100, Rohtas industries ord 21/4, British Burma petroleum 5/11, Bengal paper 99, Bengal paper a pref 134, Titaghur ord 23, do defd 10/4, Assam saws 1/8, Cawnpore pref 153/8.

Teas:—Nasimara pref 135, Hoolungoorie 280, odd lot; V Jutlibari 15.—A. P.

STOCK EXCHANGE CHARTS

We have received two charts from Messrs. Harkisondas Lukhmidas, Share and Stock Brokers, Bombay, showing fluctuations in prominent Government Securities and few active shares quoted on the local Stock Exchange. The period covered extends from July 1931, just before Great Britain went off the gold standard in December, 1936.

These charts will be useful to those who have business in shares and securities. Extensive speculative activity continues at present in the share bazar and naturally these charts will enable the operator to have a comparative study of fluctuations in values.

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: July 192 October 188 at cross rate 4.94 3/16

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1937 238 Liverpool July 7.08 Rs. 70 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1938 241/8 Liverpool May 1938 6.98 Rs. 62 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1937 238 New York July 12.66 Rs. 46 1/2 at cross rate 4.94 3/16

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1938 241/8 New York May 12.65 Rs. 43 at cross rate 4.94 3/16

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

(Continued from Page 6.)

remark that there were only two happy days in a Prime Minister's life—the day he assumes office and the day he got rid of it. Have Mr. Baldwin's intervening 14 years been as bad as that?

* * *

Cricket's new knight will be known as Sir Pelham Warner. His Christian names are Pelham Francis, but Pelham (of which "Plum" is a diminutive) is his "working" designation and is a family name, too.

Sir Pelham, who is 63, is only the third knight on whom the honour has been bestowed primarily for services to cricket. The others are Sir Francis Lacey, knighted on his retirement from the secretaryship of the M.C.C., and the late Sir Frederick Toone, secretary of the Yorkshire County Club, and manager of an M.C.C. side in Australia. Sir Russell Beneraft, whose connection with Hampshire cricket has lasted more than 60 years, received his knighthood for public services apart from the game.

"Plum's" knighthood is not the first honour in the Warner family. His father, Charles Warner, was made a C.B. for his services as Attorney-general in Trinidad, where "Plum" himself was born. The father, who had been at Eton under Keate, had played little or no cricket and was not too pleased when at seven in the morning the glass in his bedroom window was broken by "Plum," who was being coached outside by a young negro bowler called Killebree.

"There's that wretched boy again," he said, and then, looking out of the window, he added, "You'll come to a bad end."

The situation was always saved by Killebree's intervention: "Beg pardon, Sir, but I tell you, Sir, Mr. Pelham he makes fine bat, Sir, when he grow up."

INDIAN RAILWAY POLICY

(Continued from Page 6).

lessness, and involved the country in liabilities much beyond what the people could bear, or the needs of the times could justify."

Unsatisfactory Audit

In his book "Indian Polity," (published by Longmans), General Sir George Chesney wrote: "The guarantee system as originally introduced was subject to the great defect that, under the terms of the contracts made, the Government covenanted to pay the guaranteed interest, not only upon all expenditure incurred, but on all the capital called up, thus relieving the railway company from all responsibility for the cost of construction, and all incentive to economy, save that supplied by the prospect of an eventual share of surplus profits in excess of the guaranteed interest; but this prospect in the first instance and during construction was remote and contingent. The company had, therefore, a nigh incentive to make, as large an investment as possible. The Government undertook to control the expenditure, but its efforts in this direction were at first very ineffectual."

Lieut.-Col. Chesney, who had been Auditor of Railway Accounts, in his evidence before the Parliamentary Committee on Indian Finance, 1872, said: "The system of audit was extremely imperfect; it was what is called technically a post audit—nothing was known of the money expended till the accounts were rendered. The result of the system was that on one railway, the East India Railway, four millions sterling out of twenty millions had been disallowed from the capital account. The only thing to be done, however, under these circumstances was to allow it, and bring it all into the capital account again, because, under the contract as it was worded, it was quite impossible to disallow it finally, and it was quiet understood that whatever was spent must be eventually passed."

"Result Of Despotic Government"

"But your evidence with regard to these bad bargains that have been made with various Companies tends to show this, that the people of India may be taxed in so many different ways. They may be taxed locally by local authorities; they may be taxed by the Governor-General; and the Secretary of State may carry out a scheme even against the wishes of all the authorities of India, and although he may know nothing whatever about India, and may never have spent an hour in it, which may entail heavy financial burdens on the people of that country?"

General Strachey replied: "There is no doubt that that is the unfortunate result of having a Despotic Government, managed in the sort of way that the Government of India is; and for myself, I do not exactly see that there is any remedy for it."

ELECTION OF "F" WARD CONGRESS EXECUTIVE

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee announce:—

In pursuance of the resolution passed by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, the election of the Executive Committee of the "F" (Parel) Ward District Congress Committee for the current year will take place at a meeting of the voters to be held on Sunday, the 6th June, 1937, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at Nappoo Hall, Matunga, G. I. P.

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS.

It should be noted that only those whose names were duly entered in the "F" Ward Electoral Roll for the delegates' elections are entitled to vote in this election. Nobody would be allowed to take part in the election without ascertaining that he is a duly qualified voter. For this purpose the authorised printed roll prepared by the B. P. C. C., will be kept at the gate of the Hall and voters will be allowed to enter the meeting place from 3 p.m. (S. T.). Those who want to take part in this election are hereby requested to come to the meeting place earlier so that they can find their number at the gate and obtain necessary certificate to attend the meeting.

The election will be conducted by the B. P. C. C.

RESERVE BANK RATE UNCHANGED.

BOMBAY, May 27.

The Reserve Bank of India rate of interest remains unchanged at 3 per cent. per annum.—A. P.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, May 27.

T M and Coy's s.s. Ranee of 3145 reg tons Capt O G R Jones arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Cochin and Calicut with general cargo.

L Triestino s.s. Conte Biancamano of 13841 reg tons Capt G Ferrara arrived from Shanghai via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

O S K s.s. Victoria Maru of 5257 reg tons Capt Y Kawamoto arrived from Yokohama via Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe Moji Miike, Singapore and Colombo with general cargo.

L Edward's s.s. Aagtekerk of 4044 reg tons Capt W Fries arrived from Bremen via Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp Genca, Portsaid, Aden Karachi, Bedi Bunder and Bhaonagar with general cargo.

P and O s.s. Carthage of 7688 reg tons Capt W Pocock arrived from London via Gibraltar, Marseilles, Portsaid Suez and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

DEPARTURES.

N Y K s.s. Mayebashi Maru of 4321 reg tons Capt T Nakano sailed for Kobe via Karachi and Singapore with local and same bottom cargo.

L Triestino s.s. Conte Biancamano of 13841 reg tons Capt G Ferrara sailed for Trieste via Suez with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

M M and Coy's s.s. Bhutan of 2912 reg tons Capt F McEvan sailed for Kobe via Colombo China and Japan Ports with local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N s.s. Vita of 1955 reg tons Capt. Harrison sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo.

P and O s.s. Carthage of 7688 reg tons Capt W Pocock sailed for Kobe via Colombo China and Japan Ports with passengers local and same bottom cargo

M B K s.s. Ryoyo Maru of 3650 reg tons Capt M Okawara sailed for Yokohama, Nagoya and Moji via Karachi Bedi Bunder, Okha and Marmagao with local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following steamers booked for Loading on 27-5-37.

S S Victoria Maru (N Y K) for China Japan Ports via Colombo.

S S Ranpura (M M) for Europe and American Ports via London.

S S Barpeta (M M) for Persian Gulf Ports via Karachi.

S S Vasna (M M) for Persian Gulf Port via Karachi.

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, May 27.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

1 Royo Maru 3650 Karachi 27-5 M B
2 Lahore 3181 London 3-6 M M
3 London Maru 4414 Karachi 29-5 O S K
6 Castalia 4171 Karachi 4-6 Anchor Line
8 Treuenfels 5196 Hamburg 28-5 L Edwards
Jett-Jalajoti 2698 Rangoon 27-5 Scindia S N
11 C/Bedford 4100 Karachi 28-5 K Nixon

VICTORIA DOCK

4 Vita 1955 Busra 27-5 M M
10-11 Silksworth 2961 Bassein 29-5 Scindia S N

PRINCES DOCK

K Varela 1926 N F N F M M
B Jalarathna 2326 Rangoon 29-5 Scindia S N
C/R Ranee 3143 Calcutta 3-6 T Morrison

FROM LONDON

Strathnaver 3-6-37 P and O S N
Ranchi 10-6-37 P and O

FROM LIVERPOOL

Clan Murray 31-5-37 James Finlay
City of Guildford 2-6-37 K Nixon

FROM HAMBURG

Watchfels 29-5-37 L Edwards
Vasaland 31-5-37 L Edwards
Wartenfels 6-6-37 L Edward

FROM NEW YORK

New Orleans 8-6-37 L Edward
Pres Van Buren 10-637 F F Campbell

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Ginyo Maru 30-5-37 N Y K
Victoria Maru 25-5-37 O S K
Somali 6-6-37 P and O
Ranpura 28-5-37 P and O
Tokiwa Maru 15-6-37 N Y Kaisha
Kifuku Maru 9-6-37 O S Kaisha

FROM SYDNEY

Mongolia 5-6-37 P and O S N

FROM BASRA

Barpeta 27-5-37 M M
Vasna 29-5-37 M M
Varsova 5-6-37 M M
Barala 3-6-37 M M

FROM HULL

Serbino 4-6-37 James Finlay

FROM GENOA

Laconia 26-5-37 L Triestino
Conte Rosso 8-6-37 L Triestino

FROM OSLO

Simla 2-6-37 L Edward

FROM KARACHI

Tokushima Maru 31-5-37 O S K
Mayebashi Maru 27-5-37 N Y Kaisha

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 29-5-37 M M

FROM JEDDAH

Jahangir 2-6-37 T Morrison

FROM MIRI

British Consul 2-6-37 A I Oil

FROM RANGOON

Naringa 30-5-37 M M
Howra 3-6-37 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Gharinda 26-5-37 M M
Sirsa 30-5-37 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Rawalpindi 12-6-37 P and O
Mooltan 19-6-37 P and O
Ranpura 29-5-37 P and O
Corfu 26-6-37 P and O
Mongolia 5-6-37 P and O
Lahore 3-6-37 M M

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Benares 7-6-37 K N

FOR SYDNEY

Strathnaver 3-6-37 P and O

FOR NEW YORK

Press Pierce 28-5-37 F F Campbell
Pres Garfield 25-6-37 F F Campbell
Pres Van Buren 11-6-37 F F Campbell

FOR GENOA

Victoria 17-6-37 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Mantai Maru 27-5-37 O S K
Celebes Maru 26-5-37 O S K
London Maru 8-6-37 O S Kaisha
Tokushima Maru 5-6-37 N Y Kaisha
Giyo Maru 11-6-37 N Y Kaisha
Conte Rosso 8-6-37 L Triestino

FOR HAMBURG

Treuenfels 28-5-37 L Edwards

FOR CALCUTTA

Ranee 3-6-37 T Morrison
Laconia 23-5-37 L Triestino

FOR BASRA

Barpeta 2-6-37 M M
Gloria Stella 27-5-37 L Triestino
Vasna 3-6-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 9-6-37 M M

FOR KARACHI

Watchfels 4-6-37 L Edward

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Treuenfels 25-5-37
S S Silksworth 26-5-37
S S Jalaratna 26-5-37

EXPORTS

Bombay, May 27.

S S Lahore for London: 38 bales goat skins D Abraham; 124 bags myrabollam K Tricomji; 308 bags myrabollam J Moolchand; 640 bags myrabollam R Bachubhai; 25 bags metal hoaring P Mathuradas.

For Antwerp: 60 bales hemp raw D Anandji.

S S Castalia for Glasgow: 780 bags myrabollam H Bhagwandas.

For Manchester: 5223 bags myrabollam H Bhagwandas; 500 bales cotton raw A Khimji; 127 dms castor oil A Hargovindas.

For Marseilles: 420 bdls hemp raw Gandhy and Co.

For Liverpool: 680 bags linseed oil cake M Hoosain.

S S Teuenfels for Vasna: 50 bales cotton g m yarn A H Diab.

S S Ranpura for London: 240 bags karde seed R Ratilal.

For Varna: 50 bales cotton g m yarn A H Diab.

S S President Pierce for New York: 17 bales kidskins D Abraham; 132 bags gum E Mohmed; 28 bags plantago seed D Mavji; 317 bags gum B Jaffer; 108 bags gum S Khetsey.

For Boston: 100 bales wool raw Ralli Bros; 134 bags gum kaday B Jaffer; 31 csks goat skins D Abraham.

For Marseilles: 248 bags mustard seed S M Rajgor; 232 bags turmeric S M Rajgor; 690 bags castor seed The Cotton Agents; 2836 bags castor seed L Dreyfus.

For Ghent: 167 bags i bexyle ore A E Maskatai.

For Genoa: 84 bags sandalwood S Morarjee; 24 bags mix vanico S Morarjee.

For Istambul: 50 bags mandi powder A E Ejel; 100 bales grey cotton yarn T M Kaisha.

For Suez: 119 bales cotton cold piece goods G N Musry; 25 bales cotton cold piece goods S J Fattal; 26 bales cotton white shirting A H Diab; 40 bales cotton g m yarn A H Diab.

For Alexandria: 41 bales cotton grey shirting A H Diab; 12 bales cotton g yarn A E Ejel.

S S London Maru for Yokohama: 110 tons steel scrap G Gabriel.

S S Victoria Maru for Kobe: 1150 bales cotton raw J Cotton Trading.

S S Mantai Maru for Moji: 300 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

IMPORTS

Bombay, May 27.

S S Tungsha Agents L Edwards from Gothenburg: 33 pkgs elect machinery; 253 bales duploc boards.

From Hamburg: 67 cases elect machinery; 45 cases petroleum stoves; 84 bdls plywood; 572 bdls steel tubes; 1103 reels paper; 68 cases earth colour; 40 cases bricks; 42 cases iron plates; 349 bdls nails; 686 cases window glass; 510 kegs chlorate of potash; 120 bales siumans swets; 14 cases gablony goods; 90 bales paper not containing envelopes 53 cases pocket lamp cases; 64 cases glass shades; 33 cases elect lamp parts; 511 pcs earthenware; 26 cases bicycle accessories; 57 cases tinware; 35 cts glass; 61 cases cooking appliances; 52 cases padlock; 30 cases iron chains;

From Oratabarg; 37 cases enamelled hallowware; 150 bds steel; 1477 bales paper; 3798 bdls box boards; 264 reels carboard plain shades; 2011 bdls nails; 25 barrels timber 190 kegs chlorate of potash; 37 cases petroleum stoves and parts; 15 pcs steel tyres; 79 bales white woodpulps boards.

From Antwerp: 40 cases greasing oil 100 bags maize starch; 226 bags railway accessories; 150 pcs galvd plates; 340 cases iron wire nails; 16 barrels glue in powder; 588 cases earth colour; 60 cases iron; 1600 reels galvd barbed wire; 113 cases window glass; 20 cases rayon art silk yarn; 25 cases varnish without alcohol 1168 bdls m s hoops; 33 cases buffers casings; 93 pcs rough marble slabs; 1500 pcs marble refuses; 45 bdls plywood; 140 csks red seal zinc white; 121 bdls unvarnished chair seats; 82 baes white pulp boards; 99 pcs beams; 100 cases wire nails; 208 cases bolts and nuts; 188 cases timmon rivets.

From Rotterdam; 100 bags potato flour; 32 cases brandy; 65 bales paper; 348 bales strawboards; 22 bags mono thosphate of ammonia; 45 cases bicycle parts; 150 bags nitrate of soda; 992 reels paper (news printing paper etc); 1893 cases nails; 1488 bds box boards; 37 reels boards.

Trade Tendencies

Bombay, May 27

Messrs. M and B Stern state:—

Liverpool wheat was weak despite reports of further sales to the Continent, Winnipeg and Chicago were quiet but steady on mixed crop and weather advices.

Sugar eased on speculative liquidation in the absence of any fresh incentive. Consumption continues to be good.

Copper declined on realising. The decline may be carried a little further but the strength of the statistical position seems to warrant eventually higher prices.

Spelter was easier in the absence of fresh support but London authorities are of the opinion that present prices are very reasonable and purchases around the present level are advissble.

Double Option Premiums

Bombay, May 27

Cotton Broach J/A	8 12 0
Cotton Broach J/A monthly	6 8 6
Cotton Broach A/M	30 8 0
Silver Jeth	0 13 0
Silver Ashad	1 5 0
Gold Jeth	0 5 0
Gold Ashad	0 9 0
Linseed September	3 10 3
Wheat January	0 5 0

Liquidation Of July Cotton In New York

Poor Spot Demand

TRADE BUYING AND COVERING

Bombay, May 27

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market fluctuated within a narrow range. The weekly weather report was not as good as anticipated but on the whole the crop is doing well and chances are against any sustained improvement in prices as long as the present conditions prevail over the U. S. Cotton Belt.

It may be said that the Washington administration does not want any important changes in prices and always discourage speculative ventures. This state has resulted in utter absence of speculative activity of professional operators. This is mainly due to official statements which are issued from time to time.

POLITICAL EFFECT

Cotton crops are now grown on a larger area all over the world but weather condition plays an important part on the production. Political moves have stopped the effect of supply and demand, otherwise, with the present strong statistical situation one cannot think of a decline till the new crop begins to move in volume.

MODERATE CHANGES

Thus when speculative activity is low prices fluctuations are also narrow and we have at present moderate fluctuations. Yesterday the New York cotton futures market opened steady but was inactive with narrow fluctuations. Prices advanced on trade and foreign buying but there was very little follow up on the buying side and prices reacted on July liquidation, commission houses and New Orleans selling. Weather reports were favourable and Spot demand was poor. There was scale down trade buying and short covering provided some resistance, their further covering and moderate foreign buying were in evidence. The tone of the market was quiet but steady.

NEW YORK MARKET

At the opening October was quoted 2 points up at 12.60 and soonreached 12.65 which was the highest level for the day. Later on there was general selling and prices declined 12 points from the highest level and October was quoted 12.53 which was the lowest level. Thereafter prices fluctuated within a narrow range and finally closed at a net rise of 2 points to a decline of 2 points. Spot cotton prices were unchanged at 13.16c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market also fluctuated within a narrow range and finally closed at a decline of one point to a rise of 2 points. Spot cotton prices were unchanged at 12.95c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 6 points with October 7.01. There was scattered selling and realising on favourable weather reports. Later on local support came in response to early steadiness of New York which met straddle selling. The market closed at a decline of 3 to 4 points.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was quiet and Sakels declined 4 to 7 points with Spot 8 points up at 11.43. Uppers futures also closed 2 to 6 points down with Spot cotton one point up at 8.17d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was irregular with increased selling in Sakels which declined 1 to 16 points but Ashmouni futures closed 25 points up to 15 points down.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 12.65 plus 67 (10-32 a.m.)

New York October lowest 12.53 —05 (11-14 a.m.)

Liverpool October highest 7.06 —01

Liverpool October lowest 7.00 —07

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co. have received the following cable:

Market steady in spite of good weather and slow textile sales indicate strong technical position scarcity of contracts. Believe that new crop bought around 12.50 likely to show good profit later.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Market's feeling against cotton is increasing. Weather is favourable for the growing crop. American yarn production decreasing. Our opinion is that the market will probably decline.

New York: Market steadier. Trade selling. Recommend selling on further advances.

Weekly weather report not as good as expected. Texas needs good rains in many sections. Small business in dry goods and spot cotton. Little pressure to sell.

U. S. Weather report:—

Eastern: Generally fair.

Central: Partly cloudy.

Western: Partly cloudy

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: 'Crop progress very satisfactory. Trade demand diminishing Speculative interest restricted. Favour sales on good markets."

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, May 26

July	12.66 —
October	12.58 —
December	12.55 plus 02
January	12.58 plus 01
March	12.61 —02
May	12.65 —02
Middling Spot	13.16 —

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, May 26

July	12.54 —01
October	12.57 plus 01
December	12.64 plus 02
Middling Spot	12.96 —

NEW YORK
New York, May 26

11 A.M. RANGES—

July	12.64/12.63
October	12.58/12.57
December	12.53/12.53

NOON CALL—

July	12.60
October	12.54
December	12.51

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, May 26

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports	2,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	7,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, May 26

May	7.07 —03
June	7.08 —03
July	7.09 —04
August	7.07 —04
September	7.05 —04
October	7.03 —04
November	6.98 —04
December	6.98 —04
January	6.98 —04
February	6.98 —04
March	6.99 —03
April	6.99 —03
Middling Spot	7.26 —03
	10-12 a.m. quotations
July	7.08
October	7.01

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, May 26

May	10.74
June	10.71
July	10.81
September	10.61
F G F SPOT	11.43

INDIAN COTTON
Liverpool, May 26

BROACH—	
Fully good (good staple)	5.96
Fine (good staple)	6.11
Superfine (good staple)	6.26
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.86
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	6.01
Choice (No. 1 staple)	6.16
BENGAL—	
Good	4.95
Fully Good	5.05
Fine	5.20

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, May 27

Broach J/A opening 236 3/4 highest 237 3/4 lowest 236 1/2 closing 237 3/4

Broach A/M 1938 opening 240 1/4 highest 241 1/4 lowest 240 1/4 closing 241 1/4

Oomra July opening 225 3/4 highest 227 lowest 225 3/4 closing 227

Oomra D/J opening 220 highest 220 1/4 lowest 220 closing 220 1/4

Bengal July opening 196 highest 197 1/4 lowest 196 closing 197 1/4

Bengal D/J opening 183 highest 183 1/2 lowest 183 closing 183

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, May 27

July	78.30 —20
August	79.20 —30

Wheat Straddles

Bombay, May 27

A cable received from New York states:—

Weather conditions favourable United States Canada considerable straddle done sell wheat Liverpool buy wheat Chicago straddle should prove profitable.

LINSEED OIL
London, May 26

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt June paid	29/4 1/2
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Sept Dec paid	29/4 1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, May 26

T T London on:—	
New York	4.94.22
Paris	110.48
Berlin	12.31 1/4
Madrid	35.50
Amsterdam	8.96 13/16
Brussels	29.29 3/4
Milan	93.91
Berne	21.60 3/4
Prague	141.75

LONDON SEEDS
London, May 26

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. May June sellers	£13-2-6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f May June sellers	£14-15-0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. May June sellers	£15-15-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Coast c.i.f. May June sellers	£14-17-6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. May June sellers	£14-0-0

LONDON RUBBER
London, May 26

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. Sellers	10 3/16

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, May 26

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9 1/4

LONDON PRODUCE
London, May 26

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe May June sellers	45
Wheat Barletta Russo May June sellers	45
Wheat South Australian June sellers	46

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 27

Following quiet but steady New York advices, the local cotton market opened to-day at Rs. 238/4 for Broach J/A delivery and advanced to Rs. 238/12 on improved buying.

It is generally believed that large teji option is done by professional operators and there will be an attempt to raise prices in the local market irrespective of foreign advices. This fear is keeping the market firm.

The Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of one point but it opened 2 points up and the local market was steady at Rs. 238/10. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A	238	12	0
Broach A/M	242	8	0
Oomra July	228	8	0
Oomra D/J	221	8	0
Bengal July	198	4	0
Bengal D/J	184	4	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, May 27.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—				
Bengal U.P.	205	202	199	196
Punjab	205	202	199	196
Oomra No. 3	236	233	230	227
C. P. No. 1	249	246	243	240
C. P. No. 2	240	237	234	231
Broach No. 2	242	240	237	234
Punjab-Ame.	250	248	245	242
Surat	301	299	296	293
Rajpipla	296	294	291	288
Navsari	311	309	306	303

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, May 27.

Bengal Superfine	206/208
Bengal Fine	202/204
C. P. 1	233/35
C. P. 2	228/30
Arvi	228/30
Ellichpur	226/28
Berar	223/26
Khamgaon	223/26
Mulkapur	220/23
Khandesh	216/20
Jalna/Sailu	216/20
Burwah Sanavad	223/26
Mathia	193/96
Broach Fine	238/43
Punjab/American	238/45
Punjab 289F	308/18
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	288/93
Surat	298/303
Navsari	313/18
Kampala	430/33

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, May 27.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	121	204,492
Central India	483	326,612
Barsi and Nagar	270	170,955
Hyderabad-Gaorani	150	98,463
Berar	841	559,640
Central Provinces	130	112,605
Total Oomras	1,995	1,472,767
Dholera	1,951	114,706
N.-W. Provinces		9,463
Rajputana	289	87,625
Sind-Punjab	359	323,562
Broach	1,687	326,057
Coompta and Dharwar	233	52,254
Westerns-Northerns	61	33,—
Cocoanada	2	143
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	774	12,729
Persian		14
American		11,437
Egyptian and African	1,272	319,333
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		22
Total	8,543	2,766,095

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 20th May.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	654	408,111
Japan and China	2,400	1,161,237
Coast Ports		27,550
Up-country by Rail		211,584
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		80,743
Total	3,054	1,869,225

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales
Receipts into Bombay on 25th May	7,199
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	2,757,552
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,623,858
Increase	133,694

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, May 27

May	266.00	—340
July	262.30	—220
August	261.60	—130
November	256.90	—80

Produce Receipts

Bombay, May 27.

	Cwts.
Wheat	23,114
Linseed	18,486
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	167
Gingellyseed	
Poppyseed	296
Groundnuts	
Castorseed	753
Rice	68,685
Myraboliams	1,887
Cottonseed	4,125
Gram	1,945
Joowar	2,585
Bajree	566
Indian Sugar	2,203
	Tons.
Coal	441

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F.P. Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 26-5-37	6663000	6869000
Receipts Yesterday 26-5-37	2000	5000
Exports to date 26-5-37	5301000	5689000
Stock at Ports 21-5-37	1427000	1684000
Stock at Interior Towns 21-5-37	1159000	1648000
Stock at Liverpool 21-5-37	928000	705000
Visible Supply 21-5-37	4125000	4508000
Quantity in sight 21-5-37	12544000	11857000
Quantity out of sight 21-5-37	11671000	10555000

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, May 27

Yesterday London gold prices improved 1 1/2d. to shilling 140 pence seven. London Paris Exchange rate was unchanged and Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.84 3/16. London silver prices declined 1/8d to 20 1/4d. India bought and sold. Speculators sold. Business was moderate and the market was quiet. Later on the market was quiet but steady with prices unchanged on Indian buying and selling. New York silver prices were unchanged at 45 cents but Montreal prices declined 20 points. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 1/2. The local market was quiet but steady with a small turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

GOLD—			
Ready	34	11	6
Vaishakh	34	11	3
Jeth	34	9	0
Ashad	34	7	0
SILVER—			
Ready	52	10	0
Vaishakh	52	10	0
Jeth	52	11	6
Ashad	52	14	0

Montreal Silver

Montreal, May 26

May	45.05	—20
July	44.90	—20
September	45.00	—20

LONDON SILVER
London, May 26

Spot	20 1/4
Forward	20 5/16

LONDON GOLD
London, May 26

Gold Bars fine per oz	£7-0-7

LONDON METALS

London, May 26

Copper	£59 0 0
Spelter	£23 10 0
Lead	£24 10 0
Tin	£249 15 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, May 27

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£61-5-0
Standard copper 3 months	£59-2-6
Electrolytic copper	£66-10-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 43-8-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 58-8-0
Tone: Steady.	

U. S. COTTON CROP

Liverpool, May 27

Warm; scattered showers on lower border of South Texas. Forecast—Eastern Belt generally fair all balance entire Belt partly cloudy.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, May 27

The local market was quiet but steady with a moderate turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. The undertone was easy and quotations were as under:—

Linseed September	8	6	3
Wheat September	5	10	6
Wheat January	5	13	6

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, May 27.

Groundnuts May	40	2	0
Groundnuts August—			
Opening	41	8	0
Highest	41	8	6
Lowest	41	4	9
Closing	41	6	0
Castorseed September—			
Opening	36	3	6
Highest	36	7	3
Lowest	36	3	0
Closing	36	6	0
Cottonseed September.—			
Opening	20	12	6
Highest	20	15	3
Lowest	20	12	6
Closing	20	13	6

Groundnuts Coromandel

London, May 26.

June	£14-1-3

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, May 26.

May	114 7/8d.
July	112 5/8d.
October	104 7/8d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, May 26.

May	del. 1.19 1/4
July	del. 1.17 7/8
September	del. 1.16 5/8

New York Sugar

New York, May 26.

July	2.46 unchgd.
September	2.46 —1.
December	2.49 —1.
January	2.39 —2.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, May 27

Java ready	14	6	0
May June shipment	5	5	6
July Sept shipment	5	4	6
Oct Dec shipment	5	5	0
Kesar ready	10	15	0
Saraya ready	10	4	0
Spot Java	F	5.90	

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, May 26

SAKELS—	
July	19.00
November	19.37 —01
ASHMOUNI—	
June	17.58 plus 25
August	16.40 plus 14
GIZA—	
July	19.04 plus 28
November	17.34 —15

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, May 27

3/4 per cent 1946/52	100
per cent 1951/54	101/2
per cent 1941 Bonds	103
1/2 per cent G P N Cash	95/15
1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106
per cent 1943 Bonds	107
per cent 1960/70 Loan	110/10
1/2 per cent 1955/60	117/10
per cent U P Bonds	97
per cent 1939/44	105/6
per cent 1940/43	106/2
1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	104/14
TAX FREES	
per cent 1945/55	119/6.
per cent 1953/63	111/8
1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	104/12
per cent 1935 Mysore	122
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
per cent B P T 1974	107/8
per cent M Deb 1974	106/8
per cent M Deb 1949	117
per cent 1954	129
per cent K P T 1956	129
1/2 per cent B I T 1937	101/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 95/15 and declined to Rs. 95/12 and closed at Rs. 95/13. Tone steady.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, May 27

B C Rate T T O D 1/8 1/16

LONDON—	
Bank's selling T T D D	1/8 3/32
Bank's buying T T	1/8 1/8
Bank's buying D D	1/8 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months	1/8 7/32
NEW YORK:—	
Bank's selling T T	269 1/4
Bank's buying T T	267
PARIS:—	
Bank's selling T T	826
Bank's buying T T	841
JAPAN:—	
Bank's selling T T	77 1/2 (1/8 lower from July.)
Bank's buying T T	77
AMSTERDAM:—	
Bank's selling D D	67 3/8
JAVA:—	
Bank's selling D D	67 1/8
HUNGKONG:—	
Bank's selling D D	83
SHANGHAI:—	
Bank's selling D D	91 1/8
SINGAPORE:—	
Bank's selling D D	158 1/4
BERLIN:—	
Bank's selling D D	91 1/2
CROSS RATE:—	
New York London	4.94 1/4 26th instant
Japan London	1/2 27th instant
Hongkong London	1/2 7/8 27th instant
Shanghai London	1/2 1/2 27th instant
Java London	8.96 1/2 27th instant
London Paris	110.48 26th instant
London Belgium	29.29 3/4 26th instant
London Switzerland	21.60 3/4 26th instant
London Berlin	12.31 1/4 26th instant
London Stockholm	19.39 1/2 26th instant
London New York	4.94.22 26th instant
London Amsterdam	8.96 3/4 26th instant
London Italy	93.91 26th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet near steady forward.	
Gold	£7-0-5 1/2 25th instant
Gold	£7-0-7 26th instant
Silver London Ready	20 3/8 25th instant
Silver London Ready	20 1/4 26th instant
Silver London Forward	20 7/16 25th instant
Silver London Forward	20 5/16 26th instant
Silver New York Ready	45 25th instant
Silver New York Ready	45 26th instant
London Discounts 3 months	9/16 per cent 25th instant
London Discounts 3 months	9/16 per cent 26th instant
London Discounts 6 months	11/16 per cent 25th instant
London Discounts 6 months	11/16 per cent 26th instant
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.	
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent	
MONEY:—	
Call 3/4 per cent.	
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.	
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.	
Tone:—Steady	

Indian Sterling Loans

London, May 26

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	78 3/4
3 1/2 per cent	91 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/58	102
4 per cent 1948/53	108
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	110 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	114
5 per cent 1942/47	111
3 per cent 1949/52	96 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	76 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	102 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	102

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, May 26

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£71
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£78 3/4
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£91 3/4
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£110 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£76 5/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£102 1/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£102
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 3/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£109 3/4
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£15 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£120
National Bank of India	£42 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE
London, May 26

Bank bills 3 months market rate	9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent
Bank bills 6 months market rate	11/16 per cent to 11/16 per cent
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate	2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate	2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan	1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days' market loan	1/2 per cent

Increased Selling In Steel Shares

Market Shows Little Resistance

Operations Confined Among Professionals

BOMBAY: May 27.

It goes without saying that, in the absence of any important outside business now, the trading is confined among Bazar Professionals.

The Professionals are divided into several groups and combinations and try to achieve their goals. Yesterday one of the groups was bidding up prices, while to-day the other group reported selling, which resulted in steady decline in prices.

Except Steel shares other Industrial Sections were dull and inactive with little business. The only activity is to be found in Tata Steel shares, where speculative business is largely done.

In view of the recent rise and covering, the market seems to be somewhat overbought and now needs constant support, without which prices are likely to sag further.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened to-day at Rs. 1,700 and steadily declined to Rs. 1,645 in one hour's session owing to monthly settlement. The market will remain open for one hour on Friday and Badla business will continue from 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

The Bombay Stock Exchange has issued a notice requiring members to register all business done on the floor of the Exchange in the Official Soda Blocks, which the Association has prepared and will be available at the price of annas four only for 100 pages. Two kinds of Blocks will be available, one for members and the other for authorised clerks. No business, other than entered in these blocks, will be considered valid. It is also said that those who will evade this rule will be suspended from membership.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY: May 27.

	Rs. as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	296 4
250 Bom Dyeing (Rs. 25)	888 12
100 CENTURY	181-4
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4) XD	267 8
100 Coorla (Rs. 5)	172 8
100 Cooria	107 8
250 David	75 0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	375 0
I. E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-8-0
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	137 8
100 GOKAK (Rs. 2-8)	191 4
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1725 0
100 Indore	51 4
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	82 8
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	305 0
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	570 0
250 Madras United	11 0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	1,100 0
250 Model	56 4
50 MYSORE (Rs. 3)	118 12
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	235 0
100 Osmanshahi (Re. 1)	51 0
100 Phoenix (10)	312 8
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	77 8
1000 Sholapur (Rs 50)	2,300 0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 1-2)	88 2
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 4)	296 4
100 Swan (nil)	103 12
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1300 0
1000 Western (Rs. 40.)	805 0
BANKS.	
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	110 0
25-500 Central (As. 12)	34 0
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1527 8
125-500 I. Conty (Rs. 7-8)	373 2
50-100 Indian (Rs. 2-8)	138 8
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 2-8)	129 8
6 Union (As. 4)	5 10
CEMENTS	
100 Associated	158 12
10 BUNDI (As. 10)	39 0
100 Coimbatore (Rs. 10)	221 4
70 Gwalior (Rs. 4)	133 12
60 INDIAN (Rs. 24)	496 4
40 Katni Def (Rs. 83-8-0)	2322 8
100 KATNI ORD. (Rs. 10)	377 8
75 Okha (Rs. 12)	296 12
10 PUNJAB (As. 12)	28-4
100 SHAHABAD (Rs. 15)	490 0
70 United (Rs. 5)	165 0
INSURANCE	
80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	1035 0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	15 0
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43 2
20 Mercantile	58 0
200 Oriental (125)	5500 0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7 10
ELECTRIC	
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	170 0
1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 45)	1660 0
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13 8
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	151 9
100 Bom Suburban (Rs. 6)	190 0
10 Broach	14 4
100 Karachi (4)	287 8
100 Poona (4)	285 0
100 Surat (Rs 6)	308 12
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	178 7
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 40)	1427 8
RAILWAYS	
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	910 0
100 C. Province	96 0
100 Dhond Baramati	103 0
100 Gujarat	93 8
100 Mandra Bhon	97 8
100 Pachora Jamner	97 8
100 Sara Sirajgunje	101 0
500 Tapti Valley	766 4
MININGS.	
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 8).	63 8
30 TATA STEEL DEF. (Rs. 7-8)	1645 0
75 TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 6)	355 0
MISCELLANEOUS	
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5) XD	312 8
50 B. SUGAR (Rs. 7)	162 8
200 B'bay Safe Dep (Rs. 40)	900 0
250 BOM. STEAM (Rs. 13-12)	291 4
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-8)	712 12
50 Do. Conty. (Rs. 6)	235 10
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	8-2-6
50 B TELEPHONE. (Re. 1-8)	116 0
9 Burma Corp (As. 8)	11 8
2sh. Indian Copper	3 5
10 Indian I. and Steel XD	44 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, May 27

Century (181/4) 181 182 181

Bombay Dyeing (892/8) 895 892 896 890 883/12

Kohinoor (305/10) 30/ 305 306 305

Central India (267/8) 268 268 267

New Great (231/4) 231 235

Simplex (88/12) 89

Swadeshi (241/4) 240 236

Bundi (38/8) 38/4 39

I Cement (501/4) 500 501 496

Punjab (28/4) 28/4

Shahabad (487/8) 485 487 485 491 490

Andhra (1655) 1660

Tata Hydro (178/2) 178

Tata Power (1433/12) 1432 1455 1430 1427

Tram Ord (151/4) 151/8

T Steel Defd (1685) 1700 1685 1688 1647 1650 1645

T Steel Ord (360) 361 357 361 355

Tata Steel 2nd pref (177/8) 177 177/8

Bellapur (163/12) 162

B Steam (276/4) 277 271

B Burma (720) 721 718 721 716 713 712

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, May 26

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Amr Gas and Electric	32
Ame Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	49
Ame Power and Light Pfd 6 per cent	59 1/2
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	67
Electric Bond Common	17
United Power and Light	6
Int Tel and Tel	11
American Tel and Tel	167
Western Union Telg	57 1/2
Erie Railway	18
Great North Pfd Railway	54
New York Central Railway	45 3/4
Pennsylvania Railway	42
Southern Pacific Railway	54
Union Pacific Railway	139
Bethelehem Steel	86
Republican Steel	35 1/2
United States Steel	98 3/4
Amr Car Foundry	55
Amaconda Copper Mining	54 3/4
Int Nickel of Canada	60 1/2
Thompson Products	23
Chrysler	112
Ford Motors of Canada A	23
General Motors	58
Sperry Corporation	19
Barnsdall Oil	38 1/4
Consolidated Oil	15
Socony	19
Chase Bank	52 1/2
National City Bank	46 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	450
Crucible Steel	61
Amerex	27 1/2
National Steel	86
United Gas Corp	19

Market very dull, slightly easier; no especial feature. Turnover 500,000 shares. International Silver Co. 7 per cent Cum Pfd has declared a dividend of dol 2 per share ex dividend on 14th June.

100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	132	8	
50 I. Invest. Trust (Rs. 2)	49	0	
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	610	0	
100 I. Radio Jrd. (15)	930	0	
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	615	0	
15 Scindia (Re. 1)	26	12	
30 PREMIER CON.	91	12	
25 Tata Oil (nil)	26	0	
PREFERENCE			
7 p.c Andhra Valley	1510	0	
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	300	0	
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (TF)	83	0	
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	530	0	
7 p.c. Katni 1st	136	4	
7 p.c Katni 2nd (T.F.)	146	4	
7 1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	14	0	
6-1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st	104	8	
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	99	0	
7 p.c Tata Hydro	130	0	
7½ p.c. Tata Power	1515	0	
6 p.c Tata Steel 1st	200	0	
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	177	8	
7 p.c Vishnu	662	8	
DEBENTURES.			
6-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101	8	
6 p.c Andhra Valley	110	0	
4 p.c. Bom Telephone	81	12	
7 p.c. Sholapur	81	4	
6 p.c Tata Hydro	110	0	

(Last Dividend in brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward List.)

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REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MAY 28, 1937

JUPITER GENERAL
will gladly supply full particulars about life insurance for mere asking. J10

Calcutta's Drive Against Bombay

Universities Quarrel Over Recognition Of Degrees

CALCUTTA: May 26.

The Syndicate of the Calcutta University, it is reliably understood, has recommended that the Senate resolve that the privileges extended to students of the Bombay University for admission to any examination in Calcutta as non-collegiate students should be withdrawn, that no undergraduate of Bombay should be considered eligible to join the B. Com. course at the Calcutta University, and that students, who have passed their B. Com. examination at Bombay University, should not be allowed to join either the Law or M. A. (Commerce) course at Calcutta University.

This view is understood to have been taken owing to the unwillingness of the Bombay University to recognise the equivalent degrees of the Calcutta University.

It was further recommended that the Bombay University be informed that the matter will be reconsidered if the said courses are recognised.—A. P.

Muslims Support Congress Candidate

LAHORE, May 27.

Muslim masses supporting the Congress candidate, Mian Abdul Aziz in the Central Assembly bye-election, a number of pro-Congress Muslim leaders from other provinces have arrived in Lahore or have signified their intention to visit Punjab very shortly.

Hooliganism was rampant last night at a meeting held under the auspices of the Congress to enable two such leaders to speak.

A number of skirmishes of a minor nature occurred. Blows and fisticuffs were freely exchanged and heads were broken.

Quiet was finally restored as a result of Red Shirt volunteers appealing to the turbulents with folded hands. Ahmed Hussain, the Red Shirt Leader, Ghazi Abdul Rehman, Ahrar Leader and Prof. Abdul Bari from Patna later appealed to the audience which consisted of many thousands of Muslims to join the Congress, which is fighting for the freedom of India as a whole.—A. P.

Relief For Riot Victims

NEW DELHI: May 27.

The alleged demolition of about a hundred huts, a small temple and defacement of a large (sacred image) in the Nabikarim graveyard by mob consisting mostly of Moslems on May 23 and May 24 had a sequel to this morning's meeting of the Delhi Municipal Committee, when the question of affording relief to the victims was discussed.

About 200 of those who have been rendered homeless as a result of this alleged destruction of huts gathered in front of the hall where the Municipal meeting took place and from time to time demonstrated by shouting various slogans.

The meeting decided to earmark Rs. 5,000 for providing immediate relief to the sufferers and to request the local Government to appoint a committee, including two members of the Municipality to inquire into the incident.

The official version of the occurrence is that it did not arise from any communal disagreement, but was in fact the result of a long-standing feud between two sections of Muslims.

Though there was general agreement at the meeting that the incident had no communal basis, there was twice a subdued outburst of communal feeling. Genuine sympathy with the victims was, however, shown by almost all members, and the discussions as a whole were conducted in a calm atmosphere, the efforts of a few members to introduce a communal angle to the affair meeting with scant support.—A. P.

TRAFFIC CONTROL IN BOMBAY

All vehicles proceeding from Crawford Market and Dhobitalao should go via Bhatia Bag to Hornby Road and Ballard Pier. Scene at the junction opposite Bazar Gate Police Chowky.

POLITICALS GET REMISSION OF PRISON TERMS

PATNA, May 27.

In commemoration of the visit of Mr. Yunus, the Bihar Premier, to the Buxar Central Jail the Government has been pleased to remit the unexpired period of sentences of Strughan Saran Singh, Jagdeo Lohar and Sahadeo Singh, who were convicted in 1933 in connection with the Gaya Conspiracy Case, the last named being interned under the Public Safety Act on his release from jail.—United Press.

RAJEN BABU FOR CHAPRA

PATNA: May 27.

Babu Rajendra Prasad accompanied by Messrs. Anugrahnarain Sinha and Mathuraprasad, left for Revelganj in Chapra this morning.

The party may attend the Congress workers' and political workers' conferences to-morrow at Chapra, whereafter Rajen Babu will proceed home to Zeradei to take complete rest.—United Press.

Sir Purshottamdas "Mum" On His Mission

Non-Official Delegation To Indo-British Trade Talks Sails

BOMBAY: Thursday.

"No interviews" called out Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Leader of the Non-official delegation to the Indo-British Trade Negotiations.

Standing on the deck of the "Conte Biancomono" the Italian liner which left Bombay to-day, with the mark of the "Kunkum" on his forehead, Sir Purshottamdas declined to say anything about his mission. He thought that any remarks of his might only prejudice the cause for which he was going.

Mr. Kastoorbhai Lalbhai and Mr. G. D. Birla, two other members of the delegation, who sailed by the same boat followed their leader in keeping mum. A large number of persons were present on board, to give the delegates a send off. Among them was Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy, another member of the delegation. He is leaving for London later on.

By the same boat sailed Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddiqui, an M.L.A. from Bengal. He is proceeding to Jerusalem and from thence by the land route to London. He has been delegated by the All-India Palestine Conference to represent the views of the Indian Muslims to the British Government on affairs in Palestine. He goes to Jerusalem first to acquaint himself with the latest developments there, before going to London.

The Government of India have assured the Muslims that an opportunity would be given to them to represent their views before the Royal Commission on Palestine. The Report of the Commission is expected to be signed on June 16. Mr. Siddiqui hopes to be in London before then.

"We only want justice to the Arabs. I am going to warn the British Government and tell of them of the harm that they will be causing by pursuing the present policy in Palestine" he said. Moulana Shaukat Ali was present to give a send off to Mr. Siddiqui.

Among the other persons who sailed by the boat were Sir Nowrosji Saklatwala and Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy. Dr. Roy is going to attend a number of conferences in Europe. He will attend the Tuberculosis Conference at Bristol and the Social Hygiene Conference at London. From there he proceeds to Moscow to attend the International Biological Conference as a representative of the Calcutta University.

Abolish Duty On Newsprint

All-India Journalists' Association Support Owners' Demand

The Executive Committee of the Journalists' Association of India has passed the following resolution and forwarded it to the Finance Member of the Government of India:—

"The Executive Committee of the Journalists' Association of India whole-heartedly support the newspaper proprietors' demand for the abolition of 'ad valorem' duty on reeled and first newsprint or alternatively for its substantial reduction and allowing the duty to be paid on f.o.b. and not on c.i.f. basis. There is no parallel for this duty in any other country. Even in ordinary times a duty like this amounts to a tax on knowledge and particularly so at a time when the cost of newsprints is soaring high."

"Puppets" In Militant Mood!

BUTCHERS GO BACK TO WORK

Commissioner Gives 8 Days For Stall-holders To Pay Up Dues

BOMBAY: Thursday.

The Mutton Dealers' Union has called off the strike which lasted for a week as a result of negotiations that took place last evening between the Municipal Commissioner and Mr. Currimbhoy Lalbhoy, President of the Union.

The Majlis-a-Amila which met at the Mahboob Manzil at Bandra last evening arrived at the decision taking into consideration the situation created following the decision of the Municipality not to proceed with the cases against some stall holders.

The decision was later ratified at a general meeting of the Union held in Bandra the same evening.

As a result of the strike, the Union did not gain anything except an assurance that the excess of licenses that would be paid under protest would be returned in case the Corporation and the Standing Committee view the matter favourably.

"Rift In Lute"

Obviously there is a rift in the lute in the Union High-Command, as it is stated that the sheep importers, who also have a large interest in the mutton business, did not take it seriously though they joined the strike. It is only the middle class small trader that has been at a loss on account of the strike.

The butchers would be resuming work to-day and Bombay will have meat on Friday.

Cases Against Stall-Holders Withdrawn

The cases filed by the Bombay Municipality against 71 meat stall-holders of Private markets for conducting their business without licences were withdrawn to-day with the permission of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court.

DUES TO BE PAID IN EIGHT DAYS

In view of the decision of the Mutton Dealers' Union to call off their strike, it is understood, eight days' time has been given to the stall-holders to pay up their dues by the Municipal Commissioner.

FRONTIER M.L.A. REFUSES ALLOWANCE

PESHAWAR: May 26.

Khan Mohamad Sarwarkhan, Pleader, who was elected as Deputy President of the Frontier Legislative Assembly, has written to the Frontier Government, refusing to accept the monthly allowance sanctioned for him by the Government with reference to the Legislature.

In a statement to the Press, Khan Mohamad states that he would have accepted a lesser allowance, if it had been voted by the Assembly. Under the present circumstances, he has decided not to accept the allowance. —United Press.

"PIONEER" & VICEROY

The "Associated Press" sends us the following corrected version of the "Pioneer's" comments on Mr. Asaf Ali's statement appearing on Page 12:

"We ourselves have heard from three separate and not ill-informed quarters in the last week that he (the Viceroy) is at loggerheads with the Secretary of State and is contemplating resignaton. Such an impression is not less genuine because it is founded upon an error and in our view it is highly desirable that it should be removed, for this is a land where rumours are easily started and gather strength as they go".—A. P.

Col. R. Schomberg, Consul-General for India in Pondicherry, handed over charge yesterday to Major C. C. L. Ryan, of the Political Department who was recently stationed at Bushire.

CATTLE CONFERENCE, A FARCE!

No Commitment By Provinces: Orissa Minister's Retort

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, May 26.

Unanimity was reached by an interesting process, at the conclusion of to-day's proceedings of the cattle conference. A resolution as finally adopted included a proviso mentioning the unanimous desire of ministers that the Government of India should contribute financial help but Sir Jagdish Prasad followed it up with a reminder to the conference that this proviso did not commit the Government of India

This immediately provoked a retort from Mr. Patnaik (Orissa Minister) that Provincial Governments also were not committed to the resolutions passed by the conference. Thus the conference ended after passing four pious resolutions, to which nobody stands committed.

One couldn't help feeling, after listening to the speeches of two days, that though the agenda of the conference raised several vital issues affecting the economic progress of the country and the Viceroy gave wise and helpful lead, the net result of the work of the conference was disappointing. The poor quality of the ministerical contribution was particularly noticeable though the ministers vied with each other in demanding funds from the centre. If the composition of the conference had been different with a large non-official representation, much more valuable work of greater possibilities attracting greater public interest, could have been turned out. In the meantime a good deal of interest has been aroused by pourparlers of the interim ministers who are continuing their conference at hotel Cecil tonight.

I may add seven of them had interviews with the Viceroy this morning.

Out To Fight Congress & Socialism

SIMLA, May 27.

At the instance of the Raja of Kotra, the Revenue Minister of the U. P. Provincial Ministers attending the Cattle Conference met to-day to exchange views on the various problems facing them at present.

The Ministers in the six provinces with minority Governments incidentally took the opportunity to discuss the position they should adopt to meet "the challenge of the Congress". One suggestion was that an all-India political party should be organised with the definite aim of combating socialism in the country.

The Ministers present are understood to have agreed to consult their respective Cabinets and elicit the opinion of public men of their provinces before convening the inaugural meeting of the Party.—A.P.

INTERIM MINISTERS TO FACE LEGISLATURE

SIMLA, May 27

The consensus of opinion of the minority Ministers gathered at Simla for Cattle Conference appears to be that they should present the budget at the commencement of the session of their respective legislatures. It was felt that the country would have ample time to judge the programme of the minority Ministries as it would be before them for some months. It would be on the basis of that programme that the budget proposals would be formulated. If, in spite of it, the budget were thrown out, the responsibility for the action would lie with the legislatures; particularly since the Government of India Act does not provide for the re-submission of the budget to the legislature.

A necessary corolary of the budget being thrown out was that some part of the Constitution would have to be suspended. The opposition would have to decide what method to adopt if they were to accept office with an unimpaired constitution, and that method would have to be other than by throwing out the budget.

It appears, however, that no final decision in regard to the procedure to be adopted by the minority ministers has yet been reached.

The Raja Sahib of Kotra entertained all the provincial Ministers to dinner last night.—A.P.

COORDINATION OF GRASS AND FODDER RESEARCH

Simla Cattle Conference Appoints Special Committees

SIMLA, May 26.

The following further resolutions were passed at the Simla Cattle Conference:—

With a view to securing systematic and progressive improvement in grazing and grass land areas and the conversion of waste land into useful grazing wherever that is possible on an economic basis the Conference recommends:

(1) That in all provinces Standing Fodder and Grazing Committees should be established on the lines recommended by the Board of Agriculture and Animal Husbandry in India.

(2) That a Central Committee to co-ordinate grass and fodder research and the dissemination of information should be set up by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research.

Whilst recognising that conditions vary greatly in different provinces and localities, the Conference is agreed upon the following general conclusions:—

(a) The report of the Special Committee on forest grazing shows that, contrary to the popular belief, this is not only a reserved forest problem but even more the problem of waste lands.

(b) That great improvement in the existing grass lands is possible by controlling the periods during which individual areas are open to grazing and by limiting the number and species admitted. Without such control, deterioration is progressive and frequently very poor livestock are found where grazing is unrestricted.

(c) That good grazing is essential for the production of hardy young stock, especially draught breeds, and is therefore of definite importance in all definite livestock breeding areas.

(d) That, as has already been shown by experiment, under control several types of waste land can be improved to yield an appreciable amount of grazing and hay.

(e) That there is scope for much useful experimental work in grassland improvement in many parts of India and that definite schemes of experimental work should be initiated by Provincial and Central Fodder and Grazing Committees and by the Forests Department in forest lands.—A.P.

SIMLA ASSEMBLY SESSION PROGRAMME.

SIMLA: May 27.

The Simla session of the Central Assembly commences on 23rd September. It has been provisionally settled the Assembly will hold 30 sittings, six of which will be devoted to the transaction of non-official business.

May 2, 9 and 16 have been allotted for non-official bills, while the 3rd, 10th, and 17th for non-official resolutions. The rest of the days from 23rd Sept. to 1st October exceptink Saturdays and Sundays, have been set apart for official business.

If the course of business so demands, more days may have to be allotted in October.—United Press.

"DESHA PRAN"

Rangoon Bengalis Honour Jawahar

RANGOON, (By Mail)

The Bengalee community in Rangoon presented an Address of of Welcome written in poetry in Bengalee language to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and handed over to him a purse of Rs. 1,000.

"Desha Pran" was the title given by the community to the Congress President who in the course of reply advised them to live in harmony with Burmans and to identify themselves with the national struggle of Burma. —A.P.

PROPHET'S DAY AT JAMBUSAR

(From A Correspondent.)

JAMBUSAR, (By Mail).

Prophet Day was enthusiastically celebrated on Sunday by local Muslims by organising a huge procession through the city, and a meeting under the presidentship of Mr. R. M. Malak, B.A., Mamlatdar Jambusar.

The French airmen Doret and Michelleti, who are on a flight to Tokio, have left Shanghai for Japan. They had five hours and a half in which to cover 1,100 miles in order to win the £3,000 prize for the first plane flying from Paris to Tokio in 100 hours.

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